

Introduction to Programming by MPI for Parallel FEM Report S1 & S2 in C (2/2)

Kengo Nakajima
Information Technology Center
The University of Tokyo

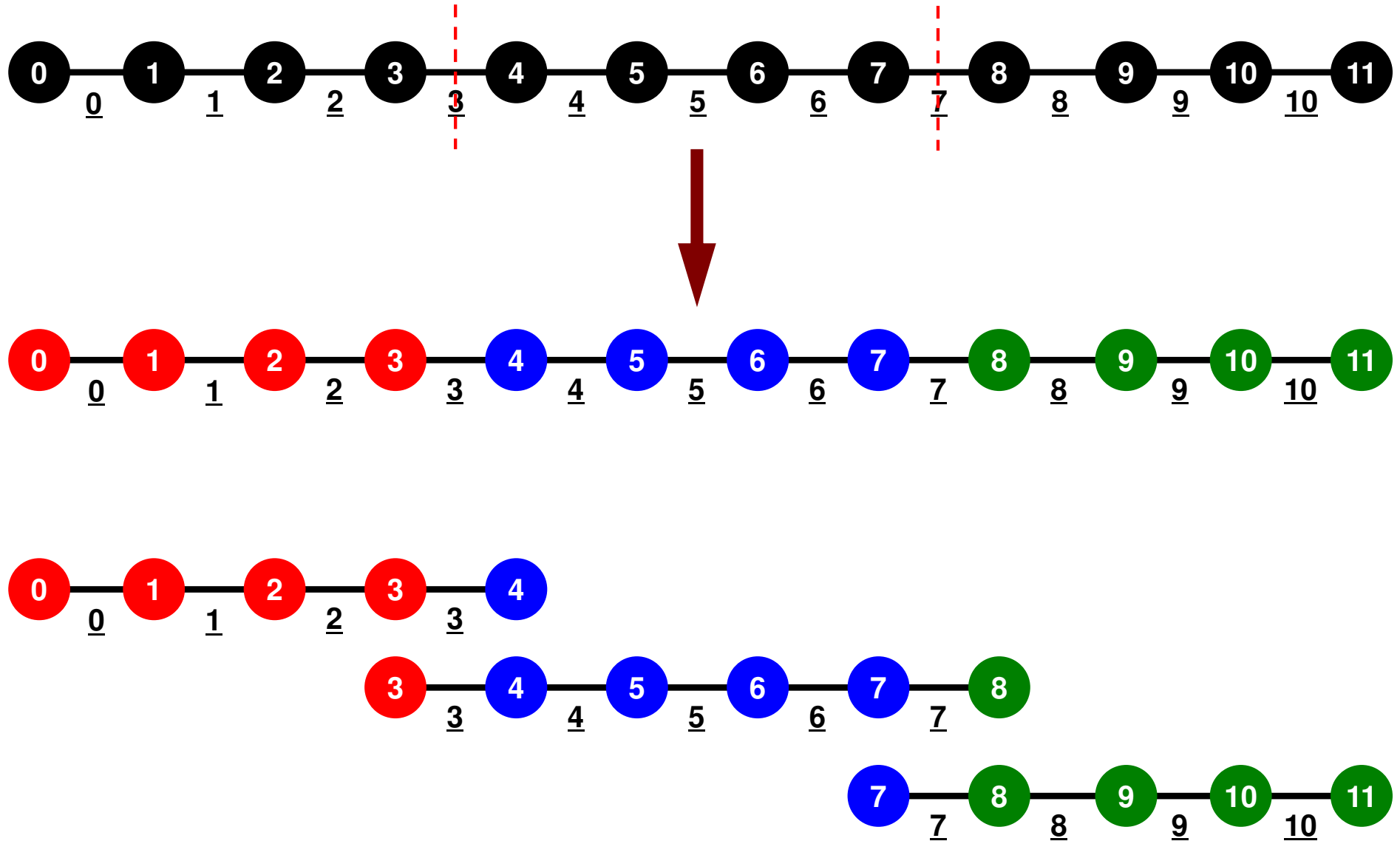
- What is MPI ?
- Your First MPI Program: Hello World
- Collective Communication
- **Point-to-Point Communication**

Point-to-Point Communication

1対1通信

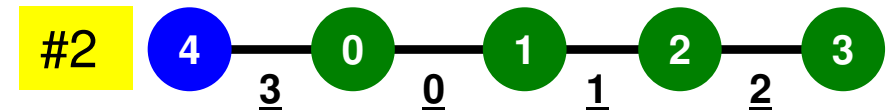
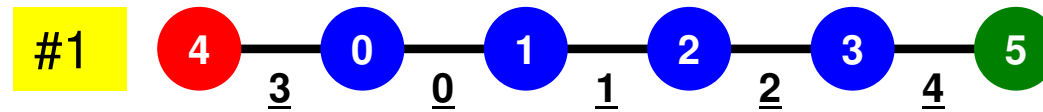
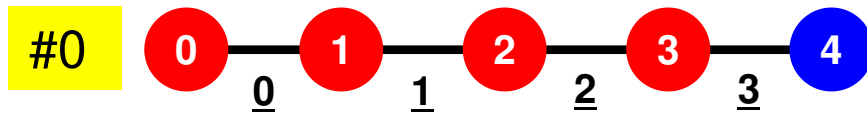
- What is PtoP Communication ?
- 2D Problem, Generalized Communication Table
- Report S2

1D FEM: 12 nodes/11 elem's/3 domains



1D FEM: 12 nodes/11 elem's/3 domains

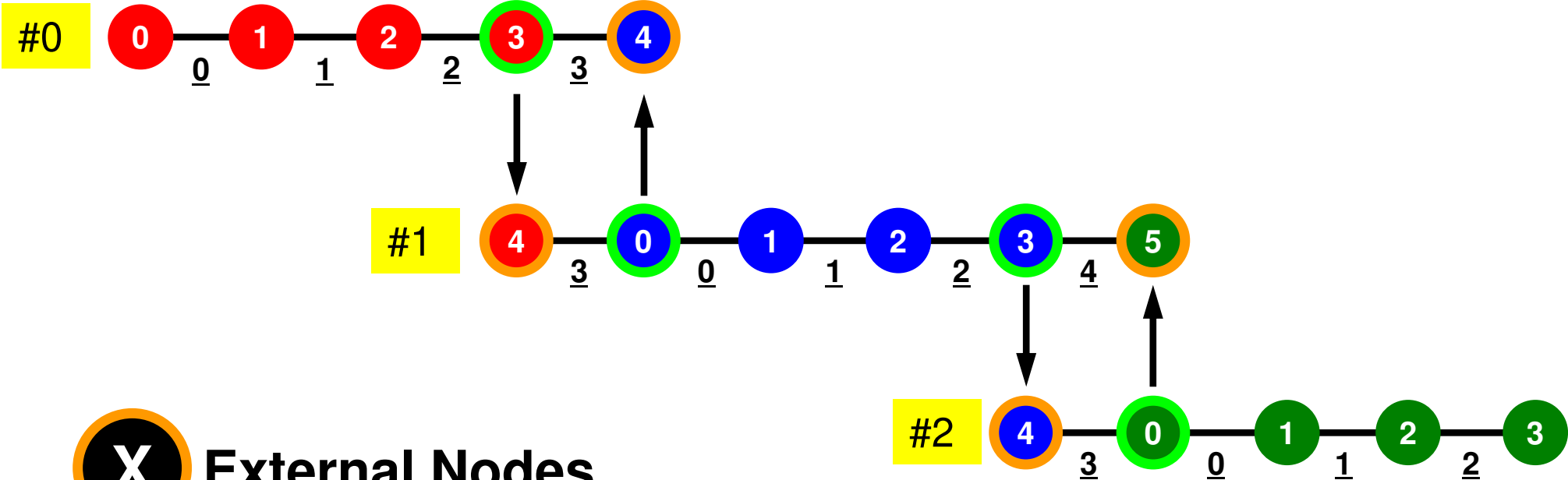
Local ID: Starting from 0 for node and elem at each domain



1D FEM: 12 nodes/11 elem's/3 domains

Internal/External/Boundary Nodes

Boundary Nodes: Part of Internal Nodes, and External Nodes of Other Domains



- X** External Nodes
- Y** Boundary Nodes

Preconditioned Conjugate Gradient Method (CG)

```

Compute  $\mathbf{r}^{(0)} = \mathbf{b} - [\mathbf{A}]\mathbf{x}^{(0)}$ 
for i = 1, 2, ...
    solve  $[\mathbf{M}]\mathbf{z}^{(i-1)} = \mathbf{r}^{(i-1)}$ 
     $\rho_{i-1} = \mathbf{r}^{(i-1)} \cdot \mathbf{z}^{(i-1)}$ 
    if i = 1
         $\mathbf{p}^{(1)} = \mathbf{z}^{(0)}$ 
    else
         $\beta_{i-1} = \rho_{i-1} / \rho_{i-2}$ 
         $\mathbf{p}^{(i)} = \mathbf{z}^{(i-1)} + \beta_{i-1} \mathbf{p}^{(i-1)}$ 
    endif
     $\mathbf{q}^{(i)} = [\mathbf{A}]\mathbf{p}^{(i)}$ 
     $\alpha_i = \rho_{i-1} / \mathbf{p}^{(i)} \cdot \mathbf{q}^{(i)}$ 
     $\mathbf{x}^{(i)} = \mathbf{x}^{(i-1)} + \alpha_i \mathbf{p}^{(i)}$ 
     $\mathbf{r}^{(i)} = \mathbf{r}^{(i-1)} - \alpha_i \mathbf{q}^{(i)}$ 
    check convergence  $|\mathbf{r}|$ 
end

```

Preconditioner:

Diagonal Scaling

Point-Jacobi Preconditioning

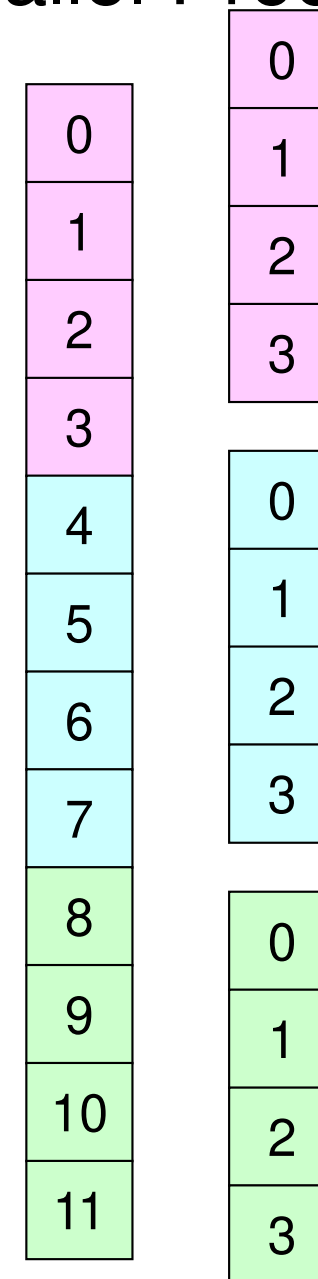
$$[\mathbf{M}] = \begin{bmatrix} D_1 & 0 & \dots & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & D_2 & & 0 & 0 \\ \dots & & \dots & & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & & D_{N-1} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & D_N \end{bmatrix}$$

Preconditioning, DAXPY

Local Operations by Only Internal Points: Parallel Processing is possible

```
/*
//-- {z}= [Minv]{r}
*/
    for (i=0; i<N; i++) {
        W[Z][i] = W[DD][i] * W[R][i];
    }
```

```
/*
//-- {x}= {x} + ALPHA*{p}      DAXPY: double a{x} plus {y}
// {r}= {r} - ALPHA*{q}
*/
    for (i=0; i<N; i++) {
        PHI[i] += Alpha * W[P][i];
        W[R][i] -= Alpha * W[Q][i];
    }
```

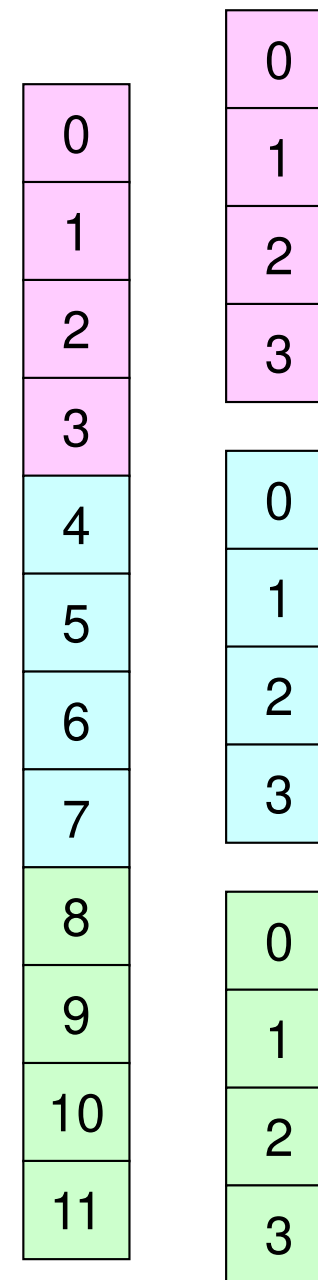


Dot Products

Global Summation needed: Communication ?

```
/*
//-- ALPHA= RHO / {p} {q}
*/
C1 = 0.0;
for (i=0; i<N; i++) {
    C1 += W[P][i] * W[Q][i];
}

Alpha = Rho / C1;
```



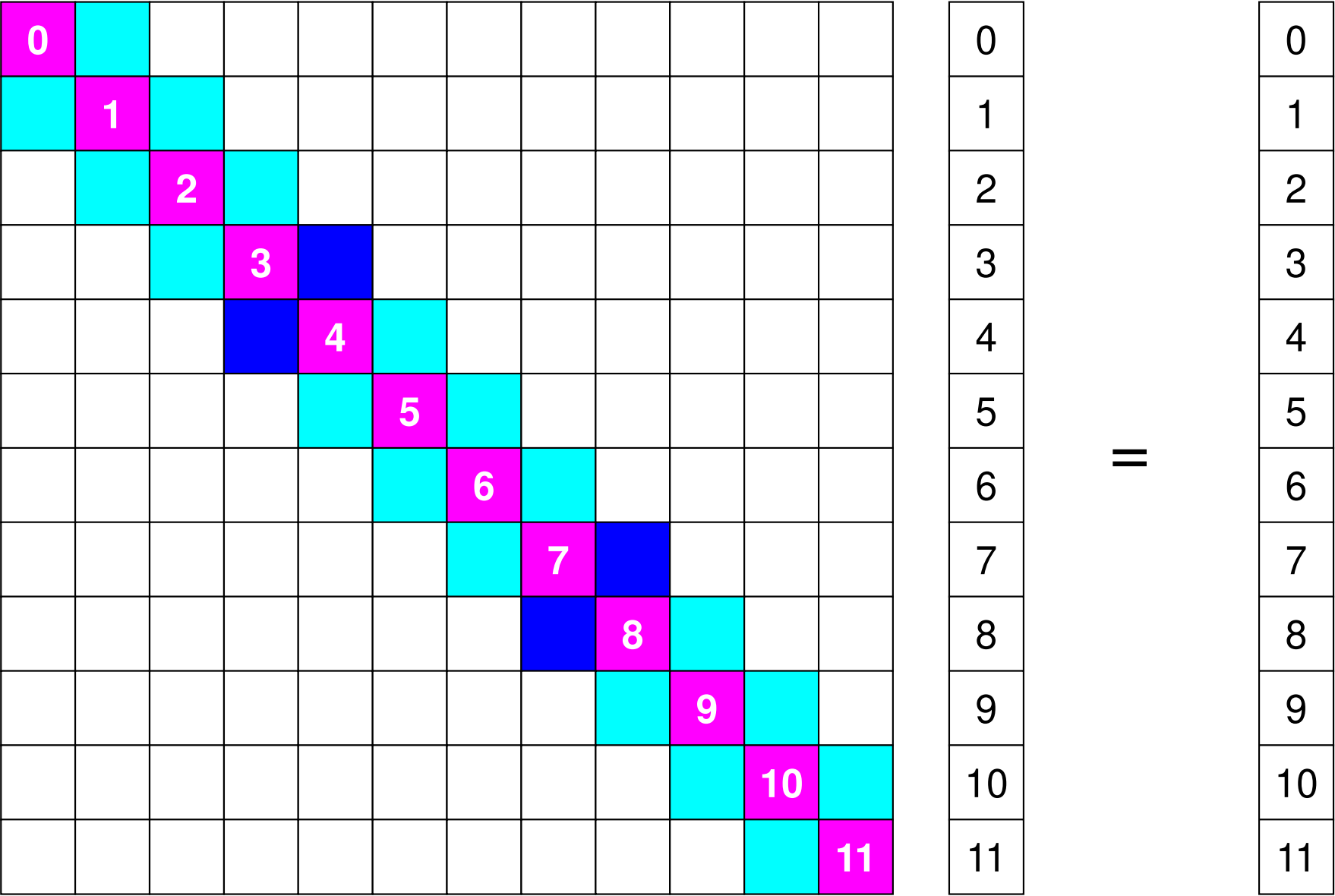
Matrix-Vector Products

Values at External Points: P-to-P Communication

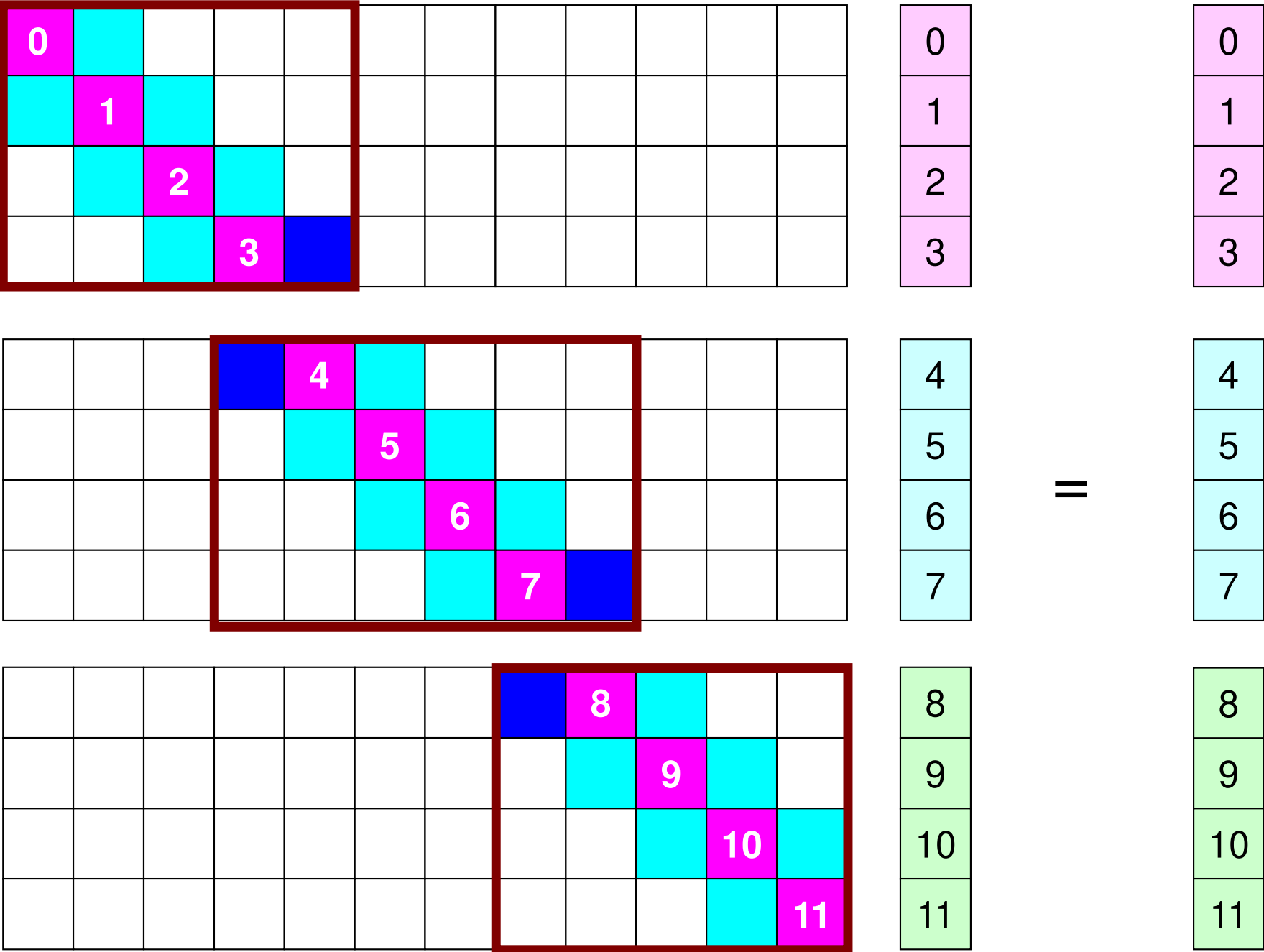
```
/*  
//-- {q} = [A] {p}  
*/  
for (i=0; i<N; i++) {  
    W[Q][i] = Diag[i] * W[P][i];  
    for (j=Index[i]; j<Index[i+1]; j++) {  
        W[Q][i] += AMat[j]*W[P][Item[j]];  
    }  
}
```



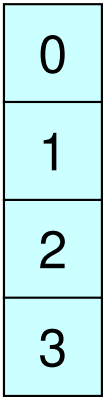
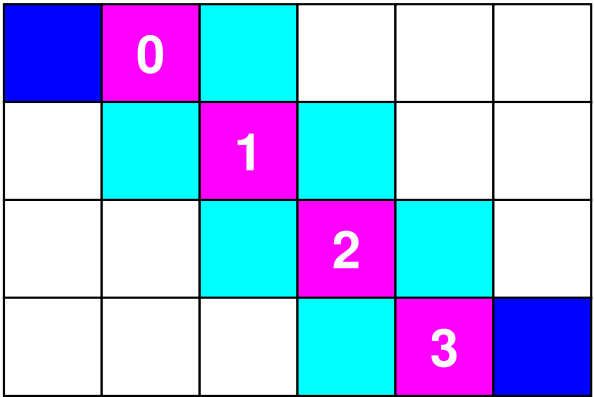
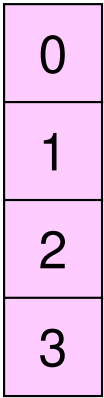
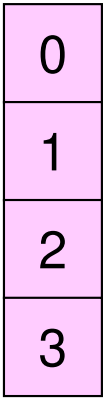
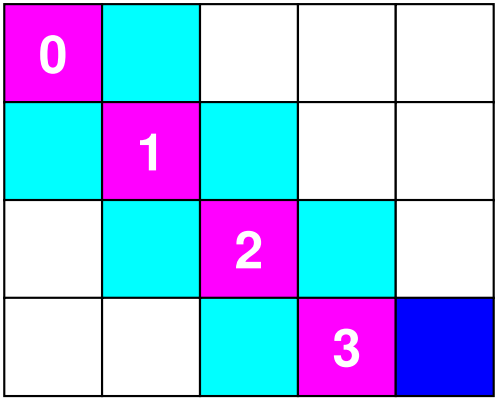
Mat-Vec Products: Local Op. Possible



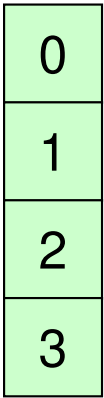
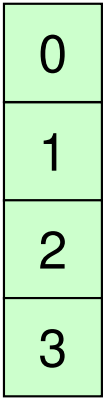
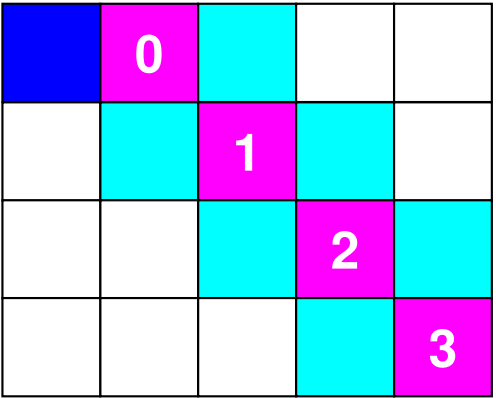
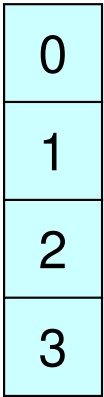
Mat-Vec Products: Local Op. Possible



