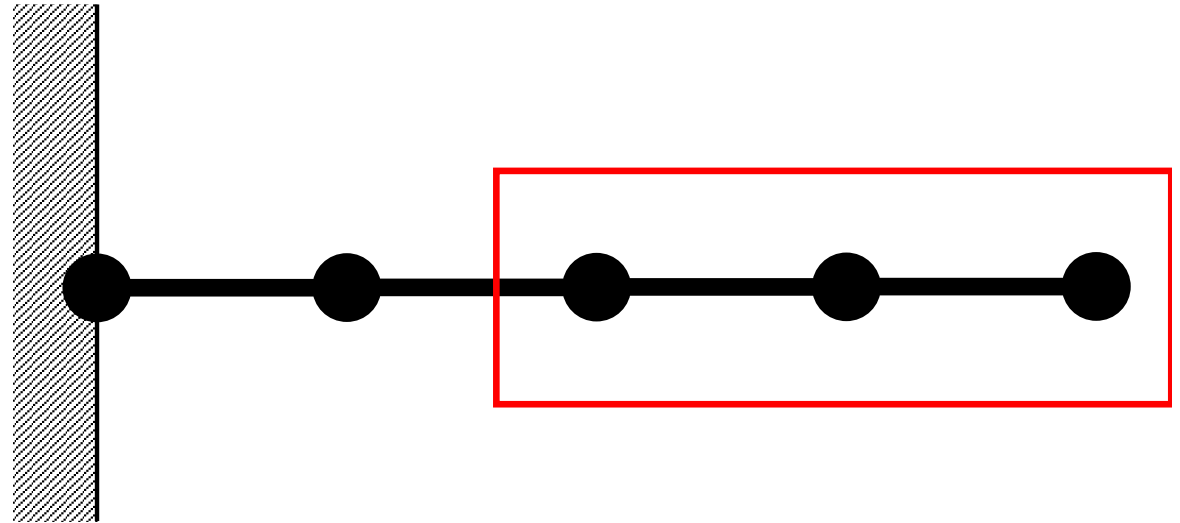


# 1D Quadratic Element (1/2)

## 一次元二次要素

- Length=  $L$
- (i,k): Both Ends
- (j): Intermediate Node
  - ✓ Mid-Point (中間節点)



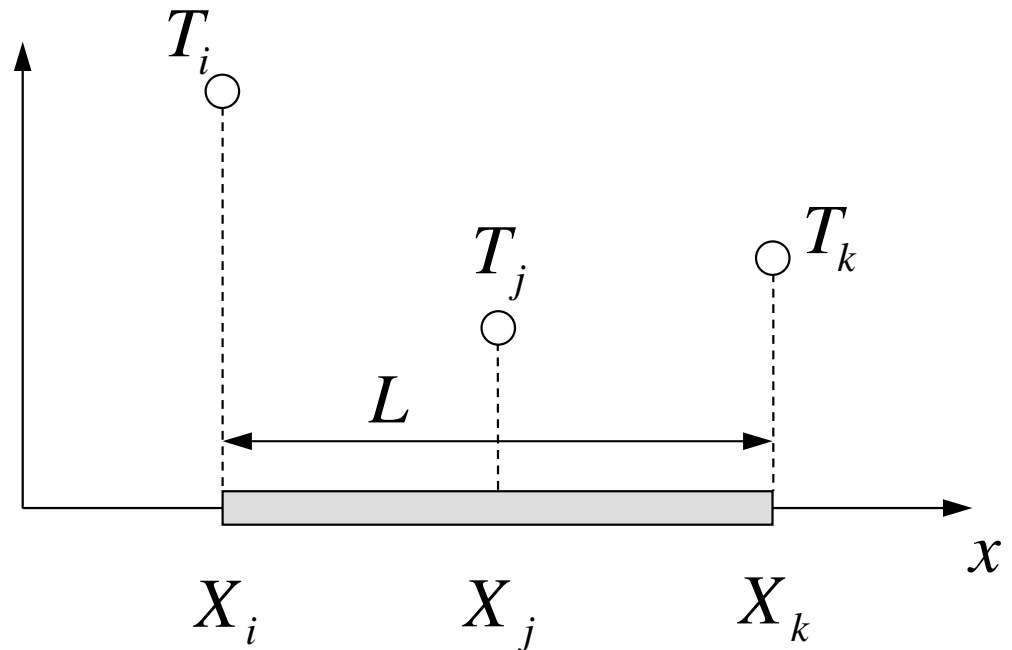
- Distribution of  $T$  in each element:

$$T = \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 x + \alpha_3 x^2$$

$$T_i = \alpha_1 + X_i \alpha_2 + X_i^2 \alpha_3$$

$$T_j = \alpha_1 + X_j \alpha_2 + X_j^2 \alpha_3$$

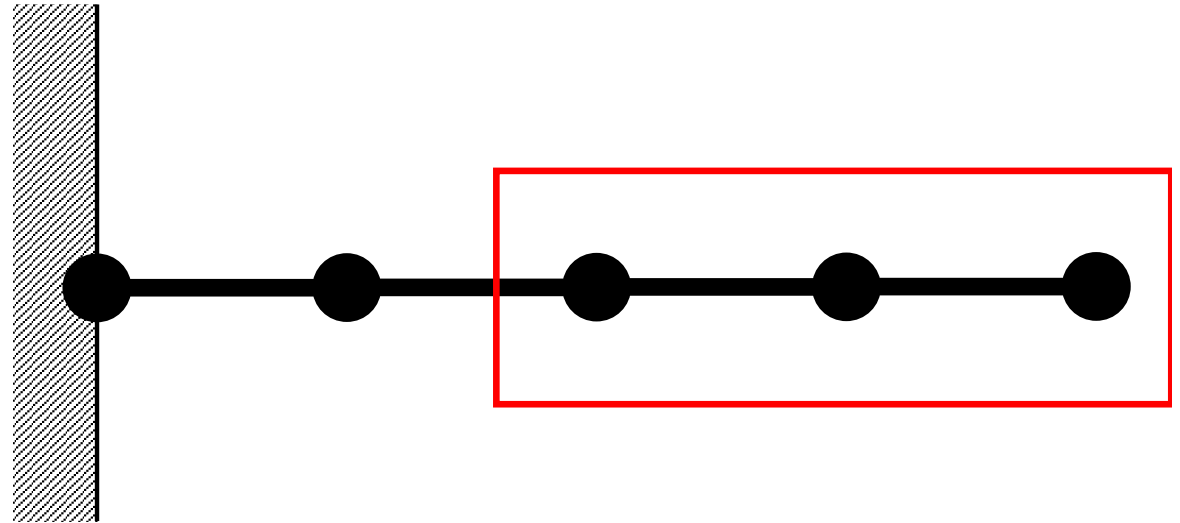
$$T_k = \alpha_1 + X_k \alpha_2 + X_k^2 \alpha_3$$



# 1D Quadratic Element (1/2)

## 一次元二次要素

- Length=  $L$
- (i,k): Both Ends
- (j): Intermediate Node  
✓ Mid-Point (中間節点)