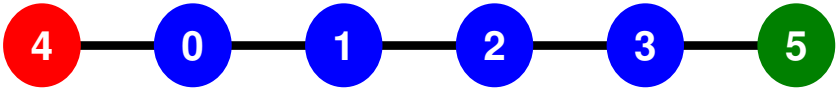
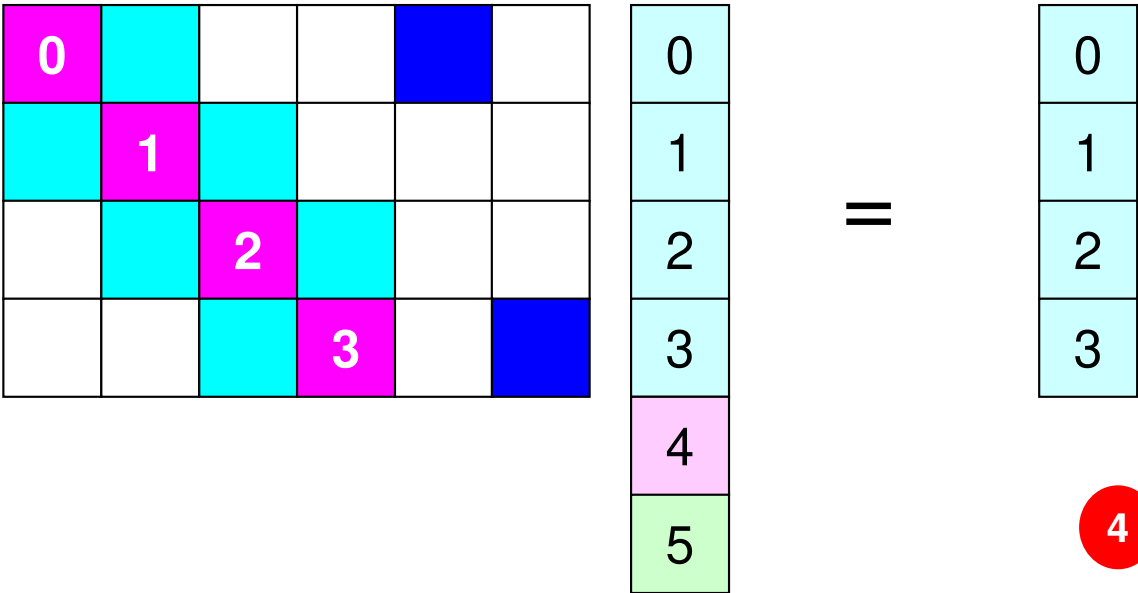
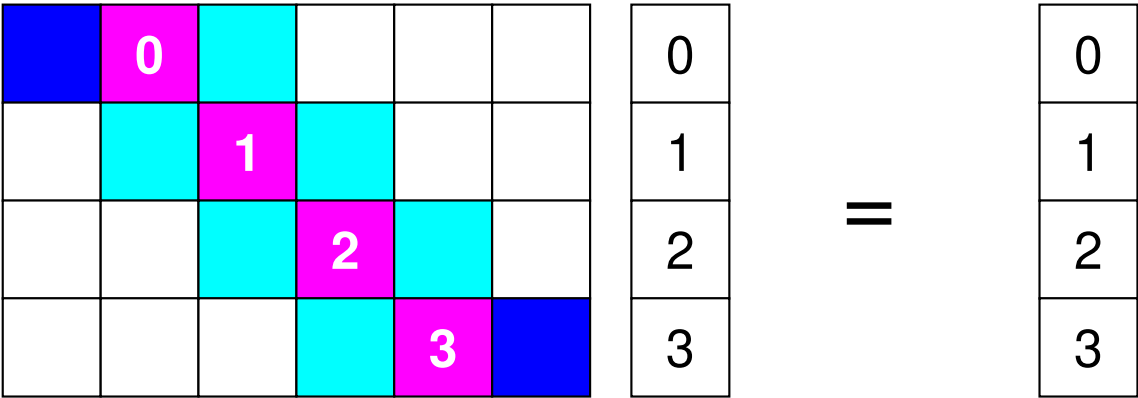
Mat-Vec Products: Local Op. Possible



=

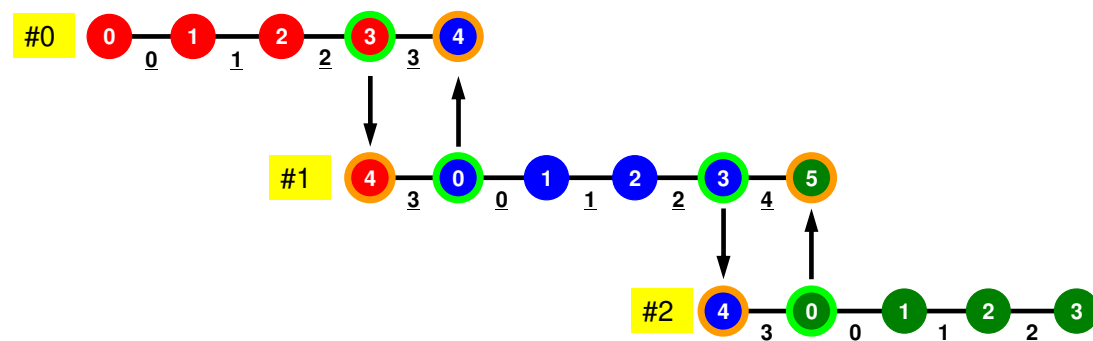


Mat-Vec Products: Local Op. #1



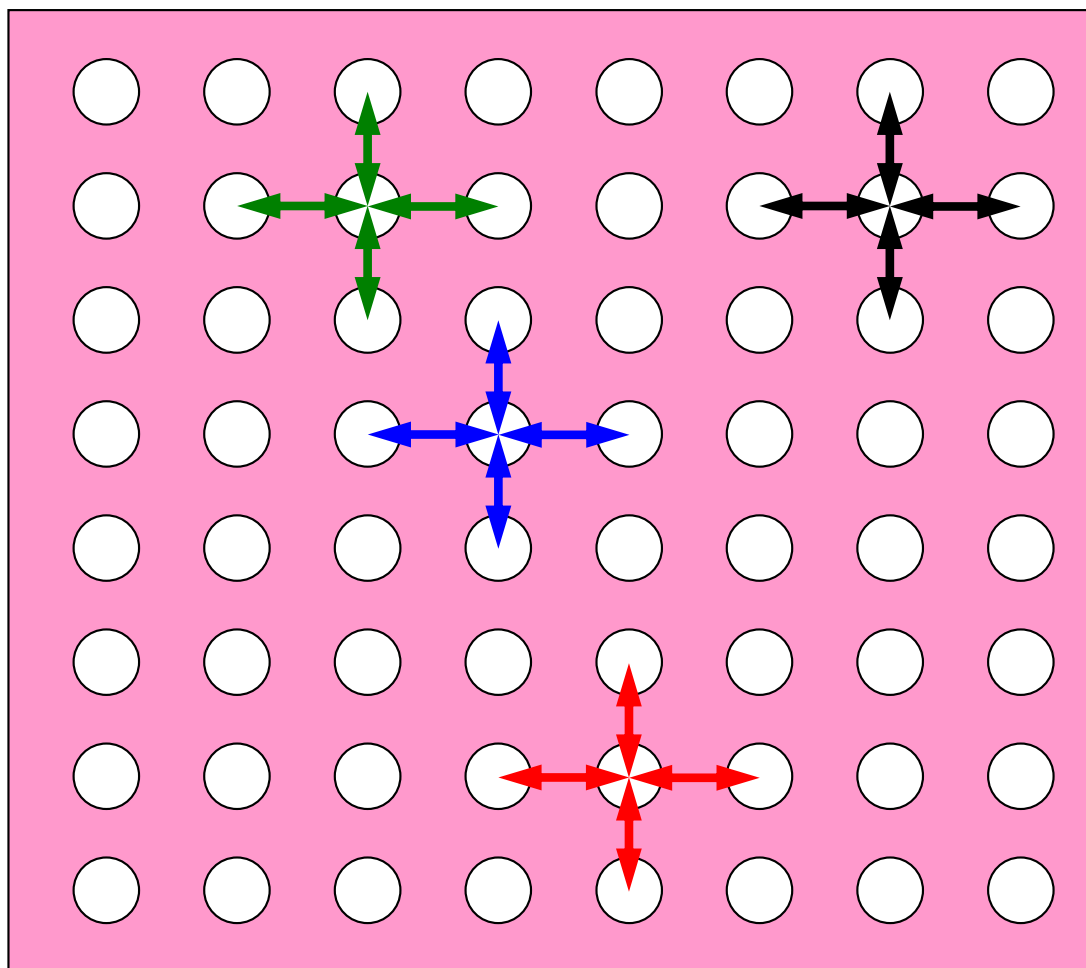
What is Point-to-Point Comm. ?

- Collective Communication
 - MPI_Reduce, MPI_Scatter/Gather etc.
 - Communications with all processes in the communicator
 - Application Area
 - BEM, Spectral Method, MD: global interactions are considered
 - Dot products, MAX/MIN: Global Summation & Comparison
- Point-to-Point
 - MPI_Send, MPI_Recv
 - Communication with limited processes
 - Neighbors
 - Application Area
 - FEM, FDM: Localized Method



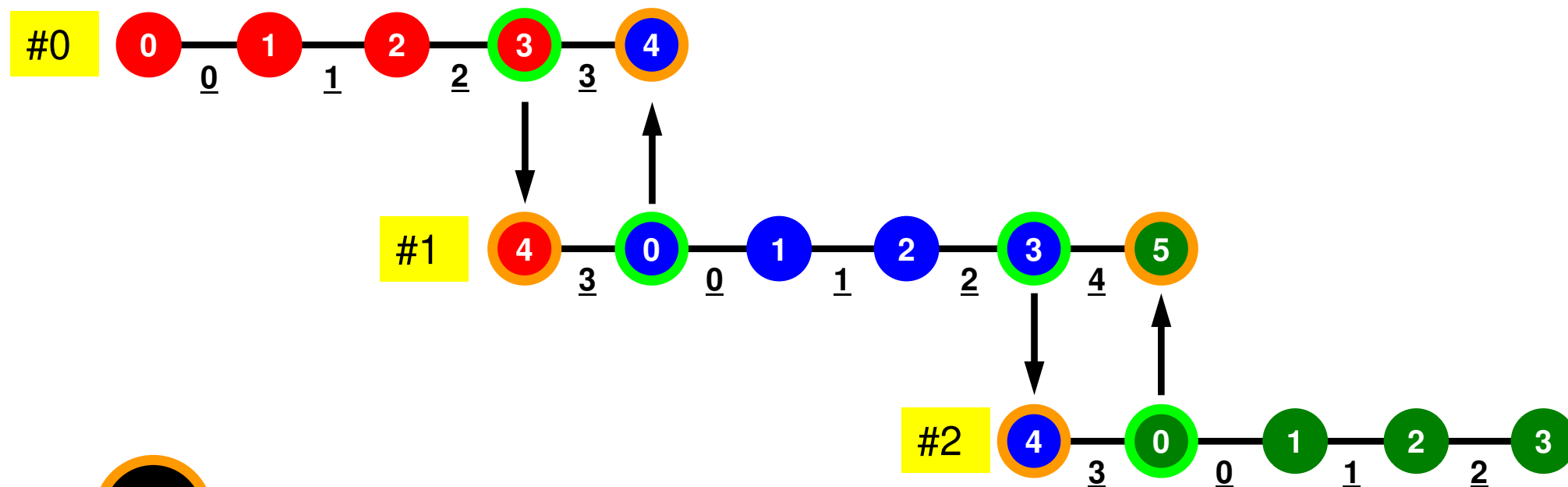
Collective/PtoP Communications

Interactions with only Neighboring Processes/Element
Finite Difference Method (FDM), Finite Element Method
(FEM)



When do we need PtoP comm.: 1D-FEM

Info in neighboring domains is required for FEM operations
Matrix assembling, Iterative Method



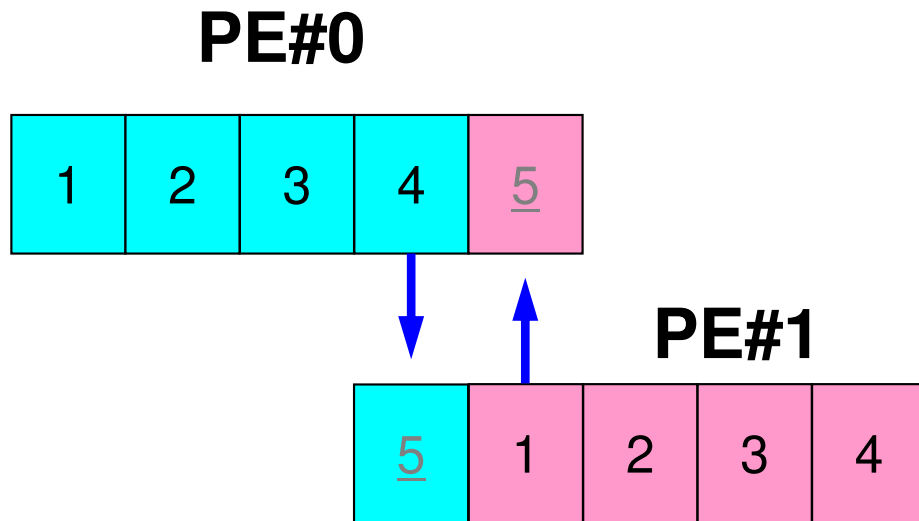
X External Nodes

Y Boundary Nodes

Method for P-to-P Comm.

- **MPI_Send, MPI_Recv**
- These are “blocking” functions.
 - “Dead lock” occurs for these “blocking” functions.
- A “blocking” MPI call means that the program execution will be suspended until the message buffer is safe to use.
- The MPI standards specify that a blocking SEND or RECV does not return until the send buffer is safe to reuse (for MPI_Send), or the receive buffer is ready to use (for MPI_Recv).
 - Blocking comm. confirms “secure” communication, but it is very inconvenient and impractical.
- Please just remember that “there are such functions”.

MPI_Send/MPI_Recv



```
if (my_rank.eq.0) NEIB_ID=1
if (my_rank.eq.1) NEIB_ID=0

...
call MPI_SEND (NEIB_ID, arg's)
call MPI_RECV (NEIB_ID, arg's)
...
```

- This seems reasonable, but it stops at MPI_Send/MPI_Recv.
 - Sometimes it works (according to implementation).
- “Sending 0-to-1” does not terminate, until “Receiving@1-from-0” is done.
 - But, “Sending 1-to-0” does not terminate, if “Receiving@0-from-1” is not done.

MPI_Send/MPI_Recv

PE#0

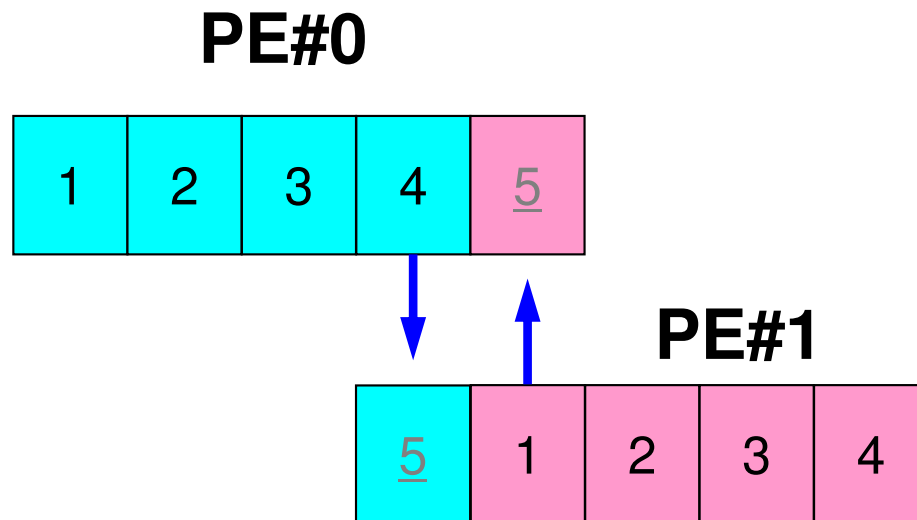
```
call MPI_SEND (NEIB_ID, arg's)  
call MPI_RECV (NEIB_ID, arg's)
```

PE#1

```
call MPI_SEND (NEIB_ID, arg's)  
call MPI_RECV (NEIB_ID, arg's)
```

- Both of PE#0 and PE#1 are “sending”
- “Sending” does not terminate, if “receiving” at destination is not completed
- Both of PE#0 and PE#1 are waiting for completion of “receiving” after “sending” -> Processes stop

MPI_Send/MPI_Recv (cont.)



```
if (my_rank.eq.0) NEIB_ID=1
if (my_rank.eq.1) NEIB_ID=0

...
if (my_rank.eq.0) then
  call MPI_SEND (NEIB_ID, arg's)
  call MPI_RECV (NEIB_ID, arg's)
endif

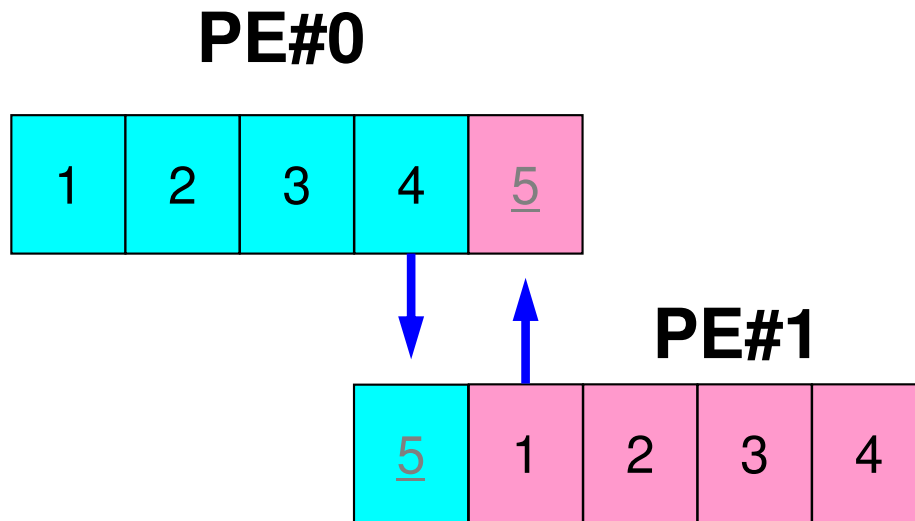
if (my_rank.eq.1) then
  call MPI_RECV (NEIB_ID, arg's)
  call MPI_SEND (NEIB_ID, arg's)
endif

...
```

- It works.
- It is OK for Structured Meshes for FDM (Finite Difference Method).

How to do PtoP Comm. ?

- Using “non-blocking” functions **`MPI_Isend`** & **`MPI_Irecv`** together with **`MPI_Waitall`** for synchronization
- **`MPI_Sendrecv`** is also available.



```
if (my_rank.eq.0) NEIB_ID=1
if (my_rank.eq.1) NEIB_ID=0

...
call MPI_Isend (NEIB_ID, arg's)
call MPI_Irecv (NEIB_ID, arg's)
...
call MPI_Waitall (for Irecv)
...
call MPI_Waitall (for Isend)
```

`MPI_Waitall` for both of
`MPI_Isend/MPI_Irecv` is possible



MPI_Isend

- Begins a non-blocking send
 - Send the contents of sending buffer (starting from **sendbuf**, number of messages: **count**) to **dest** with **tag** .
 - Contents of sending buffer cannot be modified before calling corresponding **MPI_Waitall**.

- **MPI_Isend**

(sendbuf, count, datatype, dest, tag, comm, request)

- **sendbuf** choice I starting address of sending buffer
- **count** int I number of elements in sending buffer
- **datatype** MPI_Datatype I datatype of each sending buffer element
- **dest** int I rank of destination
- **tag** int I message tag

This integer can be used by the application to distinguish messages. Communication occurs if tag' s of MPI_Isend and MPI_Irecv are matched. Usually tag is set to be "0" (in this class),
- **comm** MPI_Comm I communicator
- **request** MPI_Request O communication request array used in MPI_Waitall

Communication Request: request 通信識別子

- **MPI_Isend**

(sendbuf, count, datatype, dest, tag, comm, request)

- **sendbuf** choice I starting address of sending buffer
 - **count** int I number of elements in sending buffer
 - **datatype** MPI_Datatype I datatype of each sending buffer element
 - **dest** int I rank of destination
 - **tag** int I message tag
- This integer can be used by the application to distinguish messages. Communication occurs if tag's of MPI_Isend and MPI_Irecv are matched. Usually tag is set to be "0" (in this class),
- **comm** MPI_Comm I communicator
 - **request** MPI_Request O communication request used in MPI_Waitall
- Size of the array is total number of neighboring processes

- Just define the array





MPI_Irecv

- Begins a non-blocking receive
 - Receiving the contents of receiving buffer (starting from **recvbuf**, number of messages: **count**) from **source** with **tag** .
 - Contents of receiving buffer cannot be used before calling corresponding **MPI_Waitall**.

- **MPI_Irecv**

(recvbuf, count, datatype, source, tag, comm, request)

- recvbuf choice I starting address of receiving buffer
- count int I number of elements in receiving buffer
- datatype MPI_Datatype I datatype of each receiving buffer element
- source int I rank of source
- tag int I message tag

This integer can be used by the application to distinguish messages. Communication occurs if tag' s of MPI_Isend and MPI_Irecv are matched. Usually tag is set to be "0" (in this class),
- comm MPI_Comm I communicator
- request MPI_Request O communication request array used in MPI_Waitall

MPI_Waitall

- **MPI_Waitall** blocks until all comm's, associated with request in the array, complete. It is used for terminating MPI_Isend and MPI_Irecv.
- At sending phase, contents of sending buffer cannot be modified before calling corresponding **MPI_Waitall**. At receiving phase, contents of receiving buffer cannot be used before calling corresponding **MPI_Waitall**.
- MPI_Isend and MPI_Irecv can be synchronized simultaneously with a single **MPI_Waitall** if it is consistent.
 - Same request should be used in MPI_Isend and MPI_Irecv.
- Its operation is similar to that of **MPI_Barrier** but, **MPI_Waitall** can not be replaced by **MPI_Barrier**.
 - Possible troubles using **MPI_Barrier** instead of **MPI_Waitall**: Contents of **request** and **status** are not updated properly, very slow operations etc.
- **MPI_Waitall (count, request, status)**
 - count int I number of processes to be synchronized
 - request MPI_Request I/O comm. request used in MPI_Isend/Irecv (array size: count)
 - status MPI_Status O array of status objects

MPI_STATUS_SIZE: defined in 'mpif.h', 'mpi.h'

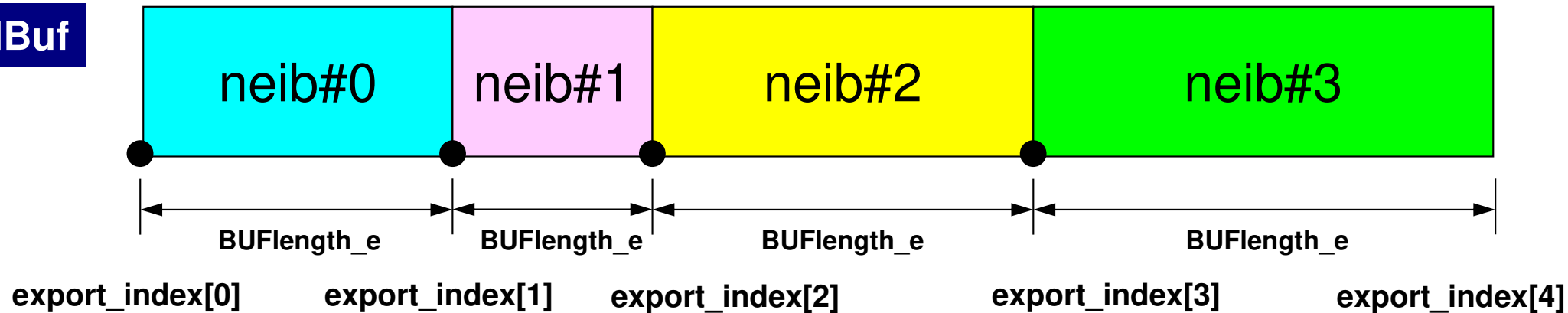
Array of status object: status 状況オブジェクト配列

- **MPI_Waitall (count, request, status)**
 - count int I number of processes to be synchronized
 - request MPI_Request I/O comm. request used in MPI_Isend/Irecv (array size: count)
 - status MPI_Status O **array of status objects**
MPI_STATUS_SIZE: defined in 'mpif.h', 'mpi.h'
- Just define the array

SEND: MPI_Isend/Irecv/Waitall

C

SendBuf



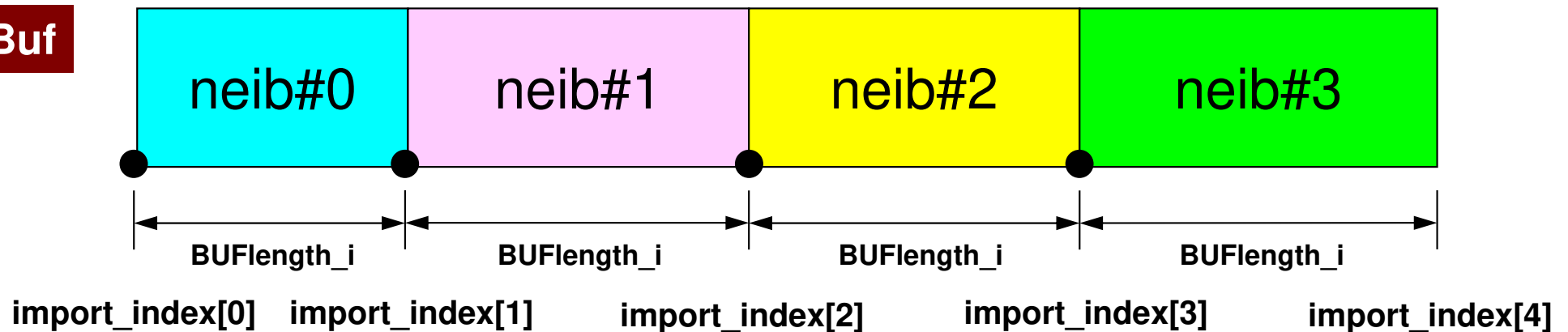
```
for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot; neib++){  
    tag= 0;  
    iS_e= export_index[neib];  
    iE_e= export_index[neib+1];  
    BUFlength_e= iE_e - iS_e  
  
    ierr= MPI_Isend  
        (&SendBuf[iS_e], BUFlength_e, MPI_DOUBLE,  
         NeibPE[neib], 0,  
         MPI_COMM_WORLD, &ReqSend[neib])  
}  
  
MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, ReqSend, StatSend);
```

RECV: MPI_Isend/Irecv/Waitall

C

```
for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot; neib++){  
    tag= 0;  
    iS_i= import_index[neib];  
    iE_i= import_index[neib+1];  
    BUFlength_i= iE_i - iS_i  
  
    ierr= MPI_Irecv  
        (&RecvBuf[iS_i], BUFlength_i, MPI_DOUBLE,  
         NeibPE[neib], 0,  
         MPI_COMM_WORLD, &ReqRecv[neib])  
}  
  
MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, ReqRecv, StatRecv);
```

import_item (import_index[neib]:import_index[neib+1]-1) are received from neib-th neighbor

RecvBuf

MPI_Sendrecv

- MPI_Send+MPI_Recv: not recommended, many restrictions

- **MPI_Sendrecv**

(sendbuf, sendcount, sendtype, dest, sendtag, recvbuf, recvcount, recvtype, source, recvtag, comm, status)

–	<u>sendbuf</u>	choice	I	starting address of sending buffer
–	<u>sendcount</u>	int	I	number of elements in sending buffer
–	<u>sendtype</u>	MPI_Datatype	I	datatype of each sending buffer element
–	<u>dest</u>	int	I	rank of destination
–	<u>sendtag</u>	int	I	message tag for sending
–	<u>comm</u>	MPI_Comm	I	communicator
–	<u>recvbuf</u>	choice	I	starting address of receiving buffer
–	<u>recvcount</u>	int	I	number of elements in receiving buffer
–	<u>recvtype</u>	MPI_Datatype	I	datatype of each receiving buffer element
–	<u>source</u>	int	I	rank of source
–	<u>recvtag</u>	int	I	message tag for receiving
–	<u>comm</u>	MPI_Comm	I	communicator
–	<u>status</u>	MPI_Status	O	array of status objects

MPI_STATUS_SIZE: defined in 'mpif.h', 'mpi.h'

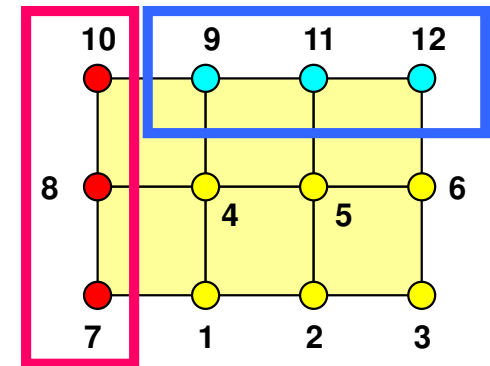
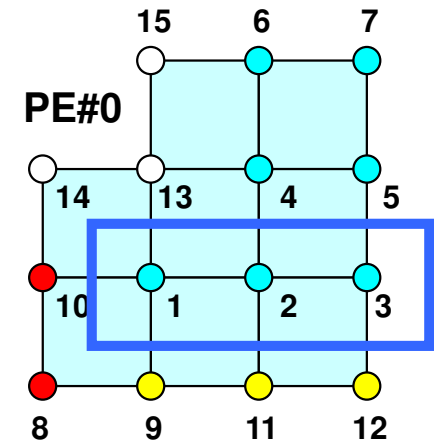
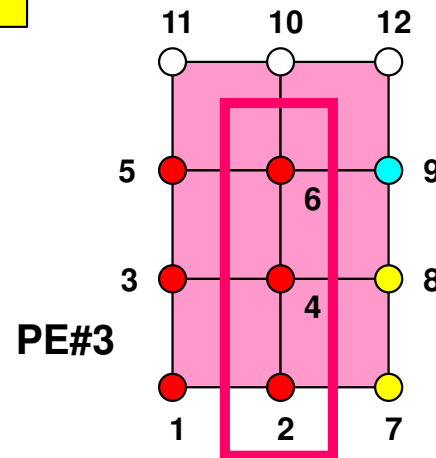
RECV: receiving to external nodes

Recv. continuous data to recv. buffer from neighbors

- MPI_Irecv**

(recvbuf, count, datatype, source, tag, comm, request)

<u>recvbuf</u>	choice	I	starting address of receiving buffer
<u>count</u>	int	I	number of elements in receiving buffer
<u>datatype</u>	MPI_Datatype	I	datatype of each receiving buffer element
<u>source</u>	int	I	rank of source



PE#2

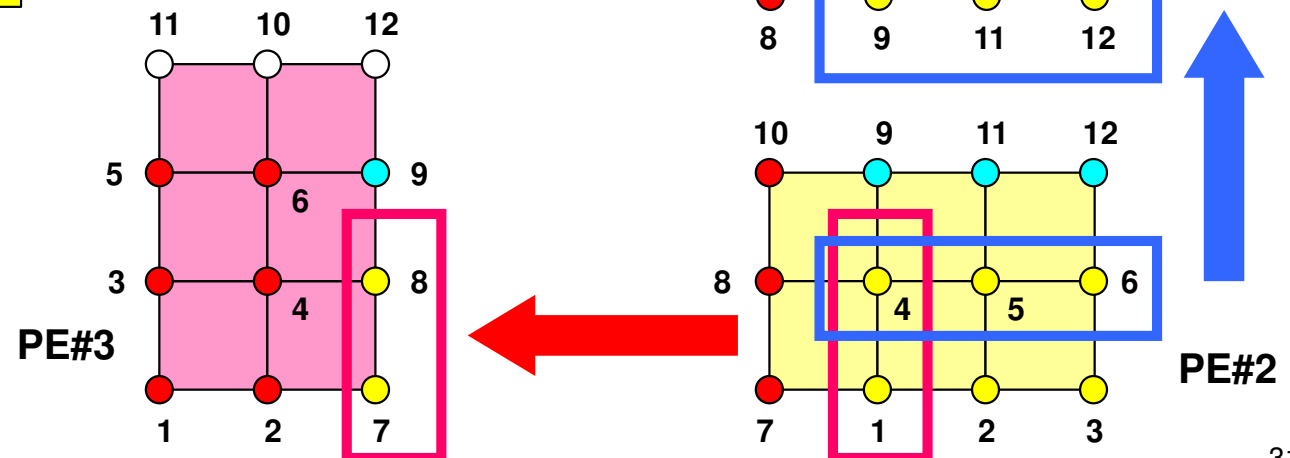
SEND: sending from boundary nodes

Send continuous data to send buffer of neighbors

- MPI_Isend**

(sendbuf, count, datatype, dest, tag, comm, request)

<u>sendbuf</u>	choice	I	starting address of sending buffer
<u>count</u>	int	I	number of elements in sending buffer
<u>datatype</u>	MPI_Datatype	I	datatype of each sending buffer element
<u>dest</u>	int	I	rank of destination



Request, Status in C Language

Special TYPE of Arrays

- `MPI_Isend`: request
- `MPI_Irecv`: request
- `MPI_Waitall`: request, status

```
MPI_Status  *StatSend, *StatRecv;  
MPI_Request *RequestSend, *RequestRecv;  
...  
StatSend = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Status) * NEIBpetot);  
StatRecv = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Status) * NEIBpetot);  
RequestSend = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Request) * NEIBpetot);  
RequestRecv = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Request) * NEIBpetot);
```

- `MPI_Sendrecv`: status

```
MPI_Status *Status;  
...  
Status = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Status));
```

Files on Odyssey

Fortran

```
>$ cd /work/gt87/t87XXX/pFEM/  
>$ module load fj  
>$ cp /work/gt00/z30088/pFEM/F/s2-f.tar .  
>$ tar xvf s2-f.tar
```

C

```
>$ cd /work/gt87/t87XXX/pFEM/  
>$ module load fj  
>$ cp /work/gt00/home/z30088/pFEM/C/s2-c.tar .  
>$ tar xvf s2-c.tar
```

Confirmation

```
>$ ls  
mpi  
  
>$ cd mpi/S2
```

This directory is called as <\$O-S2> .

<\$O-S2> = <\$O-TOP>/mpi/S2

Ex.1: Send-Recv a Scalar

- Exchange VAL (real, 8-byte) between PE#0 & PE#1

```

if (my_rank=0) NEIB= 1;
if (my_rank=1) NEIB= 0;

MPI_Isend (&VAL      , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, NEIB, ..., req_send[0], ...);
MPI_Irecv (&VALtemp, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, NEIB, ..., req_recv[0], ...);
MPI_Waitall (... , req_recv, stat_recv, ...); Recv.buf VALtemp can be used
MPI_Waitall (... , req_send, stat_send, ...); Send buf VAL can be modified
VAL= VALtemp;

```

```

if (my_rank.eq.0) NEIB= 1
if (my_rank.eq.1) NEIB= 0

call MPI_Sendrecv (VAL      , 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, NEIB, ...
                  VALtemp, 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, NEIB, ..., status, ...) &
VAL= VALtemp

```

Name of recv. buffer could be “VAL”, but not recommended.

Ex.1: Send-Recv a Scalar

Isend/Irecv/Waitall

```
$> cd /work/gt87/t87XXX/pFEM/mpi/S2
$> module load fj
$> mpifccpx -Nclang -Kfast ex1-1.c
$> pjsub go2.sh
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "mpi.h"
int main(int argc, char **argv){
    int neib, MyRank, PeTot;
    double VAL, VALx;
    MPI_Status *StatSend, *StatRecv;
    MPI_Request *RequestSend, *RequestRecv;

    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &PeTot);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &MyRank);
    StatSend = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Status) * 1);
    StatRecv = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Status) * 1);
    RequestSend = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Request) * 1);
    RequestRecv = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Request) * 1);

    if(MyRank == 0) {neib= 1; VAL= 10.0;}
    if(MyRank == 1) {neib= 0; VAL= 11.0;}

    MPI_Isend(&VAL , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, neib, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &RequestSend[0]);
    MPI_Irecv(&VALx, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, neib, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &RequestRecv[0]);
    MPI_Waitall(1, RequestRecv, StatRecv);
    MPI_Waitall(1, RequestSend, StatSend);

    VAL=VALx;
    MPI_Finalize();
    return 0; }
```

go2.sh

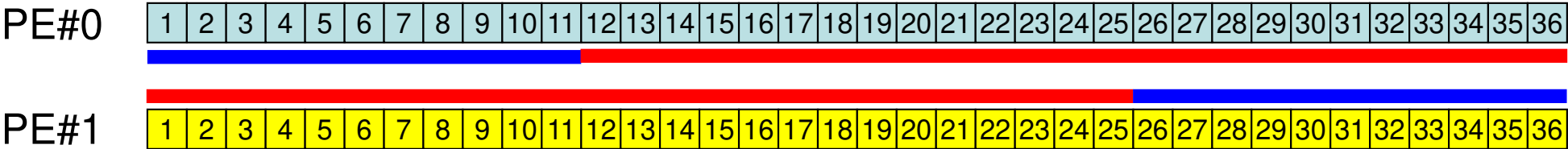
```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "test"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture7-o
#PJM -L node=1
#PJM --mpi proc=2
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt87
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o test.lst

module load fj
module load fjmpi

mpiexec ./a.out
```

Ex.2: Send-Recv an Array (1/3)

- Exchange VEC (real, 8-byte) between PE#0 & PE#1
- PE#0 to PE#1
 - PE#0: send VEC(1)-VEC(11) (length=11)
 - PE#1: recv. as VEC(26)-VEC(36) (length=11)
- PE#1 to PE#0
 - PE#1: send VEC(1)-VEC(25) (length=25)
 - PE#0: recv. as VEC(12)-VEC(36) (length=25)
- Practice: Develop a program for this operation.



Practice: t1

- Initial status of VEC[:]:
 - PE#0 VEC[0-35]= 101,102,103,~,135,136
 - PE#1 VEC[0-35]= 201,202,203,~,235,236
- Confirm the results in the next page
- MPI_Isend/Irecv/Waitall

Estimated Results

t1

0	#BEFORE#	1	101.
0	#BEFORE#	2	102.
0	#BEFORE#	3	103.
0	#BEFORE#	4	104.
0	#BEFORE#	5	105.
0	#BEFORE#	6	106.
0	#BEFORE#	7	107.
0	#BEFORE#	8	108.
0	#BEFORE#	9	109.
0	#BEFORE#	10	110.
0	#BEFORE#	11	111.
0	#BEFORE#	12	112.
0	#BEFORE#	13	113.
0	#BEFORE#	14	114.
0	#BEFORE#	15	115.
0	#BEFORE#	16	116.
0	#BEFORE#	17	117.
0	#BEFORE#	18	118.
0	#BEFORE#	19	119.
0	#BEFORE#	20	120.
0	#BEFORE#	21	121.
0	#BEFORE#	22	122.
0	#BEFORE#	23	123.
0	#BEFORE#	24	124.
0	#BEFORE#	25	125.
0	#BEFORE#	26	126.
0	#BEFORE#	27	127.
0	#BEFORE#	28	128.
0	#BEFORE#	29	129.
0	#BEFORE#	30	130.
0	#BEFORE#	31	131.
0	#BEFORE#	32	132.
0	#BEFORE#	33	133.
0	#BEFORE#	34	134.
0	#BEFORE#	35	135.
0	#BEFORE#	36	136.

0	#AFTER #	1	101.
0	#AFTER #	2	102.
0	#AFTER #	3	103.
0	#AFTER #	4	104.
0	#AFTER #	5	105.
0	#AFTER #	6	106.
0	#AFTER #	7	107.
0	#AFTER #	8	108.
0	#AFTER #	9	109.
0	#AFTER #	10	110.
0	#AFTER #	11	111.
0	#AFTER #	12	201.
0	#AFTER #	13	202.
0	#AFTER #	14	203.
0	#AFTER #	15	204.
0	#AFTER #	16	205.
0	#AFTER #	17	206.
0	#AFTER #	18	207.
0	#AFTER #	19	208.
0	#AFTER #	20	209.
0	#AFTER #	21	210.
0	#AFTER #	22	211.
0	#AFTER #	23	212.
0	#AFTER #	24	213.
0	#AFTER #	25	214.
0	#AFTER #	26	215.
0	#AFTER #	27	216.
0	#AFTER #	28	217.
0	#AFTER #	29	218.
0	#AFTER #	30	219.
0	#AFTER #	31	220.
0	#AFTER #	32	221.
0	#AFTER #	33	222.
0	#AFTER #	34	223.
0	#AFTER #	35	224.
0	#AFTER #	36	225.

1	#BEFORE#	1	201.
1	#BEFORE#	2	202.
1	#BEFORE#	3	203.
1	#BEFORE#	4	204.
1	#BEFORE#	5	205.
1	#BEFORE#	6	206.
1	#BEFORE#	7	207.
1	#BEFORE#	8	208.
1	#BEFORE#	9	209.
1	#BEFORE#	10	210.
1	#BEFORE#	11	211.
1	#BEFORE#	12	212.
1	#BEFORE#	13	213.
1	#BEFORE#	14	214.
1	#BEFORE#	15	215.
1	#BEFORE#	16	216.
1	#BEFORE#	17	217.
1	#BEFORE#	18	218.
1	#BEFORE#	19	219.
1	#BEFORE#	20	220.
1	#BEFORE#	21	221.
1	#BEFORE#	22	222.
1	#BEFORE#	23	223.
1	#BEFORE#	24	224.
1	#BEFORE#	25	225.
1	#BEFORE#	26	226.
1	#BEFORE#	27	227.
1	#BEFORE#	28	228.
1	#BEFORE#	29	229.
1	#BEFORE#	30	230.
1	#BEFORE#	31	231.
1	#BEFORE#	32	232.
1	#BEFORE#	33	233.
1	#BEFORE#	34	234.
1	#BEFORE#	35	235.
1	#BEFORE#	36	236.

1	#AFTER #	1	201.
1	#AFTER #	2	202.
1	#AFTER #	3	203.
1	#AFTER #	4	204.
1	#AFTER #	5	205.
1	#AFTER #	6	206.
1	#AFTER #	7	207.
1	#AFTER #	8	208.
1	#AFTER #	9	209.
1	#AFTER #	10	210.
1	#AFTER #	11	211.
1	#AFTER #	12	212.
1	#AFTER #	13	213.
1	#AFTER #	14	214.
1	#AFTER #	15	215.
1	#AFTER #	16	216.
1	#AFTER #	17	217.
1	#AFTER #	18	218.
1	#AFTER #	19	219.
1	#AFTER #	20	220.
1	#AFTER #	21	221.
1	#AFTER #	22	222.
1	#AFTER #	23	223.
1	#AFTER #	24	224.
1	#AFTER #	25	225.
1	#AFTER #	26	101.
1	#AFTER #	27	102.
1	#AFTER #	28	103.
1	#AFTER #	29	104.
1	#AFTER #	30	105.
1	#AFTER #	31	106.
1	#AFTER #	32	107.
1	#AFTER #	33	108.
1	#AFTER #	34	109.
1	#AFTER #	35	110.
1	#AFTER #	36	111.

Ex.2: Send-Recv an Array (2/3)

```
if (my_rank=0) then
    MPI_Isend (&VEC[ 0], 11, MPI_DOUBLE, 1, ..., req_send[0], ...)
    MPI_Irecv (&VEC[11], 25, MPI_DOUBLE, 1, ..., req_recv[0], ...)
endif

if (my_rank=1) then
    MPI_Isend (&VEC[ 0], 25, 0, ..., req_send[0], ...)
    MPI_Irecv (&VEC[25], 11, 0, ..., req_recv[0], ...)
endif

MPI_Waitall (... , req_recv, stat_recv, ...)
MPI_Waitall (... , req_send, stat_send, ...)
```

It works, but complicated operations.
Not looks like SPMD.
Not portable.

Ex.2: Send-Recv an Array (3/3)

```
if (my_rank=0) then
  NEIB= 1
  start_send= 1
  length_send= 11
  start_recv= length_send + 1
  length_recv= 25
endif

if (my_rank=1) then
  NEIB= 0
  start_send= 1
  length_send= 25
  start_recv= length_send + 1
  length_recv= 11
endif

MPI_Isend
(&VEC[start_send-1], length_send, MPI_DOUBLE, NEIB, ..., req_send[0], ...)
MPI_Irecv
(&VEC[start_recv-1], length_recv, MPI_DOUBLE, NEIB, ..., req_recv[0], ...)

MPI_Waitall (... , req_recv, stat_recv, ...)
MPI_Waitall (... , req_send, stat_send, ...)
```

This is “SMPD” !!

t1

Notice: Send/Recv Arrays

#PE0

send:

```
VEC(start_send) ~  
VEC(start_send+length_send-1)
```

#PE1

send:

```
VEC(start_send) ~  
VEC(start_send+length_send-1)
```

#PE0

recv:

```
VEC(start_recv) ~  
VEC(start_recv+length_recv-1)
```

#PE1

recv:

```
VEC(start_recv) ~  
VEC(start_recv+length_recv-1)
```

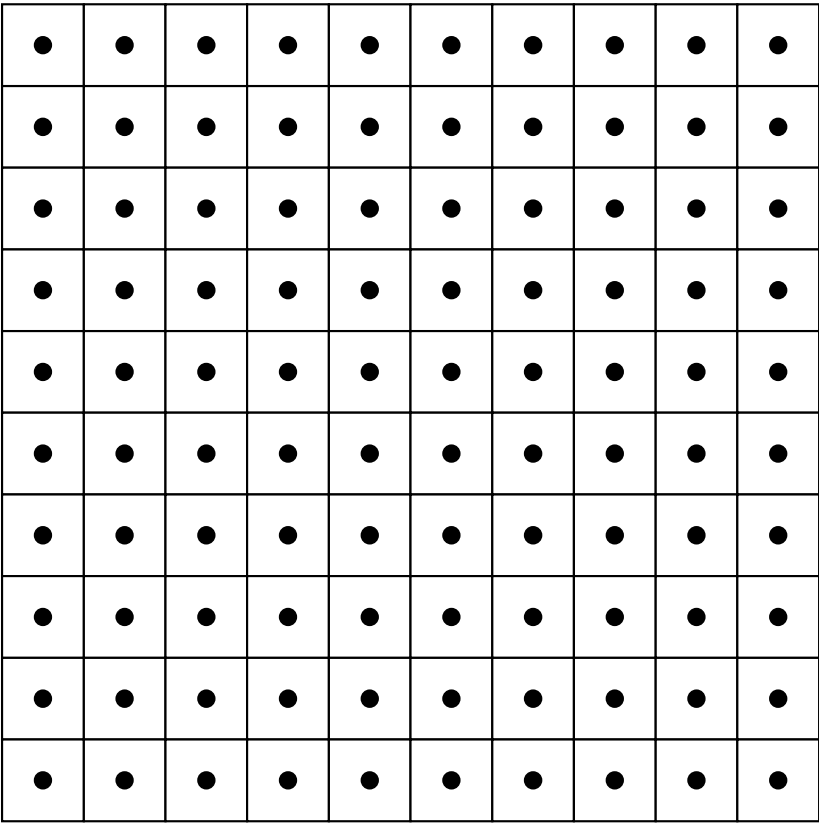
- “length_send” of sending process must be equal to “length_recv” of receiving process.
 - PE#0 to PE#1, PE#1 to PE#0
- “sendbuf” and “recvbuf”: different address

Point-to-Point Communication

- What is PtoP Communication ?
- 2D Problem, Generalized Communication Table
 - 2D FDM
 - Problem Setting
 - Distributed Local Data and Communication Table
 - Implementation
- Report S2

2D FDM (1/5)