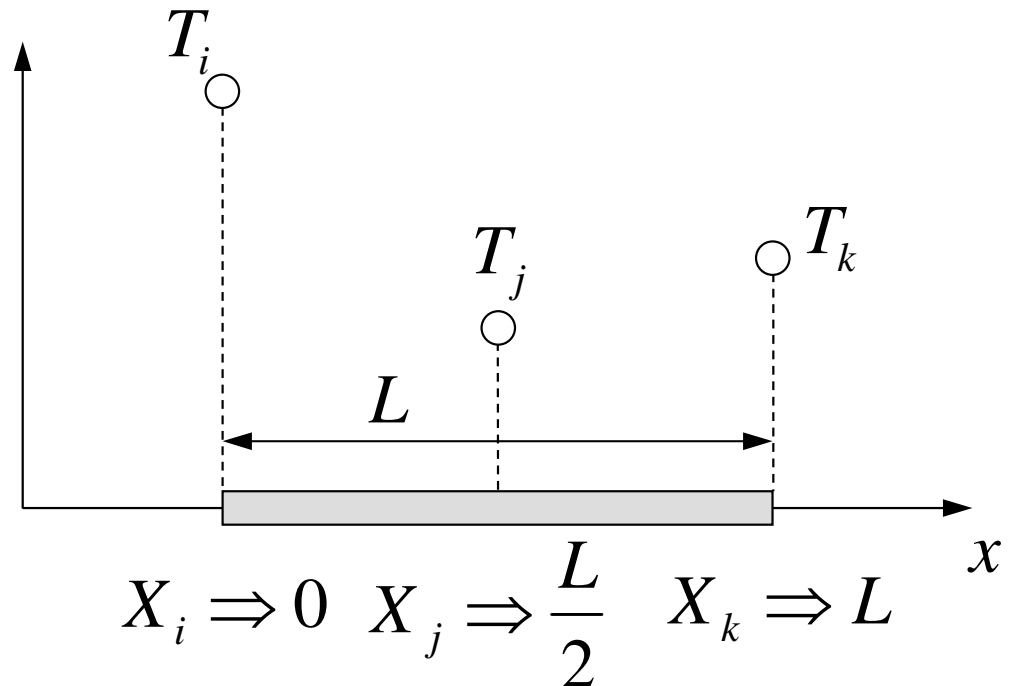


- Distribution of  $T$  in each element:

$$T = \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 x + \alpha_3 x^2$$

$$u_i = \alpha_1, \quad u_j = \alpha_1 + \frac{L}{2}\alpha_2 + \frac{L^2}{4}\alpha_3$$

$$u_k = \alpha_1 + L\alpha_2 + L^2\alpha_3$$



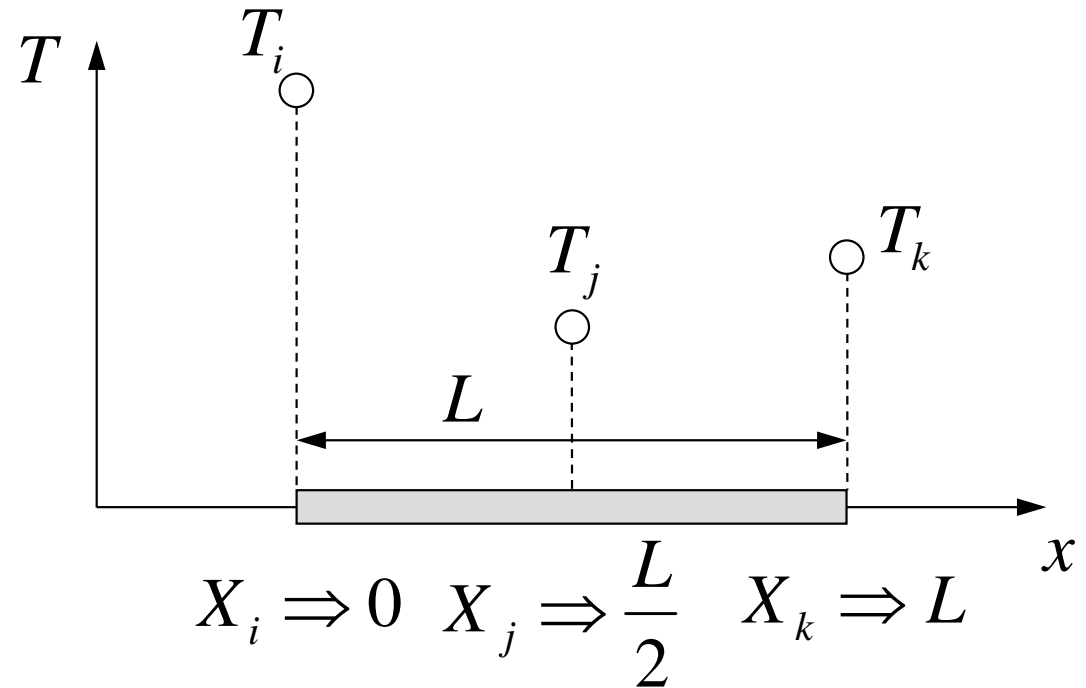
# 1D Quadratic Element (2/2)

## 一次元二次要素

- Coef's are calculated based on info. at each node:

$$\alpha_1 = T_i, \alpha_2 = \frac{4T_i - 3T_j - T_k}{L},$$

$$\alpha_3 = \frac{2}{L^2} (T_i - 2T_j + T_k)$$

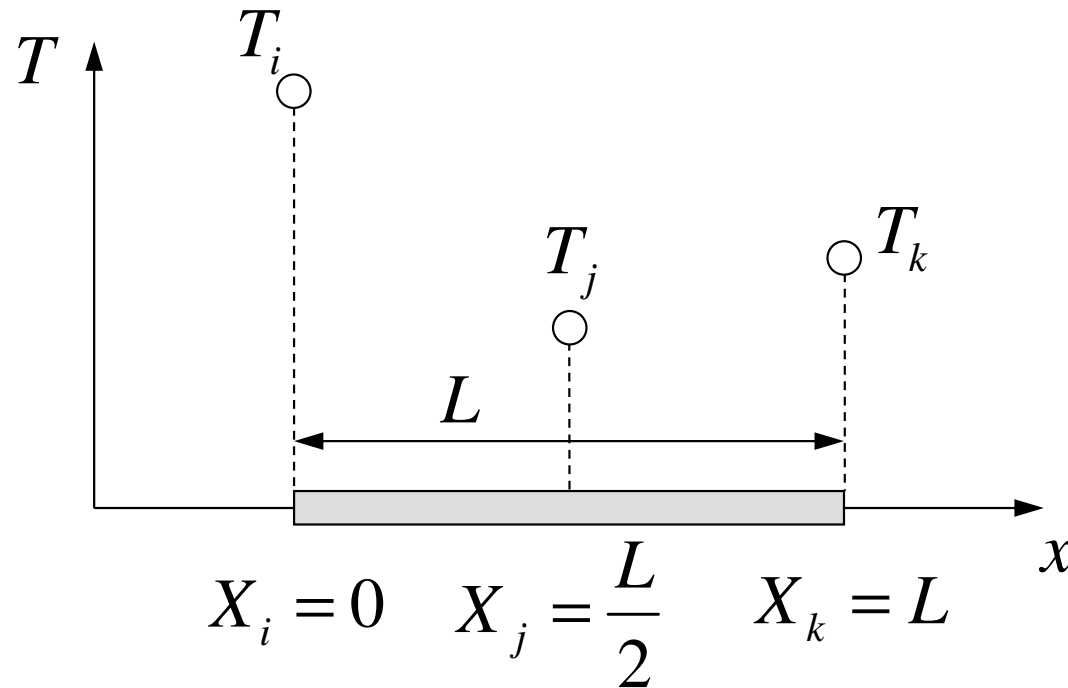


- Shape Functions:  $N_i$ ,  $N_j$ ,  $N_k$

$$\begin{aligned} T &= N_i T_i + N_j T_j + N_k T_k \\ &= \left(1 - \frac{2x}{L}\right) \left(1 - \frac{x}{L}\right) T_i + \left(\frac{4x}{L}\right) \left(1 - \frac{x}{L}\right) T_j + \left(-\frac{x}{L}\right) \left(1 - \frac{2x}{L}\right) T_k \end{aligned}$$

# 1D Quadratic Element

## 一次元二次要素



Intermediate Node  
Mid Point:  $j$

# Integration over Each Element: $[k]$ (1/2)

$$N_i = \left(1 - \frac{2x}{L}\right) \left(1 - \frac{x}{L}\right)$$

$$\frac{dN_i}{dx} = \left(\frac{4x}{L^2} - \frac{3}{L}\right)$$

$$N_j = \left(\frac{4x}{L}\right) \left(1 - \frac{x}{L}\right)$$

$$\frac{dN_j}{dx} = \left(\frac{4}{L} - \frac{8x}{L^2}\right)$$

$$N_k = \left(-\frac{x}{L}\right) \left(1 - \frac{2x}{L}\right)$$

$$\frac{dN_k}{dx} = \left(\frac{4x}{L^2} - \frac{1}{L}\right)$$


# Integration over Each Element: $[k]$ (2/2)

$$\int_V \lambda \left( \frac{d[N]^T}{dx} \frac{d[N]}{dx} \right) dV = \int_0^L \begin{bmatrix} dN_i / dx \\ dN_j / dx \\ dN_k / dx \end{bmatrix} \lambda \left[ \frac{dN_i}{dx}, \frac{dN_j}{dx}, \frac{dN_k}{dx} \right] A dx$$

$$= \lambda A \int_0^L \begin{bmatrix} \frac{dN_i}{dx} \frac{dN_i}{dx} & \frac{dN_i}{dx} \frac{dN_j}{dx} & \frac{dN_i}{dx} \frac{dN_k}{dx} \\ \frac{dN_j}{dx} \frac{dN_i}{dx} & \frac{dN_j}{dx} \frac{dN_j}{dx} & \frac{dN_j}{dx} \frac{dN_k}{dx} \\ \frac{dN_k}{dx} \frac{dN_i}{dx} & \frac{dN_k}{dx} \frac{dN_j}{dx} & \frac{dN_k}{dx} \frac{dN_k}{dx} \end{bmatrix} dx = \frac{\lambda A}{6L} \begin{bmatrix} +14 & -16 & +2 \\ -16 & +32 & -16 \\ +2 & -16 & +14 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Integration over Each Element: $\{f\}$