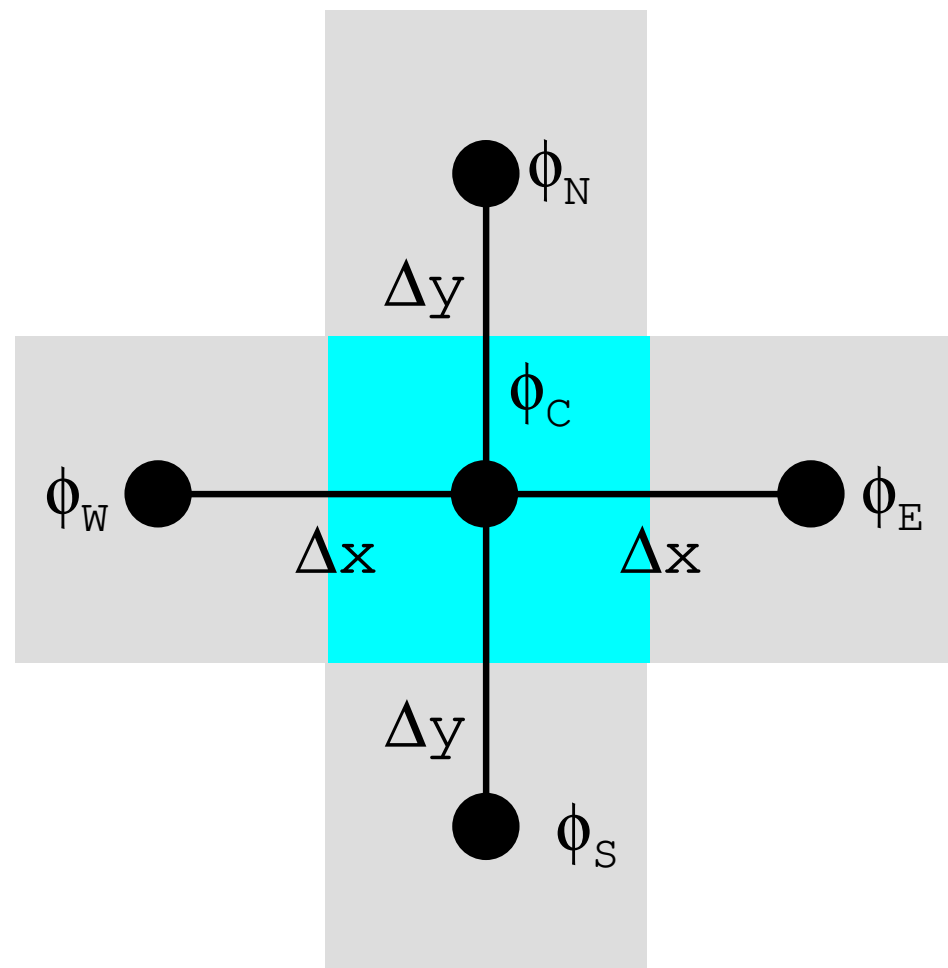
Entire Mesh



2D FDM (5-point, central difference)

$$\frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial y^2} = f$$

$$\left(\frac{\phi_E - 2\phi_C + \phi_W}{\Delta x^2} \right) + \left(\frac{\phi_N - 2\phi_C + \phi_S}{\Delta y^2} \right) = f_C$$



Decompose into 4 domains

<u>57</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>64</u>
<u>49</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>56</u>
<u>41</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>
<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>
<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>16</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>

4 domains: Global ID

PE#2

<u>57</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>49</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>52</u>
<u>41</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>44</u>
<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>

PE#3

<u>61</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>64</u>
<u>53</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>56</u>
<u>45</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>

PE#0

<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>
<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>

PE#1

<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>
<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>16</u>
<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>

4 domains: Local ID

PE#2

13	14	15	16
9	10	11	12
5	6	7	8
1	2	3	4

PE#3

13	14	15	16
9	10	11	12
5	6	7	8
1	2	3	4

PE#0

13	14	15	16
9	10	11	12
5	6	7	8
1	2	3	4

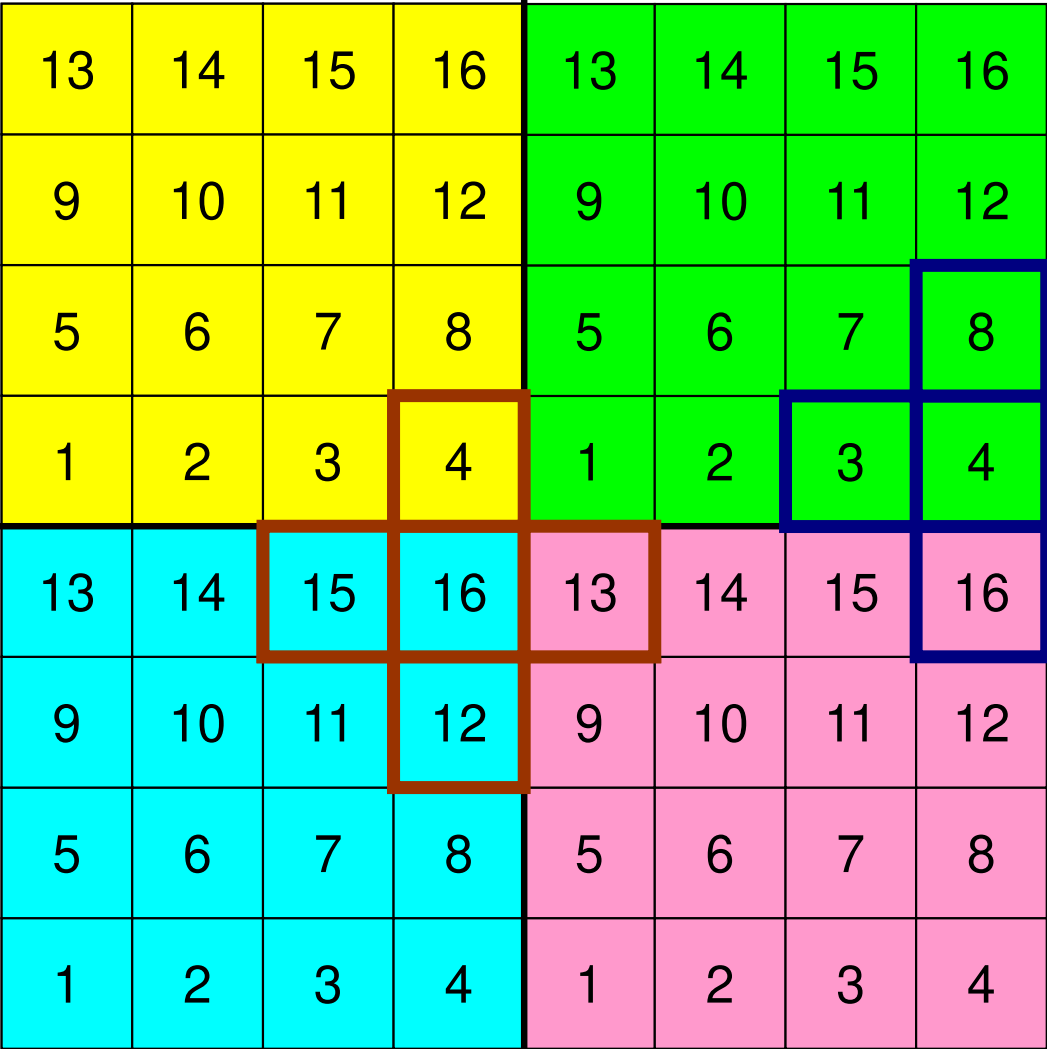
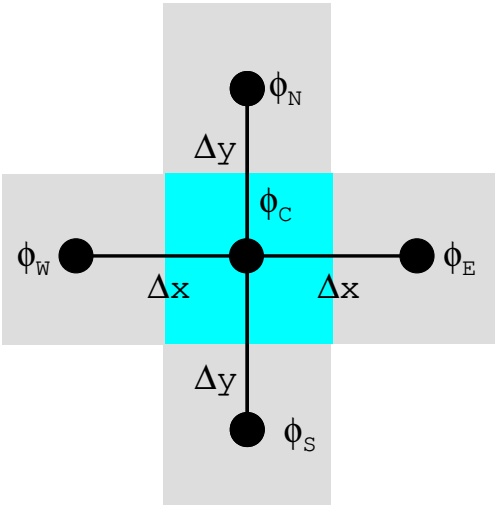
PE#1

13	14	15	16
9	10	11	12
5	6	7	8
1	2	3	4

External Points: Overlapped Region

PE#2

PE#3



PE#0

PE#1

External Points: Overlapped Region

PE#2

13	14	15	16
9	10	11	12
5	6	7	8
1	2	3	4

PE#3

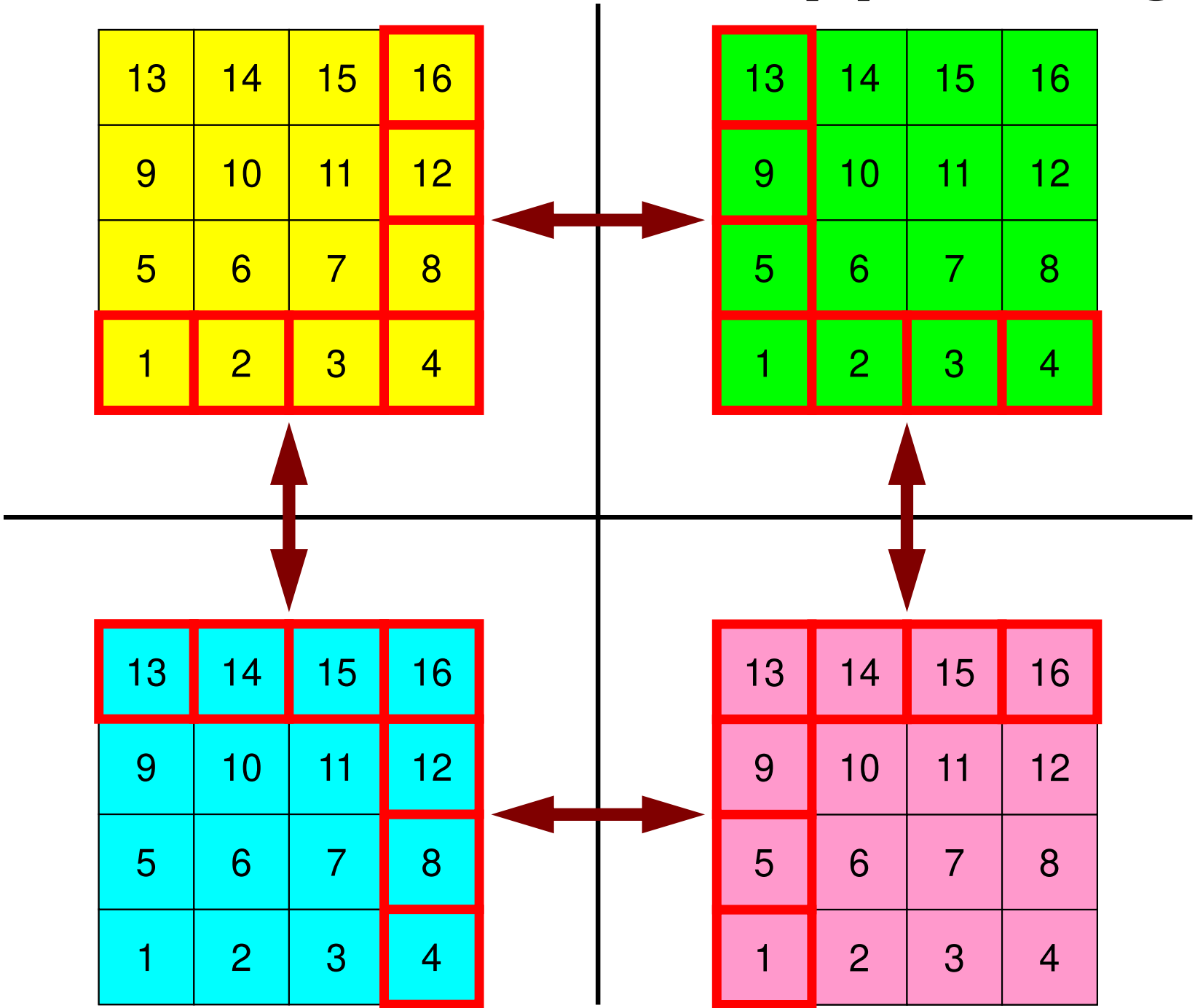
13	14	15	16
9	10	11	12
5	6	7	8
1	2	3	4

PE#0

13	14	15	16
9	10	11	12
5	6	7	8
1	2	3	4

PE#1

13	14	15	16
9	10	11	12
5	6	7	8
1	2	3	4



Local ID of External Points ?

PE#2

13	14	15	16	?
9	10	11	12	?
5	6	7	8	?
1	2	3	4	?
?	?	?	?	

PE#3

?	13	14	15	16
?	9	10	11	12
?	5	6	7	8
?	1	2	3	4
	?	?	?	?

PE#0

?	?	?	?	
13	14	15	16	?
9	10	11	12	?
5	6	7	8	?
1	2	3	4	?

PE#1

	?	?	?	?
?	13	14	15	16
?	9	10	11	12
?	5	6	7	8
?	1	2	3	4

Overlapped Region

PE#2

13	14	15	16	?
9	10	11	12	?
5	6	7	8	?
1	2	3	4	?

?	?	?	?
---	---	---	---

PE#3

?	13	14	15	16
?	9	10	11	12
?	5	6	7	8
?	1	2	3	4

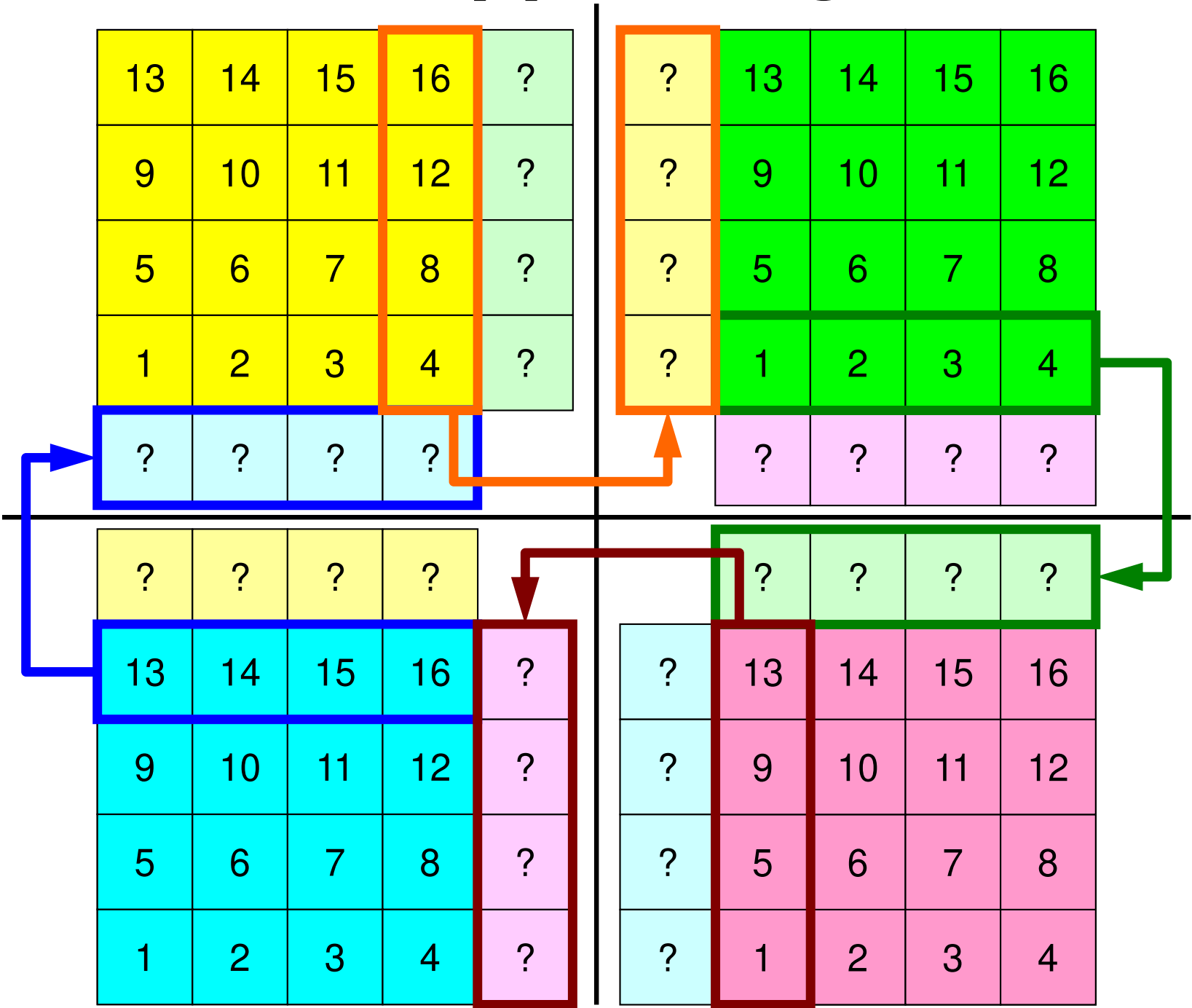
?	?	?	?
---	---	---	---

PE#0

?	?	?	?	
13	14	15	16	?
9	10	11	12	?
5	6	7	8	?
1	2	3	4	?

PE#1

		?	?	?	?
?	13	14	15	16	
?	9	10	11	12	
?	5	6	7	8	
?	1	2	3	4	



Overlapped Region

PE#2

13	14	15	16	?
9	10	11	12	?
5	6	7	8	?
1	2	3	4	?
?	?	?	?	

PE#3

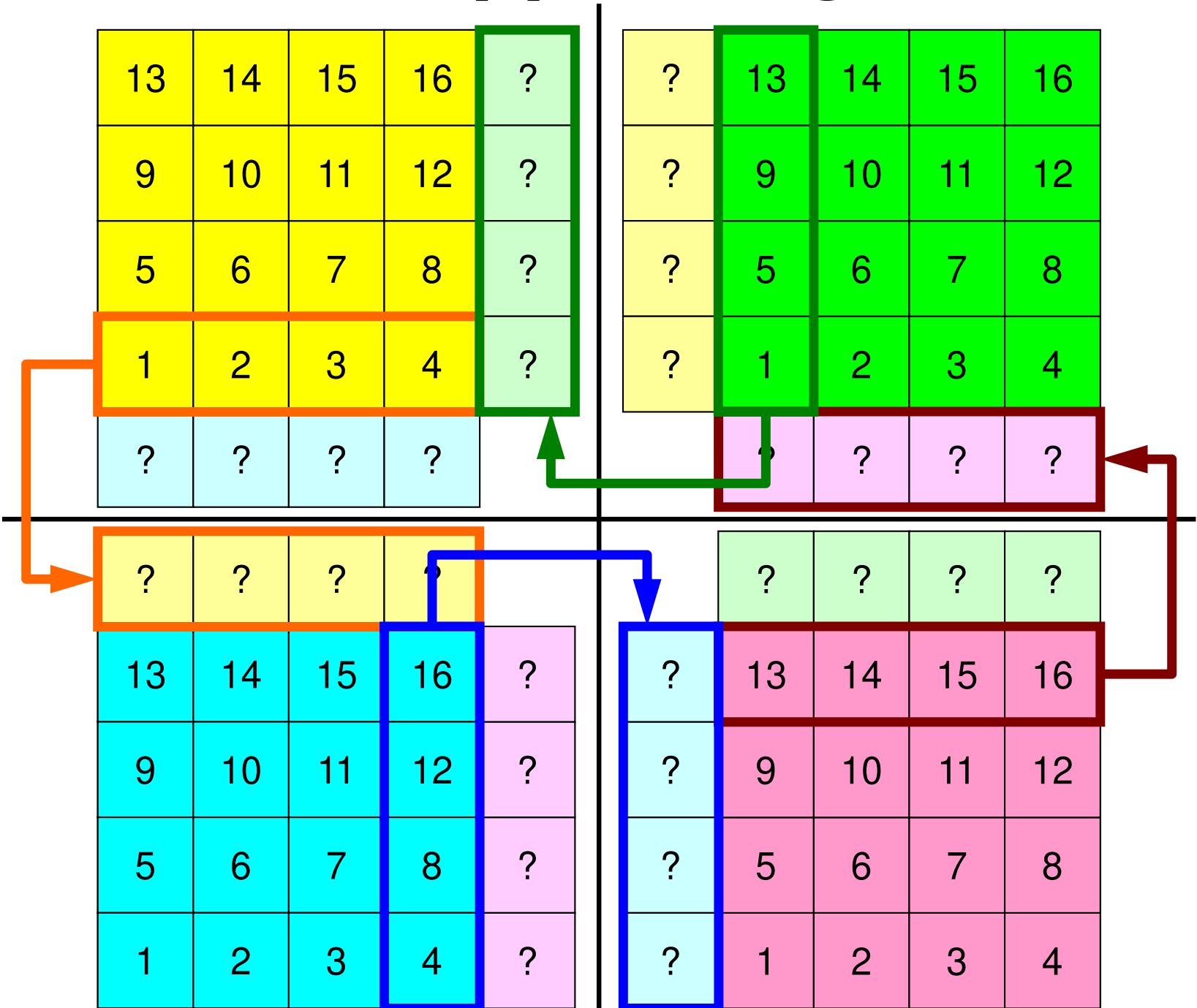
?	13	14	15	16
?	9	10	11	12
?	5	6	7	8
?	1	2	3	4
	?	?	?	?

PE#0

?	?	?	?	
13	14	15	16	?
9	10	11	12	?
5	6	7	8	?
1	2	3	4	?

PE#1

	?	?	?	?
?	13	14	15	16
?	9	10	11	12
?	5	6	7	8
?	1	2	3	4



Point-to-Point Communication

- What is PtoP Communication ?
- 2D Problem, Generalized Communication Table
 - 2D FDM
 - Problem Setting
 - Distributed Local Data and Communication Table
 - Implementation
- Report S2

Problem Setting: 2D FDM

<u>57</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>64</u>
<u>49</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>56</u>
<u>41</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>
<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>
<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>16</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>

- 2D region with 64 meshes (8x8)
- Each mesh has global ID from 1 to 64
 - In this example, this global ID is considered as dependent variable, such as temperature, pressure etc.
 - Something like computed results

Problem Setting: Distributed Local Data

PE#2

<u>57</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>49</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>52</u>
<u>41</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>44</u>
<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>

PE#3

<u>61</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>64</u>
<u>53</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>56</u>
<u>45</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>

- 4 sub-domains.
- Info. of external points (global ID of mesh) is received from neighbors.
 - PE#0 receives

<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>
<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>

<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>
<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>16</u>
<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>

PE#0

PE#1

PE#2

<u>57</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>60</u>	
<u>49</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>52</u>	
<u>41</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>44</u>	
<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>	

PE#3

	<u>61</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>64</u>
	<u>53</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>56</u>
	<u>45</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>48</u>
	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>

<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	
<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>	
<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	
<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	

	<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>
	<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>
	<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>16</u>
	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>

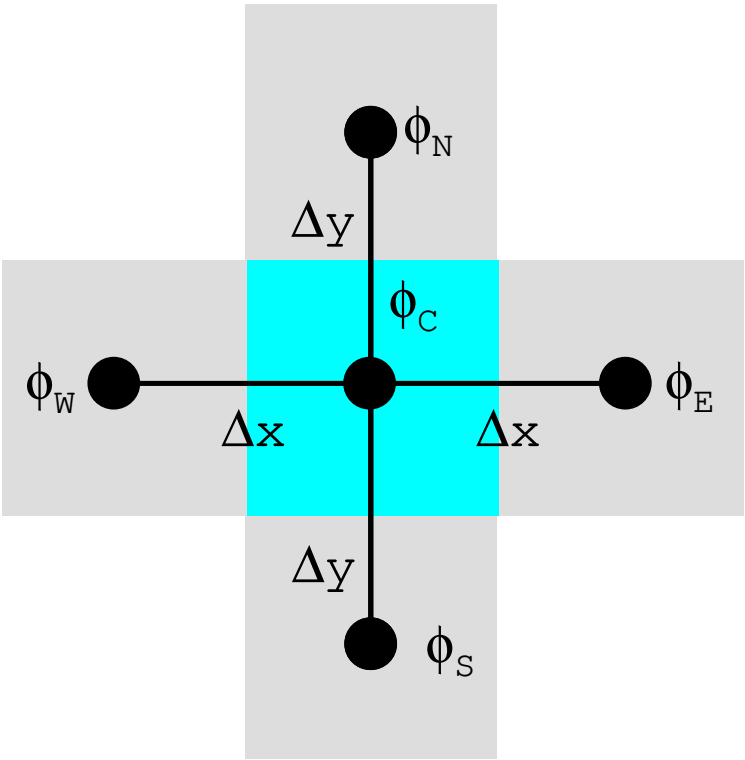
PE#0

PE#1

Operations of 2D FDM

$$\frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial y^2} = f$$

$$\left(\frac{\phi_E - 2\phi_C + \phi_W}{\Delta x^2}\right) + \left(\frac{\phi_N - 2\phi_C + \phi_S}{\Delta y^2}\right) = f_C$$

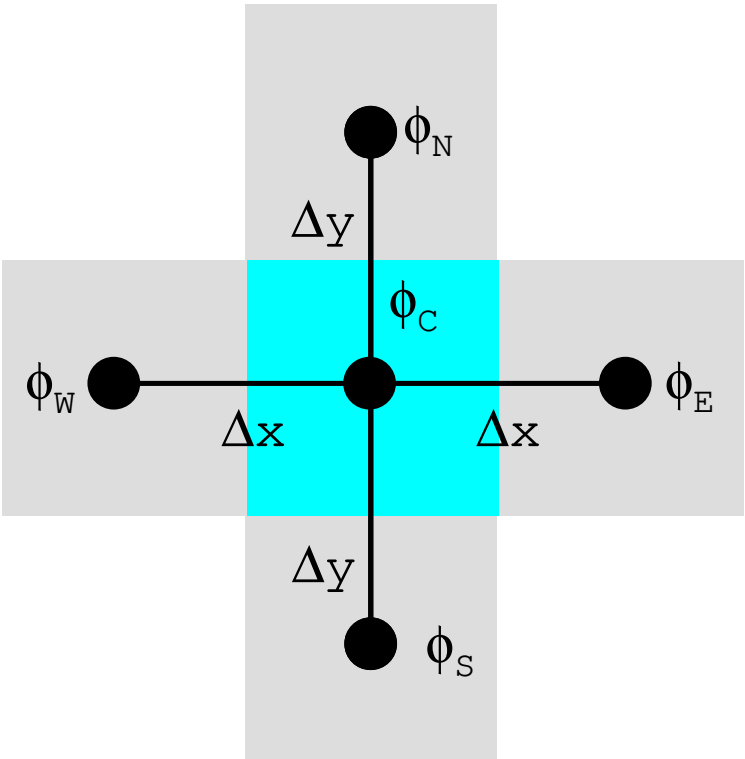


<u>57</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>64</u>
<u>49</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>56</u>
<u>41</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>
<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>
<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>16</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>

Operations of 2D FDM

$$\frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial y^2} = f$$

$$\left(\frac{\phi_E - 2\phi_C + \phi_W}{\Delta x^2}\right) + \left(\frac{\phi_N - 2\phi_C + \phi_S}{\Delta y^2}\right) = f_C$$



<u>57</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>64</u>
<u>49</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>56</u>
<u>41</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>
<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>
<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>16</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>

Computation (1/3)

<u>PE#2</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>64</u>	<u>PE#3</u>
	<u>49</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>56</u>	
	<u>41</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>48</u>	
	<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>	
	<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>	
	<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>	
	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>16</u>	
<u>PE#0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>PE#1</u>

- On each PE, info. of internal pts ($i=1-N(=16)$) are read from distributed local data, info. of boundary pts are sent to neighbors, and they are received as info. of external pts.

Computation (2/3): Before Send/Recv

1: <u>33</u>	9: <u>49</u>	17: <u>?</u>
2: <u>34</u>	10: <u>50</u>	18: <u>?</u>
3: <u>35</u>	11: <u>51</u>	19: <u>?</u>
4: <u>36</u>	12: <u>52</u>	20: <u>?</u>
5: <u>41</u>	13: <u>57</u>	21: <u>?</u>
6: <u>42</u>	14: <u>58</u>	22: <u>?</u>
7: <u>43</u>	15: <u>59</u>	23: <u>?</u>
8: <u>44</u>	16: <u>60</u>	24: <u>?</u>

PE#2

<u>57</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>60</u>	
<u>49</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>52</u>	
<u>41</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>44</u>	
<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>	

PE#3

	<u>61</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>64</u>
	<u>53</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>56</u>
	<u>45</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>48</u>
	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>

1: <u>37</u>	9: <u>53</u>	17: <u>?</u>
2: <u>38</u>	10: <u>54</u>	18: <u>?</u>
3: <u>39</u>	11: <u>55</u>	19: <u>?</u>
4: <u>40</u>	12: <u>56</u>	20: <u>?</u>
5: <u>45</u>	13: <u>61</u>	21: <u>?</u>
6: <u>46</u>	14: <u>62</u>	22: <u>?</u>
7: <u>47</u>	15: <u>63</u>	23: <u>?</u>
8: <u>48</u>	16: <u>64</u>	24: <u>?</u>

1: <u>1</u>	9: <u>17</u>	17: <u>?</u>
2: <u>2</u>	10: <u>18</u>	18: <u>?</u>
3: <u>3</u>	11: <u>19</u>	19: <u>?</u>
4: <u>4</u>	12: <u>20</u>	20: <u>?</u>
5: <u>9</u>	13: <u>25</u>	21: <u>?</u>
6: <u>10</u>	14: <u>26</u>	22: <u>?</u>
7: <u>11</u>	15: <u>27</u>	23: <u>?</u>
8: <u>12</u>	16: <u>28</u>	24: <u>?</u>

PE#0

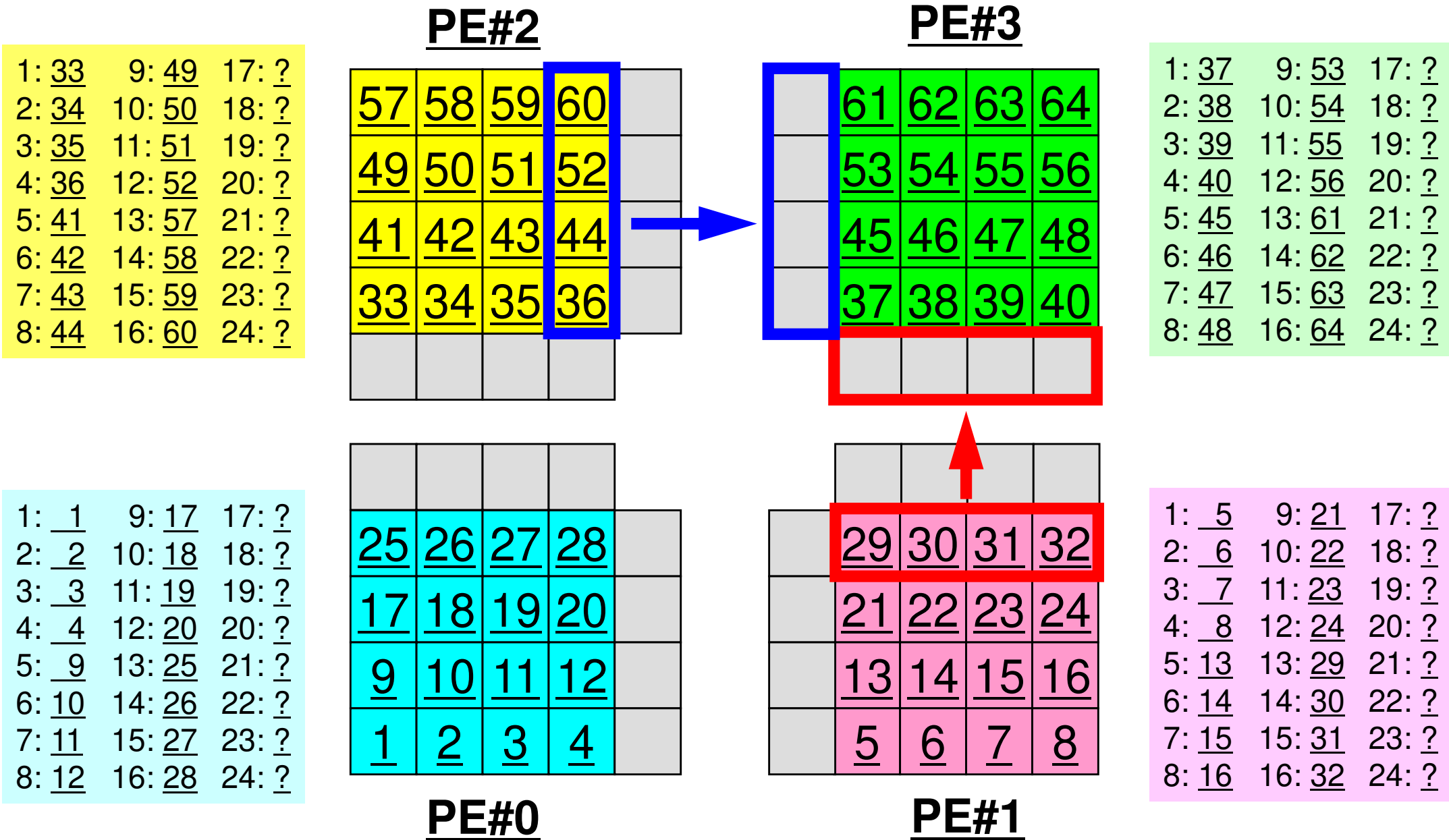
<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	
<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>	
<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	
<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	

PE#1

	<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>
	<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>
	<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>16</u>
	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>

1: <u>5</u>	9: <u>21</u>	17: <u>?</u>
2: <u>6</u>	10: <u>22</u>	18: <u>?</u>
3: <u>7</u>	11: <u>23</u>	19: <u>?</u>
4: <u>8</u>	12: <u>24</u>	20: <u>?</u>
5: <u>13</u>	13: <u>29</u>	21: <u>?</u>
6: <u>14</u>	14: <u>30</u>	22: <u>?</u>
7: <u>15</u>	15: <u>31</u>	23: <u>?</u>
8: <u>16</u>	16: <u>32</u>	24: <u>?</u>

Computation (2/3): Before Send/Recv



Computation (3/3): After Send/Recv

PE#2

<u>57</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>61</u>
<u>49</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>53</u>
<u>41</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>45</u>
<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>
<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	

PE#3

<u>60</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>64</u>
<u>52</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>56</u>
<u>44</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>
	<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>

<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>	
<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>29</u>
<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>21</u>
<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>

PE#0

	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>
<u>28</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>20</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>
<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>16</u>
<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>

PE#1

1: <u>33</u>	9: <u>49</u>	17: <u>37</u>
2: <u>34</u>	10: <u>50</u>	18: <u>45</u>
3: <u>35</u>	11: <u>51</u>	19: <u>53</u>
4: <u>36</u>	12: <u>52</u>	20: <u>61</u>
5: <u>41</u>	13: <u>57</u>	21: <u>25</u>
6: <u>42</u>	14: <u>58</u>	22: <u>26</u>
7: <u>43</u>	15: <u>59</u>	23: <u>27</u>
8: <u>44</u>	16: <u>60</u>	24: <u>28</u>

1: <u>1</u>	9: <u>17</u>	17: <u>5</u>
2: <u>2</u>	10: <u>18</u>	18: <u>14</u>
3: <u>3</u>	11: <u>19</u>	19: <u>21</u>
4: <u>4</u>	12: <u>20</u>	20: <u>29</u>
5: <u>9</u>	13: <u>25</u>	21: <u>33</u>
6: <u>10</u>	14: <u>26</u>	22: <u>34</u>
7: <u>11</u>	15: <u>27</u>	23: <u>35</u>
8: <u>12</u>	16: <u>28</u>	24: <u>36</u>

1: <u>37</u>	9: <u>53</u>	17: <u>36</u>
2: <u>38</u>	10: <u>54</u>	18: <u>44</u>
3: <u>39</u>	11: <u>55</u>	19: <u>52</u>
4: <u>40</u>	12: <u>56</u>	20: <u>60</u>
5: <u>45</u>	13: <u>61</u>	21: <u>29</u>
6: <u>46</u>	14: <u>62</u>	22: <u>30</u>
7: <u>47</u>	15: <u>63</u>	23: <u>31</u>
8: <u>48</u>	16: <u>64</u>	24: <u>32</u>

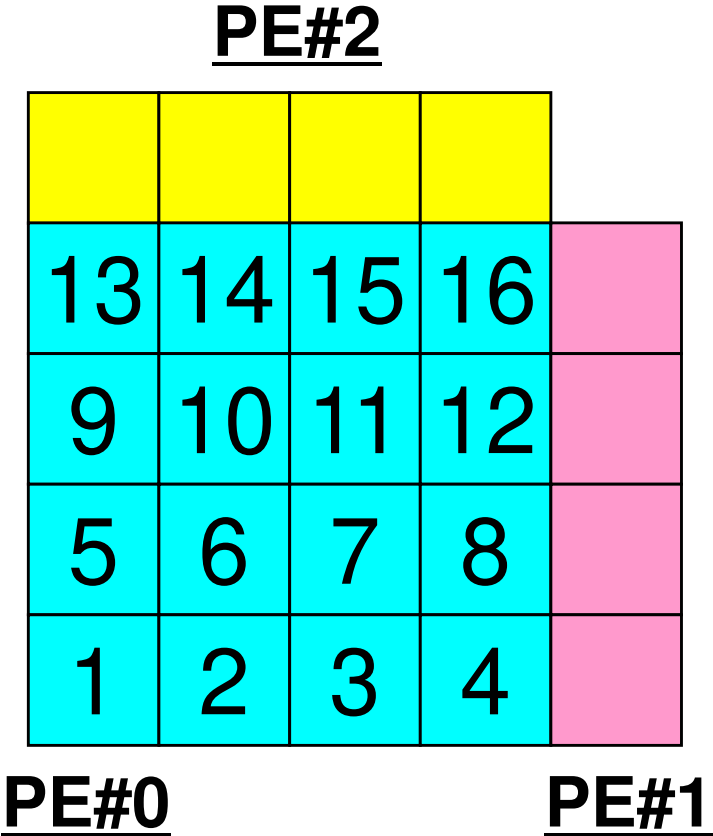
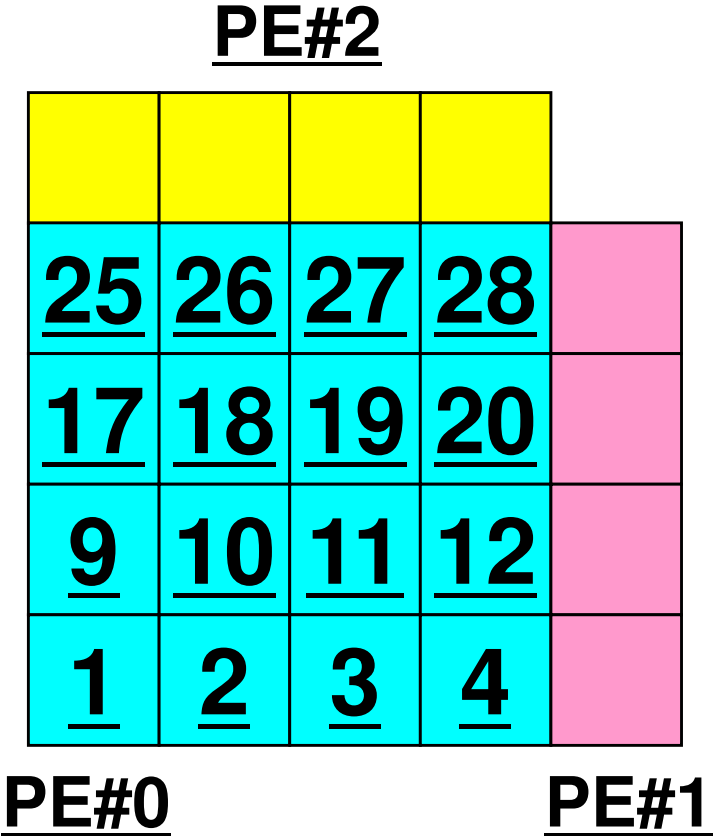
1: <u>5</u>	9: <u>21</u>	17: <u>4</u>
2: <u>6</u>	10: <u>22</u>	18: <u>12</u>
3: <u>7</u>	11: <u>23</u>	19: <u>20</u>
4: <u>8</u>	12: <u>24</u>	20: <u>28</u>
5: <u>13</u>	13: <u>29</u>	21: <u>37</u>
6: <u>14</u>	14: <u>30</u>	22: <u>38</u>
7: <u>15</u>	15: <u>31</u>	23: <u>39</u>
8: <u>16</u>	16: <u>32</u>	24: <u>40</u>

Point-to-Point Communication

- What is PtoP Communication ?
- 2D Problem, Generalized Communication Table
 - 2D FDM
 - Problem Setting
 - Distributed Local Data and Communication Table
 - Implementation
- Report S2

Overview of Distributed Local Data

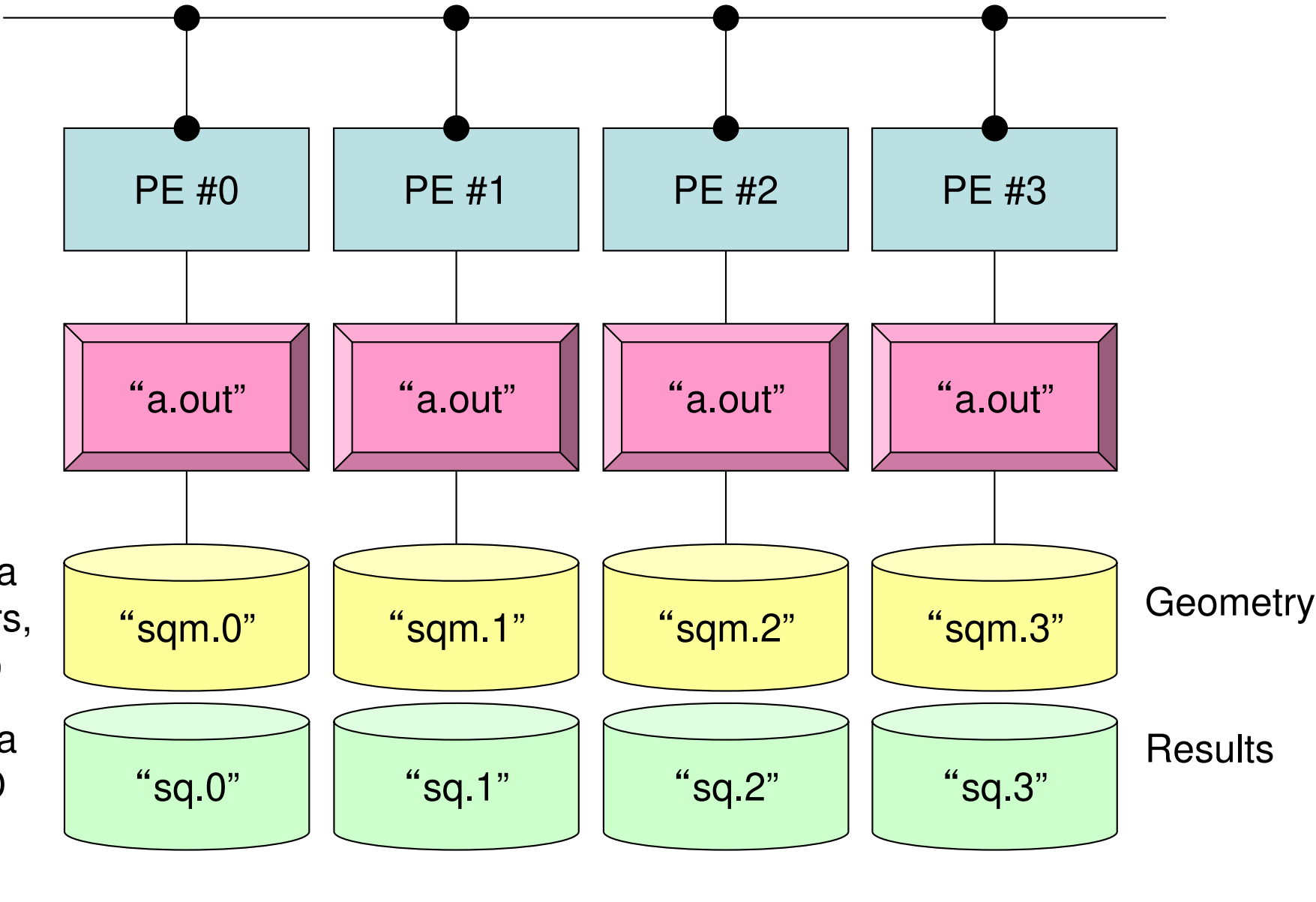
Example on PE#0



Value at each mesh (= Global ID)

Local ID

SPMD...



2D FDM: PE#0

Information at each domain (1/4)

Internal Points

Meshes originally assigned to the domain

13	14	15	16
9	10	11	12
5	6	7	8
1	2	3	4

2D FDM: PE#0

Information at each domain (2/4)

PE#2

				
13	14	15	16	
9	10	11	12	
5	6	7	8	
1	2	3	4	

PE#1

Internal Points

Meshes originally assigned to the domain

External Points

Meshes originally assigned to different domain, but required for computation of meshes in the domain (meshes in overlapped regions)

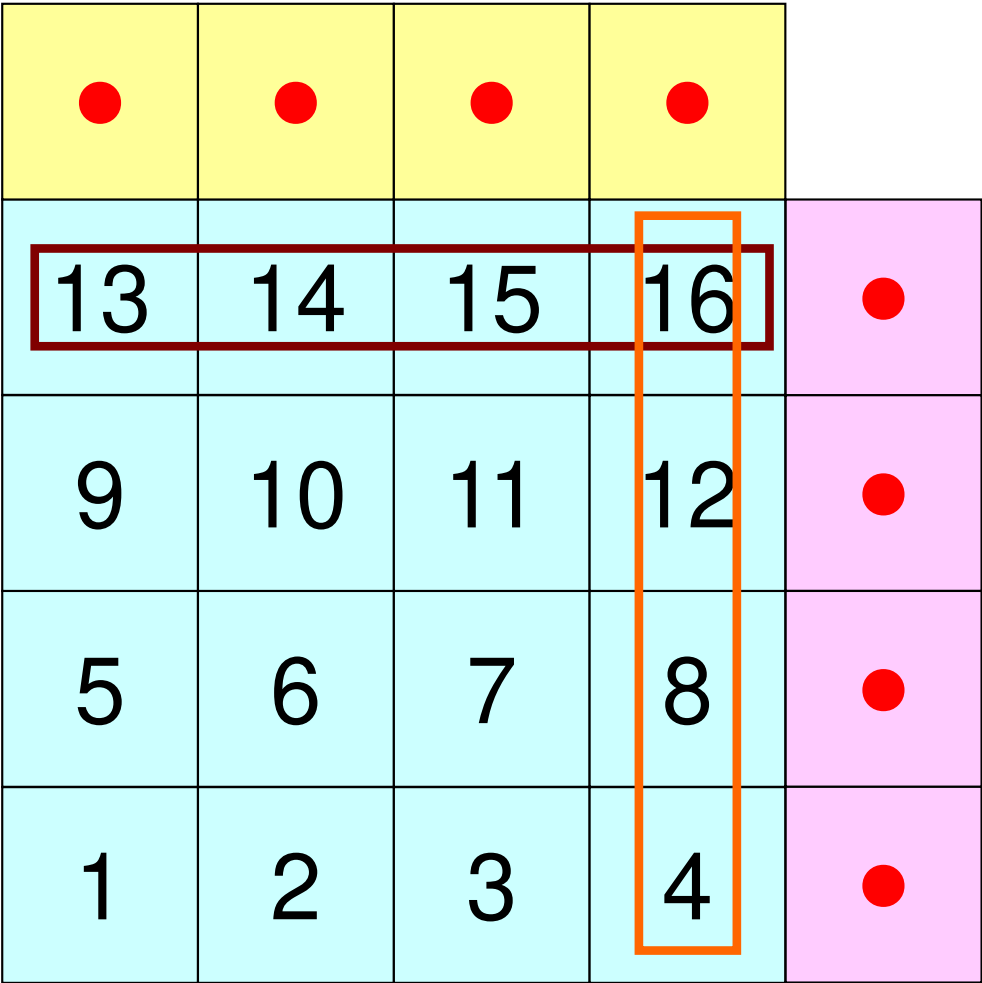
- Sleeves
- Halo



2D FDM: PE#0

Information at each domain (3/4)

PE#2



PE#1

Internal Points

Meshes originally assigned to the domain

External Points

Meshes originally assigned to different domain, but required for computation of meshes in the domain (meshes in overlapped regions)