$$\int_V \dot{Q} [N]^T dV = \dot{Q} A \int_0^L \begin{bmatrix} N_i \\ N_j \\ N_k \end{bmatrix} dx = \dot{Q} A \int_0^L \begin{bmatrix} 1 - \frac{3x}{L} + \frac{2x^2}{L^2} \\ \frac{4x}{L} - \frac{4x^2}{L^2} \\ -\frac{x}{L} + \frac{2x^2}{L^2} \end{bmatrix} dx = \frac{\dot{Q} A L}{6} \begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$1 : 4 : 1$   


# The Ratio was 1:1 in Linear Element

$$N_i = \left( \frac{X_j - x}{L} \right), \quad N_j = \left( \frac{x - X_i}{L} \right) \quad \frac{dN_i}{dx} = \left( \frac{-1}{L} \right), \quad \frac{dN_j}{dx} = \left( \frac{1}{L} \right)$$

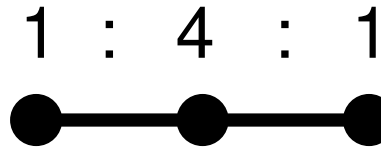
$$\int_V \dot{Q} [N]^T dV = \dot{Q} A \int_0^L \begin{bmatrix} 1 - x/L \\ x/L \end{bmatrix} dx = \frac{\dot{Q} A L}{2} \begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{Bmatrix}$$





# Integration over Each Element: $\{f\}$

$$\int_V \dot{Q} [N]^T dV = \dot{Q} A \int_0^L \begin{bmatrix} N_i \\ N_j \\ N_k \end{bmatrix} dx = \dot{Q} A \int_0^L \begin{bmatrix} 1 - \frac{3x}{L} + \frac{2x^2}{L^2} \\ \frac{4x}{L} - \frac{4x^2}{L^2} \\ -\frac{x}{L} + \frac{2x^2}{L^2} \end{bmatrix} dx = \frac{\dot{Q} A L}{6} \begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{Bmatrix}$$



Volume  
Heat Flux

$$\int_S \bar{q} [N]^T dS = \bar{q} A \Big|_{x=L} = \bar{q} A \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{Bmatrix}$$

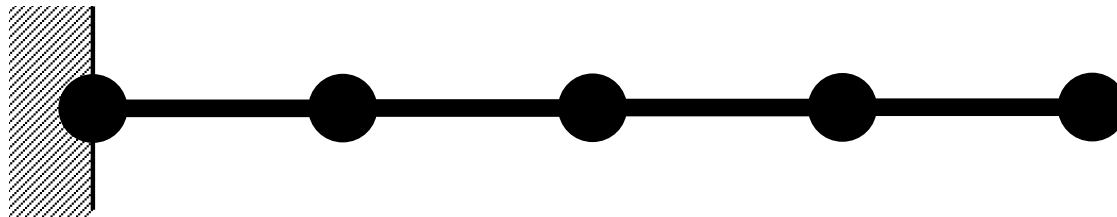
Surface  
Heat Flux

# Element Eqn's/Accumulation

## 1D Linear Element

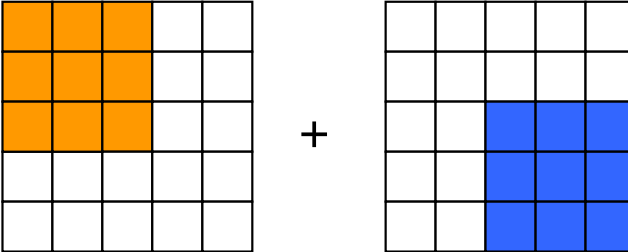
$$[K] = \sum_{i=1}^4 [k^{(i)}] =$$

$$\{F\} = \sum_{i=1}^4 \{f^{(i)}\} =$$



# Element Eqn's/Accumulation

## 1D Quadratic Element, 2 Elements

$$[K] = \sum_{i=1}^2 [k^{(i)}] =$$


$$\{F\} = \sum_{i=1}^4 \{f^{(i)}\} =$$