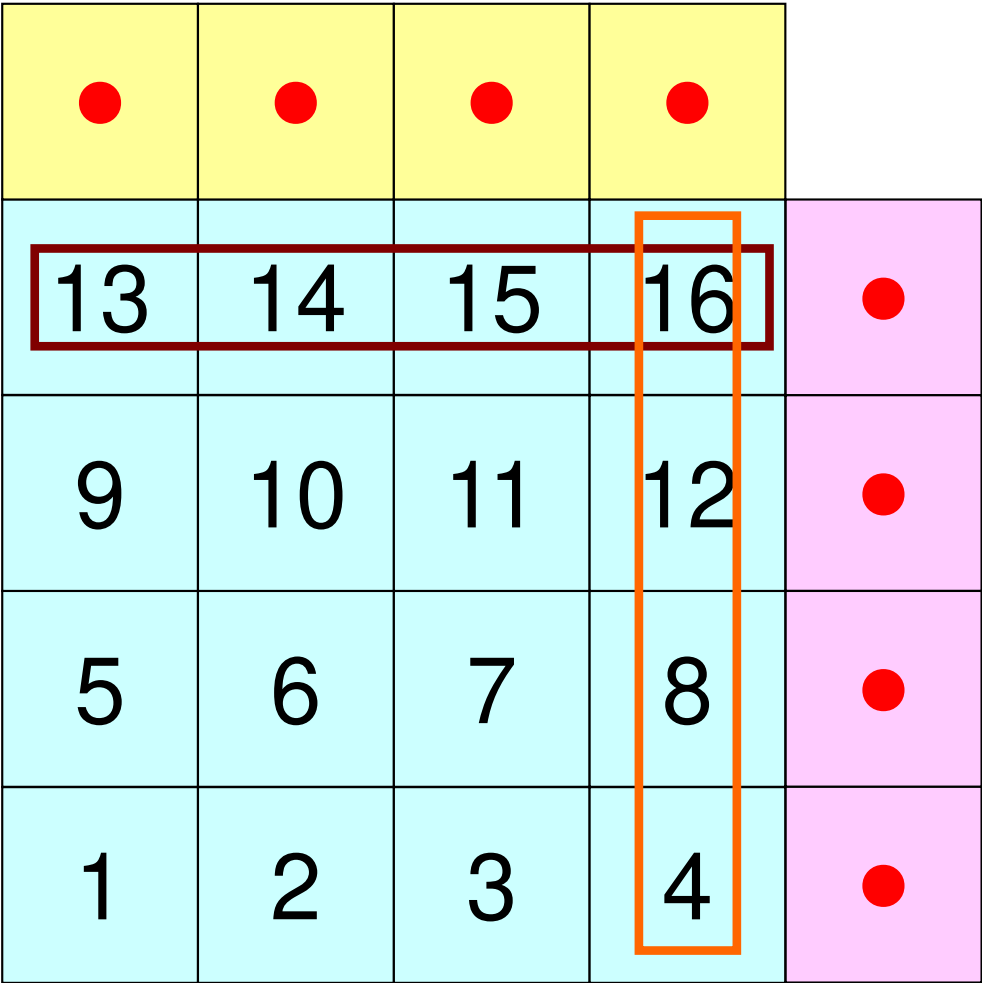
Boundary Points

Internal points, which are also external points of other domains (used in computations of meshes in other domains)

2D FDM: PE#0

Information at each domain (4/4)

PE#2



PE#1

Internal Points

Meshes originally assigned to the domain

External Points

Meshes originally assigned to different domain, but required for computation of meshes in the domain (meshes in overlapped regions)

Boundary Points

Internal points, which are also external points of other domains (used in computations of meshes in other domains)

Relationships between Domains

Communication Table: External/Boundary Points
Neighbors

Description of Distributed Local Data

21	22	23	24	
13	14	15	16	20
9	10	11	12	19
5	6	7	8	18
1	2	3	4	17

- Internal/External Points
 - Numbering: Starting from internal pts, then external pts after that
- Neighbors
 - Shares overlapped meshes
 - Number and ID of neighbors
- Import Table (Receive)
 - From where, how many, and which external points are received/imported ?
- Export Table (Send)
 - To where, how many and which boundary points are sent/exported ?

Overview of Distributed Local Data

Example on PE#0

<u>PE#2</u>				
<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	
<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>	
<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	
<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	
<u>PE#0</u>				<u>PE#1</u>

<u>PE#2</u>				
21	22	23	24	
13	14	15	16	20
9	10	11	12	19
5	6	7	8	18
1	2	3	4	17
<u>PE#0</u>				<u>PE#1</u>

Value at each mesh (= Global ID)

Local ID

Generalized Comm. Table: Send

0	1.1 ①	2.4 ①,0	3.2 ④,1		
1	3.6 ①	4.3 ②,2	2.5 ③,3	3.7 ⑤,4	9.1 ⑦,5
2	5.7 ②	1.5 ④,6	3.1 ⑥,7		
3	9.8 ③	4.1 ①,8	2.5 ④,9	2.7 ⑤,10	
4	11.5 ④	3.1 ②,11	9.5 ①,12	10.4 ②,13	4.3 ⑥,14
5	12.4 ⑤	6.5 ②,15	9.5 ⑥,16		
6	23.1 ⑥	6.4 ①,17	2.5 ②,18	1.4 ⑤,19	13.1 ⑦,20
7	51.3 ⑦	9.5 ①,21	1.3 ②,22	9.6 ③,23	3.1 ⑤,24

Diag [i] Diagonal Components (REAL, i=0~N-1)
Index[i] Number of Non-Zero Off-Diagonals at Each ROW (INT, i=0~N)
Item[k] Off-Diagonal Components (Corresponding Column ID) (INT, k=0, index[N])
Amat[k] Off-Diagonal Components (Value) (REAL, k=0, index[N])

$\{Y\} = [A] \{X\}$

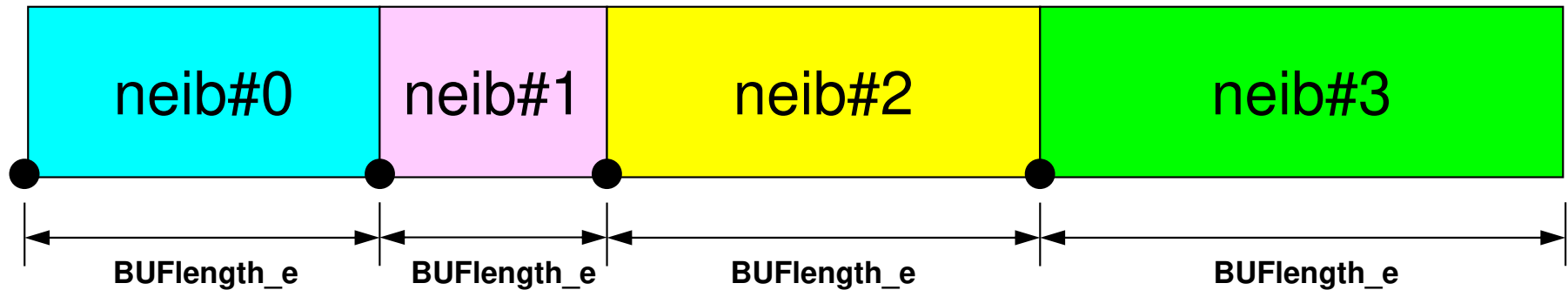
```
for (i=0; i<N; i++) {
    Y[i] = Diag[i] * X[i];
    for (k=Index[i]; k<Index[i+1]; k++) {
        Y[i] += AMat[k]*X[Item[k]];
    }
}
```

- Neighbors
 - NeibPETot, NeibPE[NeibPETot]
- Message size for each neighbor
 - export_index[NeibPETot+1]
- ID of **boundary** points
 - export_item[export_index[NeibPETot]]
- Messages to each neighbor
 - SendBuf[export_index[NeibPETot]]

SEND: MPI_Isend/Irecv/Waitall

C

SendBuf



export_index[0] export_index[1] export_index[2] export_index[3] export_index[4]

export_item (export_index[neib]:export_index[neib+1]-1) are sent to neib-th neighbor

```
for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
    for (k=export_index[neib];k<export_index[neib+1];k++){
        kk= export_item[k];
        SendBuf[k]= VAL[kk];
    }
}
```

Copied to sending buffers

```
for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot; neib++){
    tag= 0;
    iS_e= export_index[neib];
    iE_e= export_index[neib+1];
    BUFlength_e= iE_e - iS_e

    ierr= MPI_Isend
        (&SendBuf[iS_e], BUFlength_e, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib], 0,
         MPI_COMM_WORLD, &ReqSend[neib])
}
```

```
MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, ReqSend, StatSend);
```

Generalized Comm. Table: Receive

- Neighbors
 - NeibPETot, NeibPE[NeibPETot]
- Message size for each neighbor
 - import_index [NeibPETot+1]
- ID of **external** points
 - import_item [import_index[NeibPETot]]
- Messages from each neighbor
 - RecvBuf [import_index[NeibPETot]]

RECV: MPI_Isend/Irecv/Waitall

C

```
for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot; neib++){
    tag= 0;
    iS_i= import_index[neib];
    iE_i= import_index[neib+1];
    BUFlength_i= iE_i - iS_i

    ierr= MPI_Irecv
        (&RecvBuf[iS_i], BUFlength_i, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib], 0,
         MPI_COMM_WORLD, &ReqRecv[neib])
}

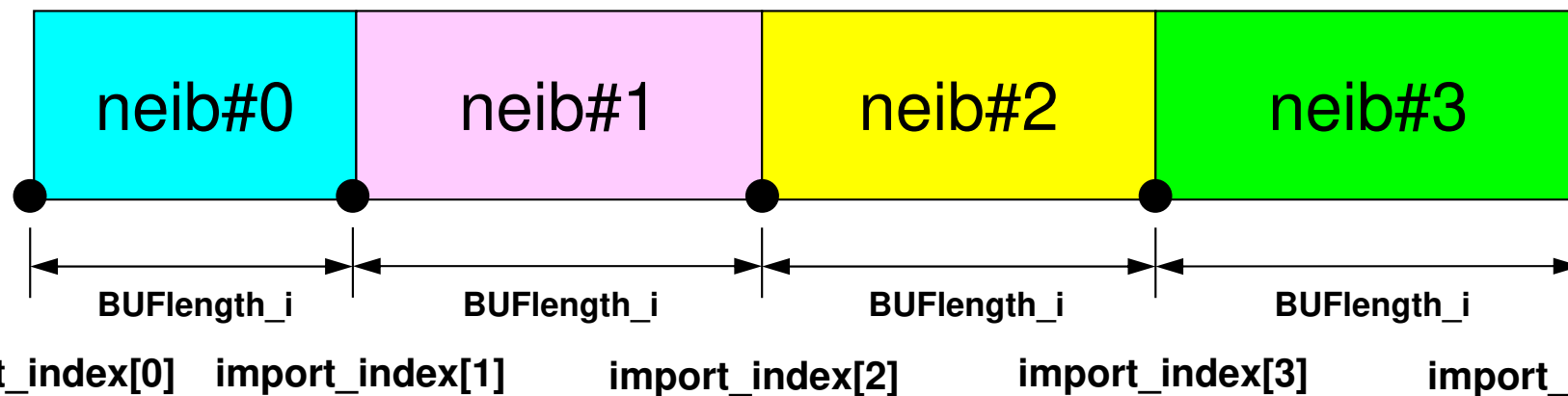
MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, ReqRecv, StatRecv);

for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
    for (k=import_index[neib];k<import_index[neib+1];k++){
        kk= import_item[k];
        VAL[kk]= RecvBuf[k];
    }
}
```

Copied from receiving buffer

import_item (import_index[neib]:import_index[neib+1]-1) are received from neib-th neighbor

RecvBuf



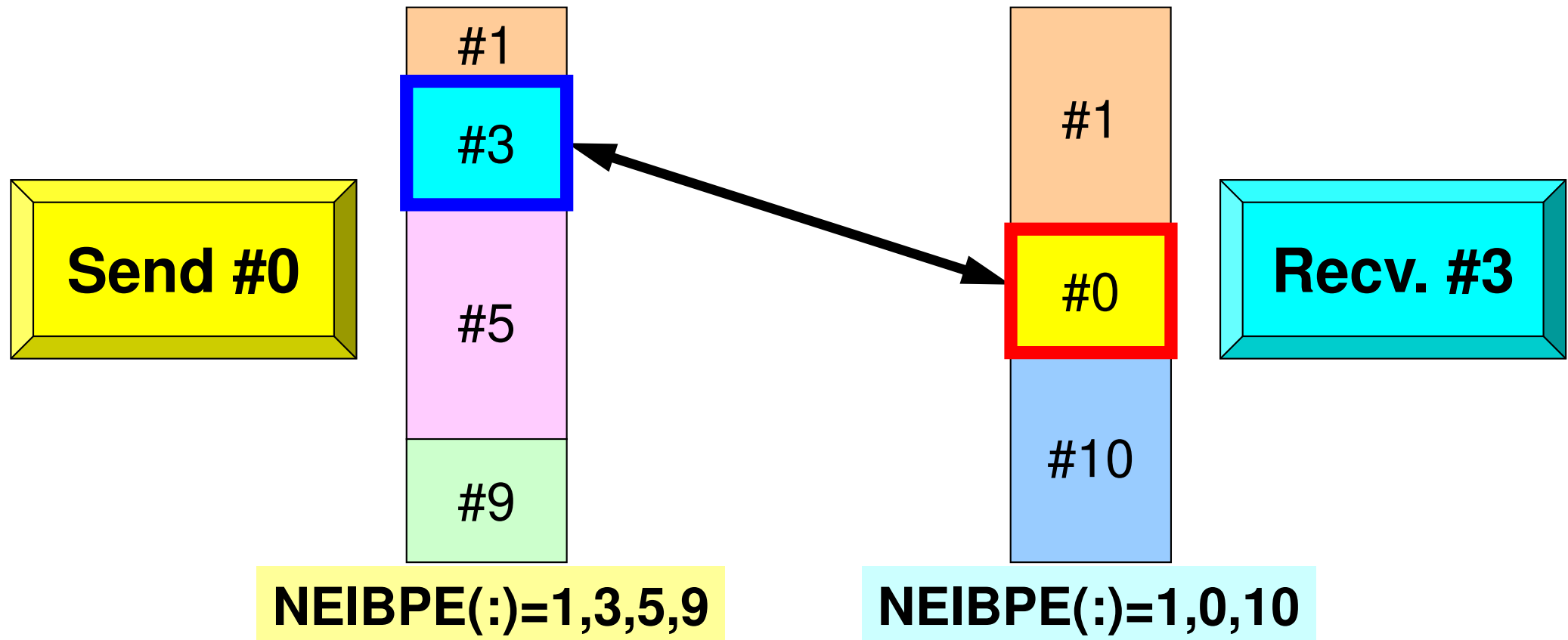
Relationship SEND/RECV

```
do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT  
  iS_e= export_index(neib-1) + 1  
  iE_e= export_index(neib )  
  BUFlength_e= iE_e + 1 - iS_e  
  
  call MPI_ISEND  
&      (SENDbuf(iS_e), BUFlength_e, MPI_INTEGER, NEIBPE(neib), 0, &  
&      MPI_COMM_WORLD, request_send(neib), ierr)  
enddo
```

```
do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT  
  iS_i= import_index(neib-1) + 1  
  iE_i= import_index(neib )  
  BUFlength_i= iE_i + 1 - iS_i  
  
  call MPI_IRECV  
&      (RECVbuf(iS_i), BUFlength_i, MPI_INTEGER, NEIBPE(neib), 0, &  
&      MPI_COMM_WORLD, request_recv(neib), ierr)  
enddo
```

- Consistency of ID's of sources/destinations, size and contents of messages !
- Communication occurs when NEIBPE(neib) matches

Relationship SEND/RECV (#0 to #3)



- Consistency of ID's of sources/destinations, size and contents of messages !
- Communication occurs when NEIBPE(neib) matches

Generalized Comm. Table (1/6)

PE#2

21	22	23	24	
13	14	15	16	20
9	10	11	12	19
5	6	7	8	18
1	2	3	4	17

PE#1

```
#NEIBPEtot
2
#NEIBPE
1 2
#NODE
24 16
#IMPORT_index
4 8
#IMPORT_items
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
#EXPORT_index
4 8
#EXPORT_items
4
8
12
16
13
14
15
16
```

Generalized Comm. Table (2/6)

PE#2

21	22	23	24	
13	14	15	16	20
9	10	11	12	19
5	6	7	8	18
1	2	3	4	17

PE#1

```
#NEIBPEtot  Number of neighbors
2
#NEIBPE      ID of neighbors
1  2
#NODE
24 16      Ext/Int Pts, Int Pts
#IMPORT_index
4  8
#IMPORT_items
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
#EXPORT_index
4  8
#EXPORT_items
4
8
12
16
13
14
15
16
```

Generalized Comm. Table (3/6)

PE#2

21	22	23	24	
13	14	15	16	20
9	10	11	12	19
5	6	7	8	18
1	2	3	4	17

PE#1

```
#NEIBPEtot
2
#NEIBPE
1 2
#NODE
24 16
#IMPORT_index
4 8
#IMPORT_items
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
#EXPORT_index
4 8
#EXPORT_items
4
8
12
16
13
14
15
16
```

Four ext pts (1st-4th items) are imported from 1st neighbor (PE#1), and four (5th-8th items) are from 2nd neighbor (PE#2).

Generalized Comm. Table (4/6)

PE#2

21	22	23	24	
13	14	15	16	20
9	10	11	12	19
5	6	7	8	18
1	2	3	4	17

PE#1

```
#NEIBPEtot
2
#NEIBPE
1 2
#NODE
24 16
#IMPORT_index
4 8
#IMPORT_items
17
18 imported from 1st Neighbor
19 (PE#1) (1st-4th items)
20
21 imported from 2nd Neighbor
22 (PE#2) (5th-8th items)
23
24
#EXPORT_index
4 8
#EXPORT_items
4
8
12
16
13
14
15
16
```

Generalized Comm. Table (5/6)

PE#2

21	22	23	24	
13	14	15	16	20
9	10	11	12	19
5	6	7	8	18
1	2	3	4	17

PE#1

```
#NEIBPEtot
2
#NEIBPE
1 2
#NODE
24 16
#IMPORT_index
4 8
#IMPORT_items
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
#EXPORT_index
4 8
#EXPORT_items
4
8
12
16
13
14
15
16
```

Four boundary pts (1st-4th items) are exported to 1st neighbor (PE#1), and four (5th-8th items) are to 2nd neighbor (PE#2).

Generalized Comm. Table (6/6)

PE#2

21	22	23	24	
13	14	15	16	20
9	10	11	12	19
5	6	7	8	18
1	2	3	4	17

PE#1

```
#NEIBPEtot
2
#NEIBPE
1 2
#NODE
24 16
#IMPORT_index
4 8
#IMPORT_items
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
#EXPORT_index
4 8
#EXPORT_items
4
8
12
16
13
14
15
16
```

exported to 1st Neighbor
(PE#1) (1st-4th items)

exported to 2nd Neighbor
(PE#2) (5th-8th items)

Generalized Comm. Table (6/6)

PE#2

21	22	23	24	
13	14	15	16	20
9	10	11	12	19
5	6	7	8	18
1	2	3	4	17

PE#1

An external point is only sent from its original domain.

A boundary point could be referred from more than one domain, and sent to multiple domains (e.g. 16th mesh).

Notice: Send/Recv Arrays

#PE0

send:

VEC(start_send) ~
VEC(start_send+length_send-1)

#PE1

send:

VEC(start_send) ~
VEC(start_send+length_send-1)

#PE0

recv:

VEC(start_recv) ~
VEC(start_recv+length_recv-1)

#PE1

recv:

VEC(start_recv) ~
VEC(start_recv+length_recv-1)

- “length_send” of sending process must be equal to “length_recv” of receiving process.
 - PE#0 to PE#1, PE#1 to PE#0
- “sendbuf” and “recvbuf”: different address

Point-to-Point Communication

- What is PtoP Communication ?
- 2D Problem, Generalized Communication Table
 - 2D FDM
 - Problem Setting
 - Distributed Local Data and Communication Table
 - Implementation
- Report S2

Sample Program for 2D FDM

```
$ cd /work/gt87/t87XXX/pFEM/mpi/S2  
$ module load fj
```

```
$ mpifrtpx -Kfast sq-sr1.f  
$ mpifccpx -Nclang -Kfast sq-sr1.c
```

```
(modify go4.sh for 4 processes)  
$ pjsub go4.sh
```

go4.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "test"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture7-o
#PJM -L node=1
#PJM --mpi proc=4
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt87
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o test.lst

module load fj
module load fjmpi

mpiexec ./a.out
```

Example: sq-sr1.c (1/6)

Initialization



```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <assert.h>
#include "mpi.h"
int main(int argc, char **argv){

    int n, np, NeibPeTot, BufLength;
    MPI_Status *StatSend, *StatRecv;
    MPI_Request *RequestSend, *RequestRecv;

    int MyRank, PeTot;
    int *val, *SendBuf, *RecvBuf, *NeibPe;
    int *ImportIndex, *ExportIndex, *ImportItem, *ExportItem;

    char FileName[80], line[80];
    int i, nn, neib;
    int iStart, iEnd;
    FILE *fp;

    /*
    !C +-----+
    !C |  INIT. MPI  |
    !C +-----+
    !C===*/

    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &PeTot);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &MyRank);
```

Example: sq-sr1.c (2/6)

C

Reading distributed local data files (sqm.*)

```
/*
!C +-----+
!C | DATA file |
!C +-----+
!C===*/

    sprintf(FileName, "sqm.%d", MyRank);
    fp = fopen(FileName, "r");

    fscanf(fp, "%d", &NeibPeTot);
    NeibPe = calloc(NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));
    ImportIndex = calloc(1+NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));
    ExportIndex = calloc(1+NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));

    for(neib=0;neib<NeibPeTot;neib++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &NeibPe[neib]);
    }
    fscanf(fp, "%d %d", &np, &n);

    for(neib=1;neib<NeibPeTot+1;neib++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ImportIndex[neib]);}
    nn = ImportIndex[NeibPeTot];
    ImportItem = malloc(nn * sizeof(int));
    for(i=0;i<nn;i++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ImportItem[i]); ImportItem[i]--;}

    for(neib=1;neib<NeibPeTot+1;neib++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ExportIndex[neib]);}
    nn = ExportIndex[NeibPeTot];
    ExportItem = malloc(nn * sizeof(int));

    for(i=0;i<nn;i++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ExportItem[i]);ExportItem[i]--;}
```

Example: sq-sr1.c (2/6)

C

Reading distributed local data files (sqm.*)

```

/*
!C +-----+
!C | DATA file |
!C +-----+
!C===*/

    sprintf(FileName, "sqm.%d", MyRank);
    fp = fopen(FileName, "r");

    fscanf(fp, "%d", &NeibPeTot);
    NeibPe = calloc(NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));
    ImportIndex = calloc(1+NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));
    ExportIndex = calloc(1+NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));

    for(neib=0;neib<NeibPeTot;neib++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &NeibPe[neib]);
    }
    fscanf(fp, "%d %d", &np, &n);

    for(neib=1;neib<NeibPeTot+1;neib++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ImportIndex[neib]);}
    nn = ImportIndex[NeibPeTot];
    ImportItem = malloc(nn * sizeof(int));
    for(i=0;i<nn;i++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ImportItem[i]); ImportItem[i]-

    for(neib=1;neib<NeibPeTot+1;neib++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ExportIndex[neib]);}
    nn = ExportIndex[NeibPeTot];
    ExportItem = malloc(nn * sizeof(int));

    for(i=0;i<nn;i++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ExportItem[i]);ExportItem[i]--;}

```

```

#NEIBPeTot
2
#NEIBPE
1 2
#NODE
24 16
#IMPORTindex
4 8
#IMPORTitems
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
#EXPORTindex
4 8
#EXPORTitems
4
8
12
16
13
14
15
16

```

Example: sq-sr1.c (2/6)

C

Reading distributed local data files (sqm.*)

```

/*
!C +-----+
!C | DATA file |
!C +-----+
!C===*/

sprintf(FileName, "sqm.%d", MyRank);
fp = fopen(FileName, "r");

fscanf(fp, "%d", &NeibPeTot);
NeibPe = calloc(NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));

np   Number of all meshes (internal + external)
n    Number of internal meshes

for(neib=0;neib<NeibPeTot;neib++){
    fscanf(fp, "%d", &NeibPe[neib]);
}

fscanf(fp, "%d %d", &np, &n);

for(neib=1;neib<NeibPeTot+1;neib++){
    fscanf(fp, "%d", &ImportIndex[neib]);}
nn = ImportIndex[NeibPeTot];
ImportItem = malloc(nn * sizeof(int));
for(i=0;i<nn;i++){
    fscanf(fp, "%d", &ImportItem[i]); ImportItem[i]-

for(neib=1;neib<NeibPeTot+1;neib++){
    fscanf(fp, "%d", &ExportIndex[neib]);}
nn = ExportIndex[NeibPeTot];
ExportItem = malloc(nn * sizeof(int));

for(i=0;i<nn;i++){
    fscanf(fp, "%d", &ExportItem[i]);ExportItem[i]--;}

```

```

#NEIBPeTot
2
#NEIBPE
1 2
#NODE
24 16
#IMPORTindex
4 8
#IMPORTitems
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
#EXPORTindex
4 8
#EXPORTitems
4
8
12
16
13
14
15
16

```

Example: sq-sr1.c (2/6)

C

Reading distributed local data files (sqm.*)

```

/*
!C +-----+
!C | DATA file |
!C +-----+
!C===*/

    sprintf(FileName, "sqm.%d", MyRank);
    fp = fopen(FileName, "r");

    fscanf(fp, "%d", &NeibPeTot);
    NeibPe = calloc(NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));
    ImportIndex = calloc(1+NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));
    ExportIndex = calloc(1+NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));

    for(neib=0;neib<NeibPeTot;neib++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &NeibPe[neib]);
    }
    fscanf(fp, "%d %d", &np, &n);

    for(neib=1;neib<NeibPeTot+1;neib++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ImportIndex[neib]);}
    nn = ImportIndex[NeibPeTot];
    ImportItem = malloc(nn * sizeof(int));
    for(i=0;i<nn;i++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ImportItem[i]); ImportItem[i]-
    }

    for(neib=1;neib<NeibPeTot+1;neib++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ExportIndex[neib]);}
    nn = ExportIndex[NeibPeTot];
    ExportItem = malloc(nn * sizeof(int));

    for(i=0;i<nn;i++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ExportItem[i]);ExportItem[i]--;}

```

```

#NEIBPEtot
2
#NEIBPE
1 2
#NODE
24 16
#IMPORTindex
4 8
#IMPORTitems
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
#EXPORTindex
4 8
#EXPORTitems
4
8
12
16
13
14
15
16

```

Example: sq-sr1.c (2/6)

C

Reading distributed local data files (sqm.*)

```

/*
!C +-----+
!C | DATA file |
!C +-----+
!C===*/

    sprintf(FileName, "sqm.%d", MyRank);
    fp = fopen(FileName, "r");

    fscanf(fp, "%d", &NeibPeTot);
    NeibPe = calloc(NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));
    ImportIndex = calloc(1+NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));
    ExportIndex = calloc(1+NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));

    for(neib=0;neib<NeibPeTot;neib++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &NeibPe[neib]);
    }
    fscanf(fp, "%d %d", &np, &n);

    for(neib=1;neib<NeibPeTot+1;neib++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ImportIndex[neib]);
    }
    nn = ImportIndex[NeibPeTot];
    ImportItem = malloc(nn * sizeof(int));
    for(i=0;i<nn;i++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ImportItem[i]); ImportItem[i]-
    }

    for(neib=1;neib<NeibPeTot+1;neib++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ExportIndex[neib]);
    }
    nn = ExportIndex[NeibPeTot];
    ExportItem = malloc(nn * sizeof(int));

    for(i=0;i<nn;i++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ExportItem[i]);ExportItem[i]--;
    }

```

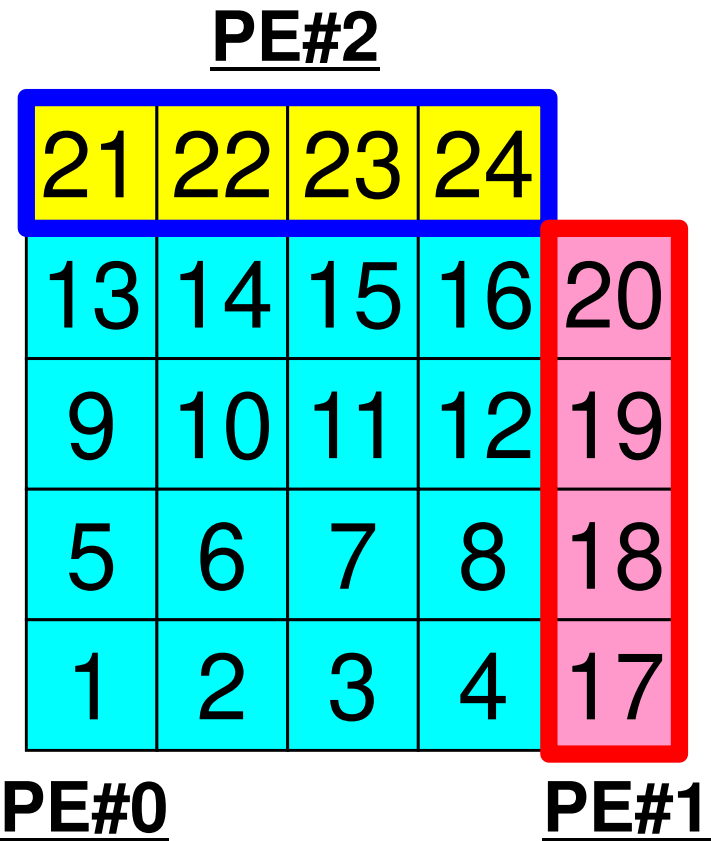
```

#NEIBPEtot
2
#NEIBPE
1 2
#NODE
24 16
#IMPORTindex
4 8
#IMPORTitems
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
#EXPORTindex
4 8
#EXPORTitems
4
8
12
16
13
14
15
16

```

RECV/Import: PE#0

```
#NEIBPEtot
2
#NEIBPE
1 2
#NODE
24 16
#IMPORTindex
4 8
#IMPORTitems
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
#EXPORTindex
4 8
#EXPORTitems
4
8
12
16
13
14
15
16
```



Example: sq-sr1.c (2/6)

C

Reading distributed local data files (sqm.*)

```

/*
!C +-----+
!C | DATA file |
!C +-----+
!C===*/

sprintf(FileName, "sqm.%d", MyRank);
fp = fopen(FileName, "r");

fscanf(fp, "%d", &NeibPeTot);
NeibPe = calloc(NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));
ImportIndex = calloc(1+NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));
ExportIndex = calloc(1+NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));

for(neib=0;neib<NeibPeTot;neib++){
    fscanf(fp, "%d", &NeibPe[neib]);
}
fscanf(fp, "%d %d", &np, &n);

for(neib=1;neib<NeibPeTot+1;neib++){
    fscanf(fp, "%d", &ImportIndex[neib]);}
nn = ImportIndex[NeibPeTot];
ImportItem = malloc(nn * sizeof(int));
for(i=0;i<nn;i++){
    fscanf(fp, "%d", &ImportItem[i]); ImportItem[i]-

for(neib=1;neib<NeibPeTot+1;neib++){
    fscanf(fp, "%d", &ExportIndex[neib]);}
nn = ExportIndex[NeibPeTot];
ExportItem = malloc(nn * sizeof(int));

for(i=0;i<nn;i++){
    fscanf(fp, "%d", &ExportItem[i]);ExportItem[i]--;}

```

```

#NEIBPEtot
2
#NEIBPE
1 2
#NODE
24 16
#IMPORTindex
4 8
#IMPORTitems
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
#EXPORTindex
4 8
#EXPORTitems
4
8
12
16
13
14
15
16

```

Example: sq-sr1.c (2/6)

C

Reading distributed local data files (sqm.*)

```

/*
!C +-----+
!C | DATA file |
!C +-----+
!C===*/

    sprintf(FileName, "sqm.%d", MyRank);
    fp = fopen(FileName, "r");

    fscanf(fp, "%d", &NeibPeTot);
    NeibPe = calloc(NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));
    ImportIndex = calloc(1+NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));
    ExportIndex = calloc(1+NeibPeTot, sizeof(int));

    for(neib=0;neib<NeibPeTot;neib++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &NeibPe[neib]);
    }
    fscanf(fp, "%d %d", &np, &n);

    for(neib=1;neib<NeibPeTot+1;neib++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ImportIndex[neib]);}
    nn = ImportIndex[NeibPeTot];
    ImportItem = malloc(nn * sizeof(int));
    for(i=0;i<nn;i++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ImportItem[i]); ImportItem[i]-

    for(neib=1;neib<NeibPeTot+1;neib++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ExportIndex[neib]);}
    nn = ExportIndex[NeibPeTot];
    ExportItem = malloc(nn * sizeof(int));

    for(i=0;i<nn;i++){
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &ExportItem[i]);ExportItem[i]--;}

```

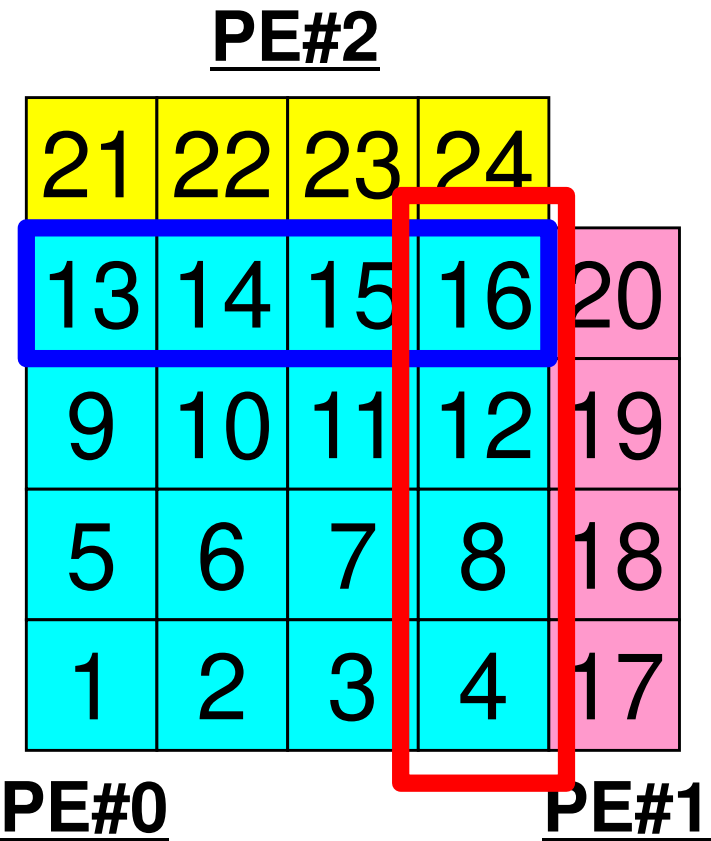
```

#NEIBPEtot
2
#NEIBPE
1 2
#NODE
24 16
#IMPORTindex
4 8
#IMPORTitems
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
#EXPORTindex
4 8
#EXPORTitems
4
8
12
16
13
14
15
16

```

SEND/Export: PE#0

```
#NEIBPEtot
2
#NEIBPE
1 2
#NODE
24 16
#IMPORTindex
4 8
#IMPORTitems
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
#EXPORTindex
4 8
#EXPORTitems
4
8
12
16
13
14
15
16
```



Example: sq-sr1.c (3/6)

C

Reading distributed local data files (sq.*)

```

sprintf(FileName, "sq.%d", MyRank);

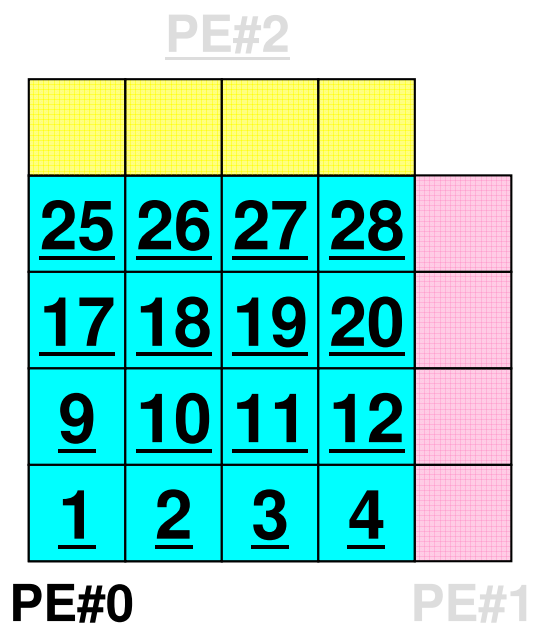
fp = fopen(FileName, "r");
assert(fp != NULL);

val = calloc(np, sizeof(*val));
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    fscanf(fp, "%d", &val[i]);
}
    
```

n : Number of internal points

val : Global ID of meshes

val on external points are unknown at this stage.



1
2
3
4
9
10
11
12
17
18
19
20
25
26
27
28

Example: sq-sr1.c (4/6)

C

Preparation of sending/receiving buffers

```

/*
!C
!C +-----+
!C |  BUFFER  |
!C +-----+
!C===*/

SendBuf = calloc(ExportIndex[NeibPeTot], sizeof(*SendBuf));
RecvBuf = calloc(ImportIndex[NeibPeTot], sizeof(*RecvBuf));

for(neib=0;neib<NeibPeTot;neib++){
    iStart = ExportIndex[neib];
    iEnd    = ExportIndex[neib+1];
    for(i=iStart;i<iEnd;i++){
        SendBuf[i] = val[ExportItem[i]];
    }
}

```

Info. of boundary points is written into sending buffer (**SendBuf**).

Info. sent to **NeibPe[neib]** is stored in

SendBuf[ExportIndex[neib] :

ExportIndex[neib+1]-1]

Sending Buffer is nice ...



```
for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot; neib++){
    tag= 0;
    iS_e= export_index[neib];
    iE_e= export_index[neib+1];
    BUFlength_e= iE_e - iS_e

    ierr= MPI_Isend
        (&SendBuf[iS_e], BUFlength_e, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib], 0,
         MPI_COMM_WORLD, &ReqSend[neib])
}
```

PE#2

21	22	23	24	
13	14	15	16	20
9	10	11	12	19
5	6	7	8	18
1	2	3	4	17

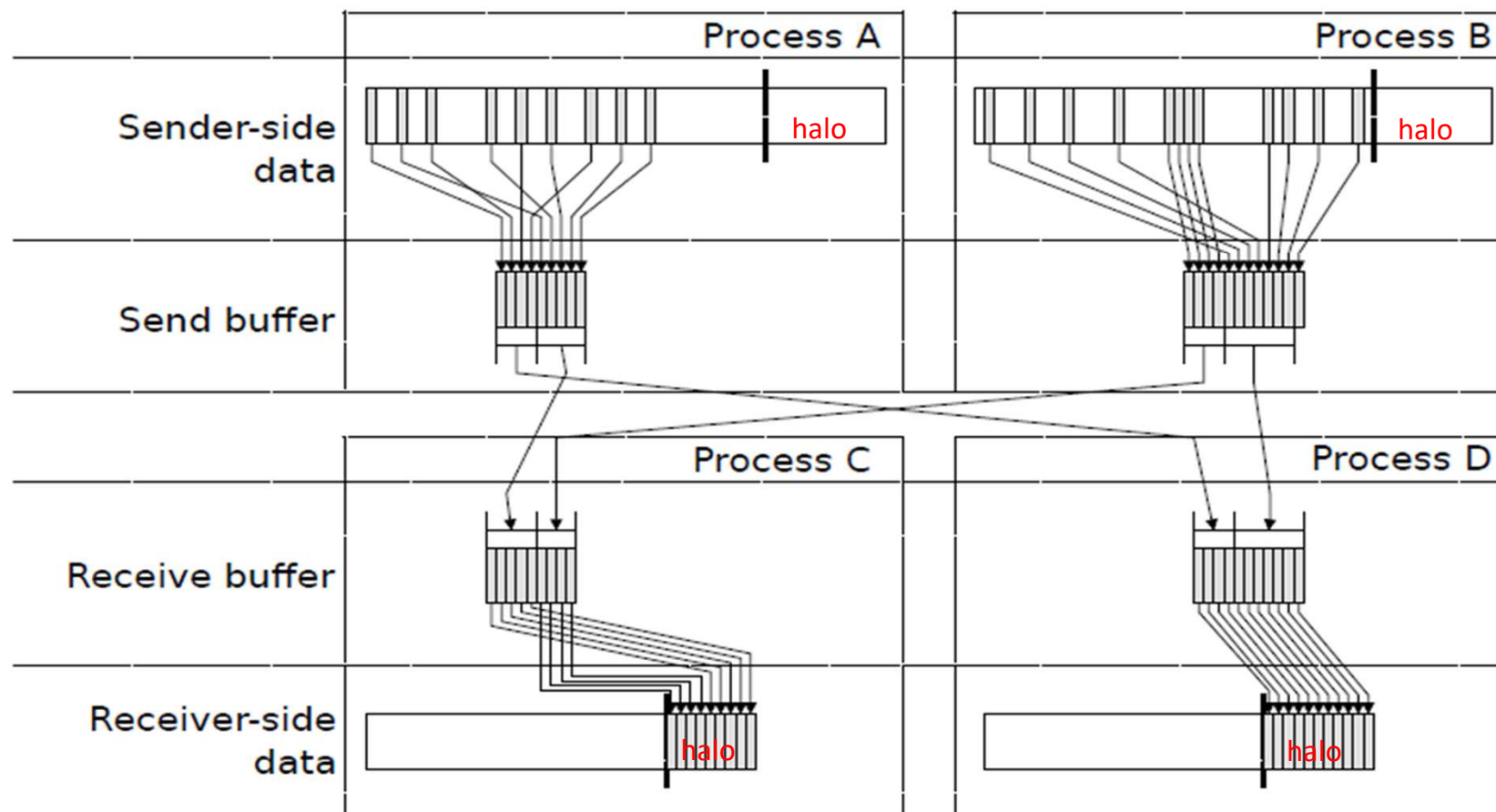
PE#0

PE#1

Numbering of these boundary nodes is not continuous, therefore the following procedure of MPI_Isend is not applied directly:

- Starting address of sending buffer
- XX-messages from that address

Communication Pattern using 1D Structure



Example: sq-sr1.c (5/6)

SEND/Export: MPI_Isend



```

/*
!C
!C +-----+
!C | SEND-RECV |
!C +-----+
!C===*/

StatSend = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Status) * NeibPeTot);
StatRecv = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Status) * NeibPeTot);
RequestSend = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Request) * NeibPeTot);
RequestRecv = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Request) * NeibPeTot);

for (neib=0; neib<NeibPeTot; neib++) {
    iStart = ExportIndex[neib];
    iEnd = ExportIndex[neib+1];
    Buflen = iEnd - iStart;
    MPI_Isend(&SendBuf[iStart], Buflen, MPI_INT,
              NeibPe[neib], 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &RequestSend[neib]);
}

for (neib=0; neib<NeibPeTot; neib++) {
    iStart = ImportIndex[neib];
    iEnd = ImportIndex[neib+1];
    Buflen = iEnd - iStart;

    MPI_Irecv(&RecvBuf[iStart], Buflen, MPI_INT,
              NeibPe[neib], 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &RequestRecv[neib]);
}
    
```

PE#2

57	58	59	60
49	50	51	52
41	42	43	44
33	34	35	36

PE#0

25	26	27	28
17	18	19	20
9	10	11	12
1	2	3	4

PE#3

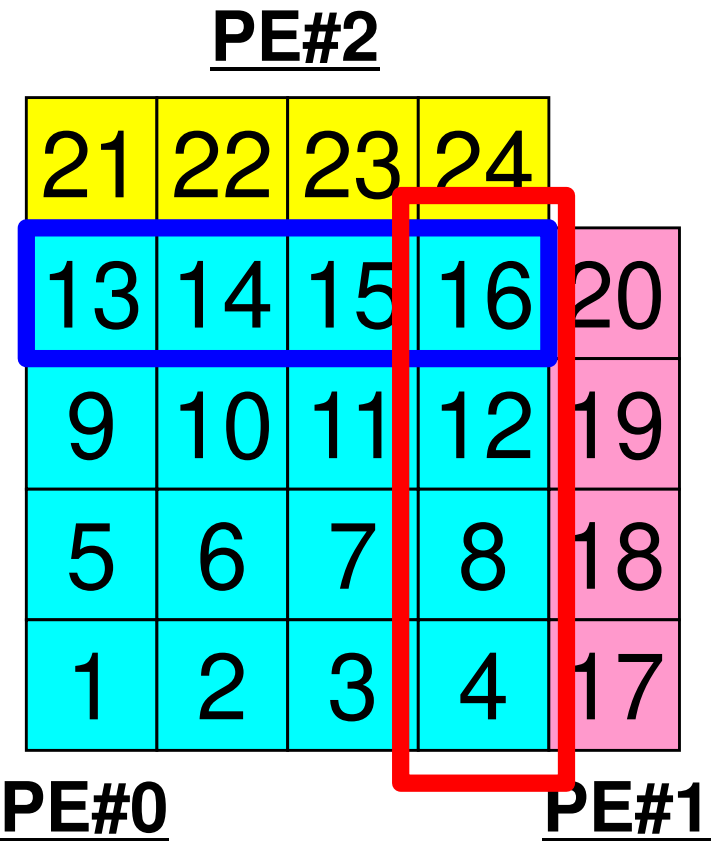
61	62	63	64
53	54	55	56
45	46	47	48
37	38	39	40

PE#1

29	30	31	32
21	22	23	24
13	14	15	16
5	6	7	8

SEND/Export: PE#0

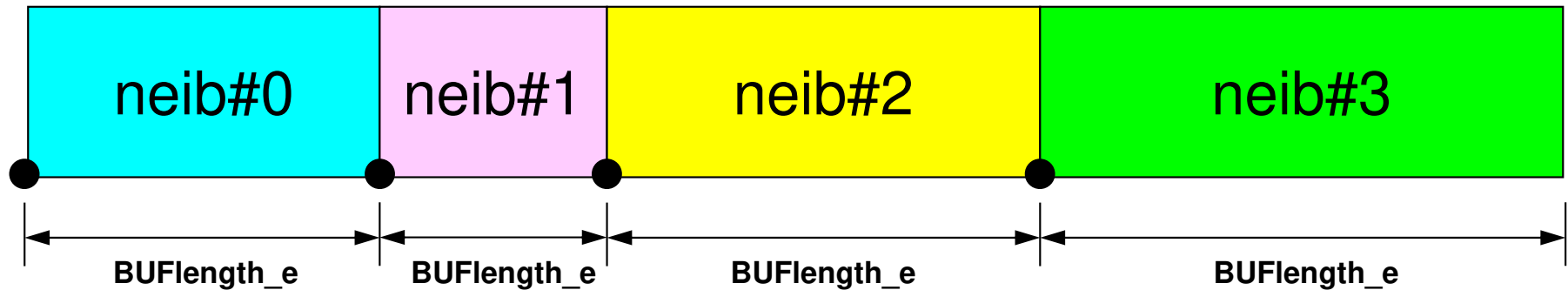
```
#NEIBPEtot
2
#NEIBPE
1 2
#NODE
24 16
#IMPORTindex
4 8
#IMPORTitems
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
#EXPORTindex
4 8
#EXPORTitems
4
8
12
16
13
14
15
16
```



SEND: MPI_Isend/Irecv/Waitall

C

SendBuf



`export_index[0]` `export_index[1]` `export_index[2]` `export_index[3]` `export_index[4]`

`export_item (export_index[neib]:export_index[neib+1]-1)` are sent to `neib`-th neighbor

```
for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
    for (k=export_index[neib];k<export_index[neib+1];k++){
        kk= export_item[k];
        SendBuf[k]= VAL[kk];
    }
}
```

Copied to sending buffers

```
for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot; neib++){
    tag= 0;
    iS_e= export_index[neib];
    iE_e= export_index[neib+1];
    BUFlength_e= iE_e - iS_e

    ierr= MPI_Isend
        (&SendBuf[iS_e], BUFlength_e, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib], 0,
         MPI_COMM_WORLD, &ReqSend[neib])
}
```

```
MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, ReqSend, StatSend);
```

Example: sq-sr1.c (5/6)

RECV/Import: MPI_Irecv



```

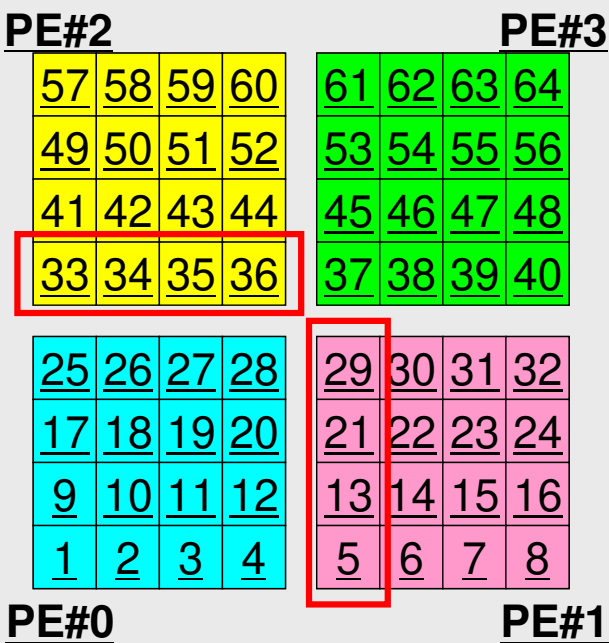
/*
!C
!C +-----+
!C | SEND-RECV |
!C +-----+
!C===*/

StatSend = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Status) * NeibPeTot);
StatRecv = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Status) * NeibPeTot);
RequestSend = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Request) * NeibPeTot);
RequestRecv = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Request) * NeibPeTot);

for(neib=0;neib<NeibPeTot;neib++){
    iStart = ExportIndex[neib];
    iEnd    = ExportIndex[neib+1];
    BufLength = iEnd - iStart;
    MPI_Isend(&SendBuf[iStart], BufLength, MPI_INT,
              NeibPe[neib], 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &RequestSend[neib]);
}

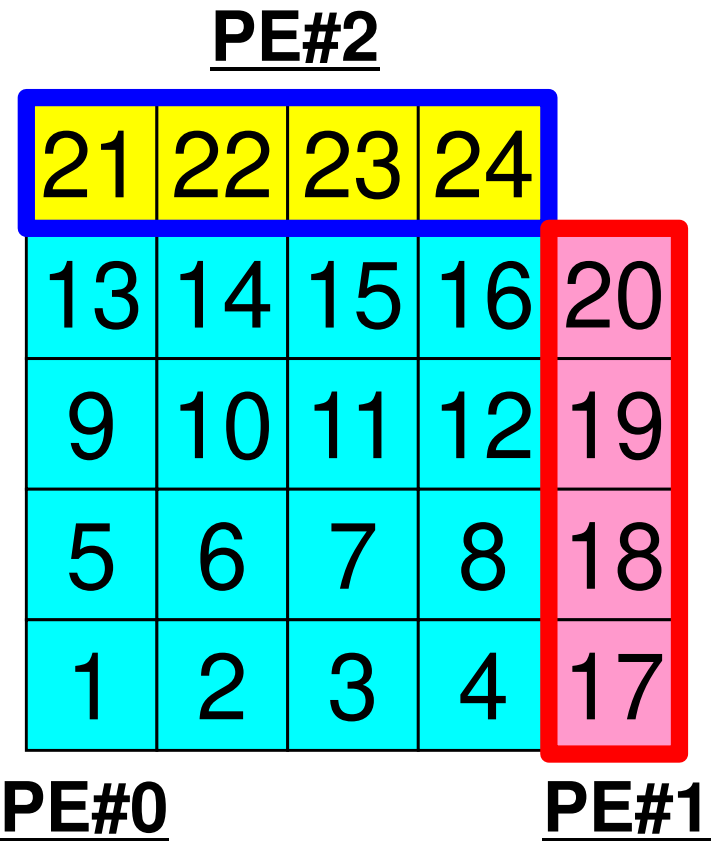
for(neib=0;neib<NeibPeTot;neib++){
    iStart = ImportIndex[neib];
    iEnd    = ImportIndex[neib+1];
    BufLength = iEnd - iStart;

    MPI_Irecv(&RecvBuf[iStart], BufLength, MPI_INT,
              NeibPe[neib], 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &RequestRecv[neib]);
}
    
```



RECV/Import: PE#0

```
#NEIBPEtot
2
#NEIBPE
1 2
#NODE
24 16
#IMPORTindex
4 8
#IMPORTitems
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
#EXPORTindex
4 8
#EXPORTitems
4
8
12
16
13
14
15
16
```





RECV: MPI_Isend/Irecv/Waitall

```
for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot; neib++){
    tag= 0;
    iS_i= import_index[neib];
    iE_i= import_index[neib+1];
    BUFlength_i= iE_i - iS_i

    ierr= MPI_Irecv
        (&RecvBuf[iS_i], BUFlength_i, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib], 0,
         MPI_COMM_WORLD, &ReqRecv[neib])
}

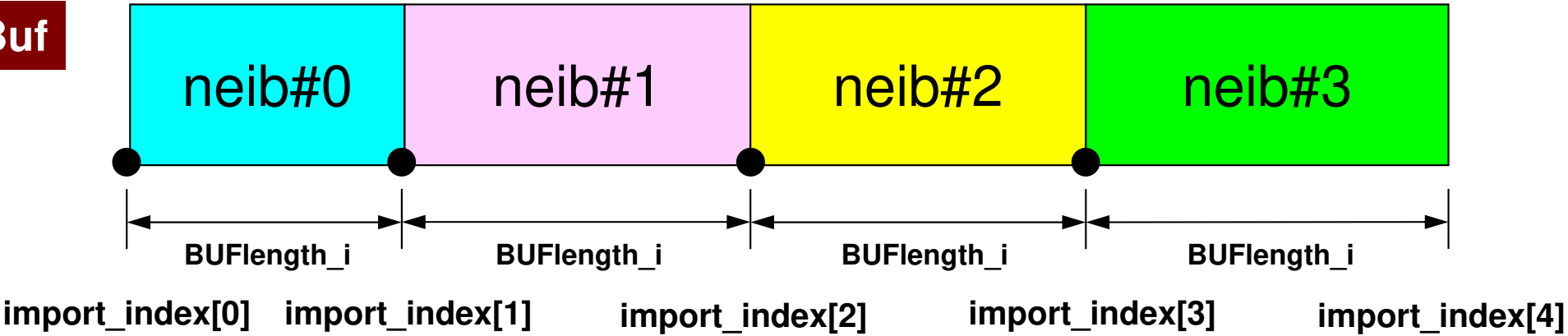
MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, ReqRecv, StatRecv);

for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
    for (k=import_index[neib];k<import_index[neib+1];k++){
        kk= import_item[k];
        VAL[kk]= RecvBuf[k];
    }
}
```

Copied from receiving buffer

import_item (import_index[neib]:import_index[neib+1]-1) are received from neib-th neighbor

RecvBuf



Example: sq-sr1.c (6/6)

C

Reading info of ext pts from receiving buffers

```
MPI_Waitall(NeibPeTot, RequestRecv, StatRecv);
```

```
for(neib=0;neib<NeibPeTot;neib++){
    iStart = ImportIndex[neib];
    iEnd    = ImportIndex[neib+1];
    for(i=iStart;i<iEnd;i++){
        val[ImportItem[i]] = RecvBuf[i];
    }
}
```

Contents of RecvBuf are copied to values at external points.

```
MPI_Waitall(NeibPeTot, RequestSend, StatSend); /*
```

```
!C +-----+
!C | OUTPUT |
!C +-----+
!C==*/
```

```
for(neib=0;neib<NeibPeTot;neib++){
    iStart = ImportIndex[neib];
    iEnd    = ImportIndex[neib+1];
    for(i=iStart;i<iEnd;i++){
        int in = ImportItem[i];
        printf("RECVbuf%8d%8d%8d¥n", MyRank, NeibPe[neib], val[in]);
    }
}
MPI_Finalize();

return 0;
```

```
}
```

Example: sq-sr1.c (6/6)

Writing values at external points

A red rectangular box containing a white capital letter 'C', representing the C programming language.

```
MPI_Waitall(NeibPeTot, RequestRecv, StatRecv);

for(neib=0;neib<NeibPeTot;neib++){
    iStart = ImportIndex[neib];
    iEnd    = ImportIndex[neib+1];
    for(i=iStart;i<iEnd;i++){
        val[ImportItem[i]] = RecvBuf[i];
    }
}
MPI_Waitall(NeibPeTot, RequestSend, StatSend); /*
```

```
!C +-----+
!C |  OUTPUT  |
!C +-----+
!C==*/
```

```
    for(neib=0;neib<NeibPeTot;neib++){
        iStart = ImportIndex[neib];
        iEnd    = ImportIndex[neib+1];
        for(i=iStart;i<iEnd;i++){
            int in = ImportItem[i];
            printf("RECVbuf%8d%8d%8d\n", MyRank, NeibPe[neib], val[in]);
        }
    }
MPI_Finalize();

return 0;
}
```

Results (PE#0)

PE#2

<u>57</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>49</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>52</u>
<u>41</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>44</u>
<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>

<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>
<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>

PE#0

PE#3

<u>61</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>64</u>
<u>53</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>56</u>
<u>45</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>

<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>
<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>16</u>
<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>

PE#1

RECVbuf	0	1	5
RECVbuf	0	1	13
RECVbuf	0	1	21
RECVbuf	0	1	29
RECVbuf	0	2	33
RECVbuf	0	2	34
RECVbuf	0	2	35
RECVbuf	0	2	36
RECVbuf	1	0	4
RECVbuf	1	0	12
RECVbuf	1	0	20
RECVbuf	1	0	28
RECVbuf	1	3	37
RECVbuf	1	3	38
RECVbuf	1	3	39
RECVbuf	1	3	40
RECVbuf	2	3	37
RECVbuf	2	3	45
RECVbuf	2	3	53
RECVbuf	2	3	61
RECVbuf	2	0	25
RECVbuf	2	0	26
RECVbuf	2	0	27
RECVbuf	2	0	28
RECVbuf	3	2	36
RECVbuf	3	2	44
RECVbuf	3	2	52
RECVbuf	3	2	60
RECVbuf	3	1	29
RECVbuf	3	1	30
RECVbuf	3	1	31
RECVbuf	3	1	32

Results (PE#1)

PE#2

<u>57</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>49</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>52</u>
<u>41</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>44</u>
<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>

PE#3

<u>61</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>64</u>
<u>53</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>56</u>
<u>45</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>

<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>
<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>

<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>
<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>16</u>
<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>

PE#0

PE#1

RECVbuf	0	1	5
RECVbuf	0	1	13
RECVbuf	0	1	21
RECVbuf	0	1	29
RECVbuf	0	2	33
RECVbuf	0	2	34
RECVbuf	0	2	35
RECVbuf	0	2	36

RECVbuf	1	0	4
RECVbuf	1	0	12
RECVbuf	1	0	20
RECVbuf	1	0	28
RECVbuf	1	3	37
RECVbuf	1	3	38
RECVbuf	1	3	39
RECVbuf	1	3	40

RECVbuf	2	3	37
RECVbuf	2	3	45
RECVbuf	2	3	53
RECVbuf	2	3	61
RECVbuf	2	0	25
RECVbuf	2	0	26
RECVbuf	2	0	27
RECVbuf	2	0	28

RECVbuf	3	2	36
RECVbuf	3	2	44
RECVbuf	3	2	52
RECVbuf	3	2	60
RECVbuf	3	1	29
RECVbuf	3	1	30
RECVbuf	3	1	31
RECVbuf	3	1	32

Results (PE#2)

PE#2

<u>57</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>49</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>52</u>
<u>41</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>44</u>
<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>

PE#3

<u>61</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>64</u>
<u>53</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>56</u>
<u>45</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>

<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>
<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>

<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>
<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>16</u>
<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>

PE#0

PE#1

RECVbuf	0	1	5
RECVbuf	0	1	13
RECVbuf	0	1	21
RECVbuf	0	1	29
RECVbuf	0	2	33
RECVbuf	0	2	34
RECVbuf	0	2	35
RECVbuf	0	2	36
RECVbuf	1	0	4
RECVbuf	1	0	12
RECVbuf	1	0	20
RECVbuf	1	0	28
RECVbuf	1	3	37
RECVbuf	1	3	38
RECVbuf	1	3	39
RECVbuf	1	3	40
RECVbuf	2	3	37
RECVbuf	2	3	45
RECVbuf	2	3	53
RECVbuf	2	3	61
RECVbuf	2	0	25
RECVbuf	2	0	26
RECVbuf	2	0	27
RECVbuf	2	0	28
RECVbuf	3	2	36
RECVbuf	3	2	44
RECVbuf	3	2	52
RECVbuf	3	2	60
RECVbuf	3	1	29
RECVbuf	3	1	30
RECVbuf	3	1	31
RECVbuf	3	1	32

Results (PE#3)

PE#2

<u>57</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>49</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>52</u>
<u>41</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>44</u>
<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>

<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>
<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>

PE#0

PE#3

<u>61</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>64</u>
<u>53</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>56</u>
<u>45</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>

<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>
<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>16</u>
<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>

PE#1

RECVbuf	0	1	5
RECVbuf	0	1	13
RECVbuf	0	1	21
RECVbuf	0	1	29
RECVbuf	0	2	33
RECVbuf	0	2	34
RECVbuf	0	2	35
RECVbuf	0	2	36
RECVbuf	1	0	4
RECVbuf	1	0	12
RECVbuf	1	0	20
RECVbuf	1	0	28
RECVbuf	1	3	37
RECVbuf	1	3	38
RECVbuf	1	3	39
RECVbuf	1	3	40
RECVbuf	2	3	37
RECVbuf	2	3	45
RECVbuf	2	3	53
RECVbuf	2	3	61
RECVbuf	2	0	25
RECVbuf	2	0	26
RECVbuf	2	0	27
RECVbuf	2	0	28
RECVbuf	3	2	36
RECVbuf	3	2	44
RECVbuf	3	2	52
RECVbuf	3	2	60
RECVbuf	3	1	29
RECVbuf	3	1	30
RECVbuf	3	1	31
RECVbuf	3	1	32

Distributed Local Data Structure for Parallel Computation

- Distributed local data structure for domain-to-domain communications has been introduced, which is appropriate for such applications with sparse coefficient matrices (e.g. FDM, FEM, FVM etc.).
 - SPMD
 - Local Numbering: Internal pts to External pts
 - Generalized communication table
- Everything is easy, if proper data structure is defined:
 - Values at boundary pts are copied into sending buffers
 - Send/Recv
 - Values at external pts are updated through receiving buffers

Initial Mesh

t2

<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>25</u>
<u>16</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>
<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>

Three Domains

t2

#PE2

<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>
<u>16</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>
<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>
<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>	

#PE1

<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>25</u>
<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>
<u>8</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>
	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>

#PE0

<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>		
<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>

Three Domains

t2

#PE2

7 <u>21</u>	8 <u>22</u>	9 <u>23</u>	15 <u>24</u>
4 <u>16</u>	5 <u>17</u>	6 <u>18</u>	14 <u>19</u>
1 <u>11</u>	2 <u>12</u>	3 <u>13</u>	13 <u>14</u>
10 <u>6</u>	11 <u>7</u>	12 <u>8</u>	

#PE1

14 <u>23</u>	7 <u>24</u>	8 <u>25</u>
13 <u>18</u>	5 <u>19</u>	6 <u>20</u>
12 <u>13</u>	3 <u>14</u>	4 <u>15</u>
11 <u>8</u>	1 <u>9</u>	2 <u>10</u>
	9 <u>4</u>	10 <u>5</u>

#PE0

11 <u>11</u>	12 <u>12</u>	13 <u>13</u>		
6 <u>6</u>	7 <u>7</u>	8 <u>8</u>	9 <u>9</u>	10 <u>10</u>
1 <u>1</u>	2 <u>2</u>	3 <u>3</u>	4 <u>4</u>	5 <u>5</u>

PE#0: sqm.0: fill O's

#PE2

7 <u>21</u>	8 <u>22</u>	9 <u>23</u>	15 <u>24</u>
4 <u>16</u>	5 <u>17</u>	6 <u>18</u>	14 <u>19</u>
1 <u>11</u>	2 <u>12</u>	3 <u>13</u>	13 <u>14</u>
10 <u>6</u>	11 <u>7</u>	12 <u>8</u>	

#PE1

14 <u>23</u>	7 <u>24</u>	8 <u>25</u>
13 <u>18</u>	5 <u>19</u>	6 <u>20</u>
12 <u>13</u>	3 <u>14</u>	4 <u>15</u>
11 <u>8</u>	1 <u>9</u>	2 <u>10</u>
	9 <u>4</u>	10 <u>5</u>

#PE0

11 <u>11</u>	12 <u>12</u>	13 <u>13</u>		
6 <u>6</u>	7 <u>7</u>	8 <u>8</u>	9 <u>9</u>	10 <u>10</u>
1 <u>1</u>	2 <u>2</u>	3 <u>3</u>	4 <u>4</u>	5 <u>5</u>

```
#NEIBPEtot
    2
#NEIBPE
    1      2
#NODE
    13      8      (int+ext, int pts)
#IMPORTindex
    ○      ○
#IMPORTitems
    ○...
#EXPORTindex
    ○      ○
#EXPORTitems
    ○...
```

PE#1: sqm.1: fill O's

#PE2

7 <u>21</u>	8 <u>22</u>	9 <u>23</u>	15 <u>24</u>
4 <u>16</u>	5 <u>17</u>	6 <u>18</u>	14 <u>19</u>
1 <u>11</u>	2 <u>12</u>	3 <u>13</u>	13 <u>14</u>
10 <u>6</u>	11 <u>7</u>	12 <u>8</u>	

#PE1

14 <u>23</u>	7 <u>24</u>	8 <u>25</u>
13 <u>18</u>	5 <u>19</u>	6 <u>20</u>
12 <u>13</u>	3 <u>14</u>	4 <u>15</u>
11 <u>8</u>	1 <u>9</u>	2 <u>10</u>
	9 <u>4</u>	10 <u>5</u>

#PE0

11 <u>11</u>	12 <u>12</u>	13 <u>13</u>		
6 <u>6</u>	7 <u>7</u>	8 <u>8</u>	9 <u>9</u>	10 <u>10</u>
1 <u>1</u>	2 <u>2</u>	3 <u>3</u>	4 <u>4</u>	5 <u>5</u>

```
#NEIBPEtot
    2
#NEIBPE
    0      2
#NODE
    14      8 (int+ext, int pts)
#IMPORTindex
    ○      ○
#IMPORTitems
    ○...
#EXPORTindex
    ○      ○
#EXPORTitems
    ○...
```

PE#2: sqm.2: fill O's

#PE2

7 <u>21</u>	8 <u>22</u>	9 <u>23</u>	15 <u>24</u>
4 <u>16</u>	5 <u>17</u>	6 <u>18</u>	14 <u>19</u>
1 <u>11</u>	2 <u>12</u>	3 <u>13</u>	13 <u>14</u>
10 <u>6</u>	11 <u>7</u>	12 <u>8</u>	

#PE1

14 <u>23</u>	7 <u>24</u>	8 <u>25</u>
13 <u>18</u>	5 <u>19</u>	6 <u>20</u>
12 <u>13</u>	3 <u>14</u>	4 <u>15</u>
11 <u>8</u>	1 <u>9</u>	2 <u>10</u>
	9 <u>4</u>	10 <u>5</u>

#PE0

11 <u>11</u>	12 <u>12</u>	13 <u>13</u>		
6 <u>6</u>	7 <u>7</u>	8 <u>8</u>	9 <u>9</u>	10 <u>10</u>
1 <u>1</u>	2 <u>2</u>	3 <u>3</u>	4 <u>4</u>	5 <u>5</u>

```
#NEIBPEtot
    2
#NEIBPE
    1      0
#NODE
    15      9 (int+ext, int pts)
#IMPORTindex
    ○      ○
#IMPORTitems
    ○...
#EXPORTindex
    ○      ○
#EXPORTitems
    ○...
```

t2

#PE2

7 <u>21</u>	8 <u>22</u>	9 <u>23</u>	15 <u>24</u>
4 <u>16</u>	5 <u>17</u>	6 <u>18</u>	14 <u>19</u>
1 <u>11</u>	2 <u>12</u>	3 <u>13</u>	13 <u>14</u>
10 <u>6</u>	11 <u>7</u>	12 <u>8</u>	

#PE1

14 <u>23</u>	7 <u>24</u>	8 <u>25</u>
13 <u>18</u>	5 <u>19</u>	6 <u>20</u>
12 <u>13</u>	3 <u>14</u>	4 <u>15</u>
11 <u>8</u>	1 <u>9</u>	2 <u>10</u>
	9 <u>4</u>	10 <u>5</u>

#PE0

11 <u>11</u>	12 <u>12</u>	13 <u>13</u>		
6 <u>6</u>	7 <u>7</u>	8 <u>8</u>	9 <u>9</u>	10 <u>10</u>
1 <u>1</u>	2 <u>2</u>	3 <u>3</u>	4 <u>4</u>	5 <u>5</u>

Procedures

- Number of Internal/External Points
- Where do External Pts come from ?
 - **IMPORTindex, IMPORTitems**
 - Sequence of **NEIBPE**
- Then check destinations of Boundary Pts.
 - **EXPORTindex, EXPORTitems**
 - Sequence of **NEIBPE**
- “sq.*” are in **<\$O-S2>/ex**
- Create “sqm.*” by yourself
- copy **<\$O-S2>/a.out** (by sq-sr1.f) to **<\$O-S2>/ex**
- **pjsub go3.sh**

Report S2 (1/2)

- Parallelize 1D code (1d.c) using MPI
- Read entire element number, and decompose into sub-domains in your program
- Validate the results
 - Answer of Original Code = Answer of Parallel Code
 - Explain why number of iterations does not change, as number of MPI processes changes.
- Measure parallel performance

Report S2 (2/2)

- **Deadline: January 25th (Wed), 2023, 17:00@ITC-LMS**
- **Problem**
 - Apply “Generalized Communication Table”
 - Read entire elem. #, decompose into sub-domains in your program
 - **Evaluate parallel performance**
 - You need huge number of elements, to get excellent performance.
 - Fix number of iterations (e.g. 100), if computations cannot be completed.
- **Report**
 - Cover Page: Name, ID, and Problem ID (S2) must be written.
 - Less than eight pages including figures and tables (A4).
 - Strategy, Structure of the Program, Remarks
 - Source list of the program (if you have bugs)
 - Output list (as small as possible)

a012.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "test"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture7-o
#PJM -L node=1
#PJM --mpi proc=12
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt87
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o test.lst

module load fj
module load fjmpi
mpiexec ./a.out
mpiexec numactl -l ./a.out
```

a048.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "test"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture7-o
#PJM -L node=1
#PJM --mpi proc=48
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt87
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o test.lst

module load fj
module load fjmpi
mpiexec ./a.out
mpiexec numactl -l ./a.out
```

a384.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "test"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture7-o
#PJM -L node=8
#PJM --mpi proc=384
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt87
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o test.lst

module load fj
module load fjmpi
mpiexec ./a.out
mpiexec numactl -l ./a.out
```

a576.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "test"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture7-o
#PJM -L node=12
#PJM --mpi proc=576
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt87
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o test.lst

module load fj
module load fjmpi
mpiexec ./a.out
mpiexec numactl -l ./a.out
```

numactl -l/--localalloc for utilizing local memory (no effects)

Number of Processes

```
#PJM -L node=1; #PJM --mpi proc= 1      1-node, 1-proc, 1-proc/n
#PJM -L node=1; #PJM --mpi proc= 4      1-node, 4-proc, 4-proc/n
#PJM -L node=1; #PJM --mpi proc=12      1-node, 12-proc, 12-proc/n
#PJM -L node=1; #PJM --mpi proc=24      1-node, 24-proc, 24-proc/n
#PJM -L node=1; #PJM --mpi proc=48      1-node, 48-proc, 48-proc/n
```

```
#PJM -L node= 4; #PJM --mpi proc=192    4-node, 192-proc, 48-proc/n
#PJM -L node= 8; #PJM --mpi proc=384    8-node, 384-proc, 48-proc/n
#PJM -L node=12; #PJM --mpi proc=576    12-node, 576-proc, 48-proc/n
```

