

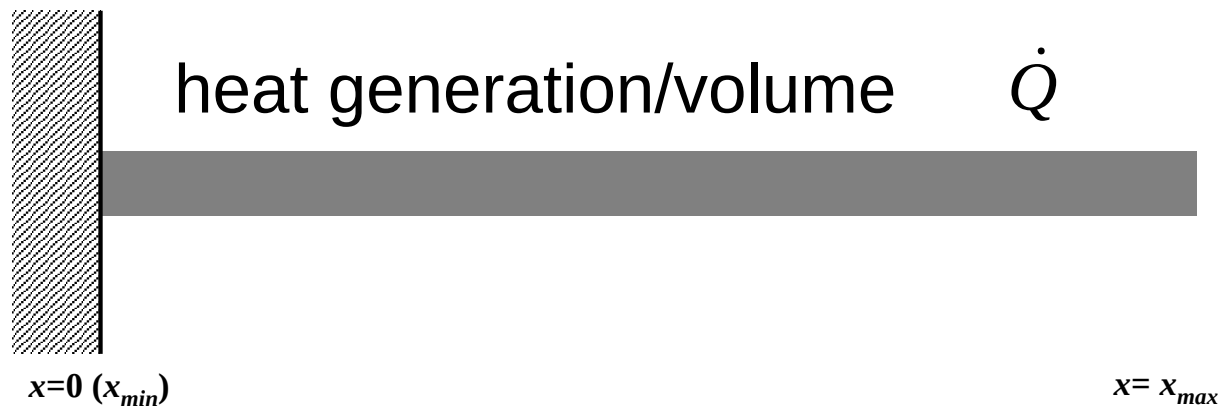
Exercise S2

Fortran

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- Overview
- Distributed Local Data
- Program
- Results

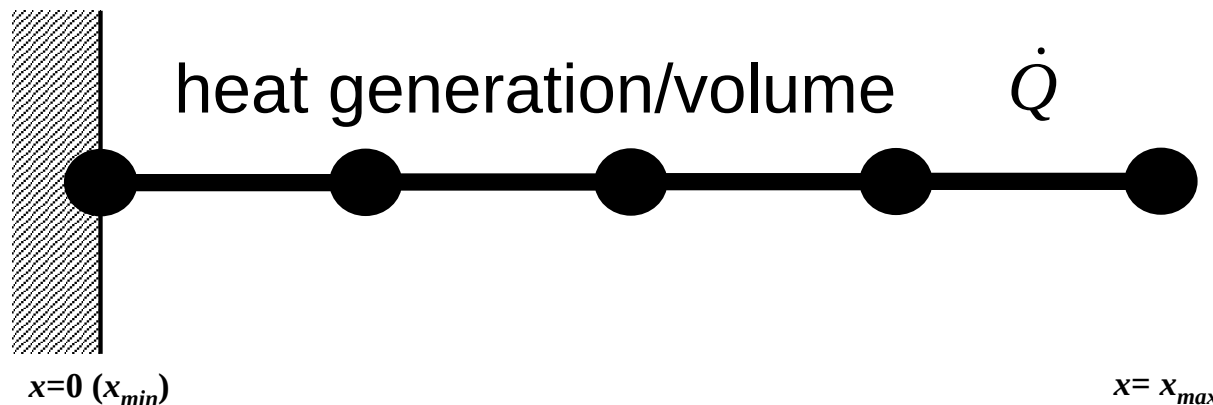
1D Steady State Heat Conduction



$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\lambda \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \right) + \dot{Q} = 0$$

- **Uniform: Sectional Area: A , Thermal Conductivity: λ**
- Heat Generation Rate/Volume/Time [$QL^{-3}T^{-1}$] $\dot{Q}$
- Boundary Conditions
 - $x=0$: $T=0$ (Fixed Temperature)
 - $x=x_{max}$: $\frac{\partial T}{\partial x} = 0$ (Insulated)

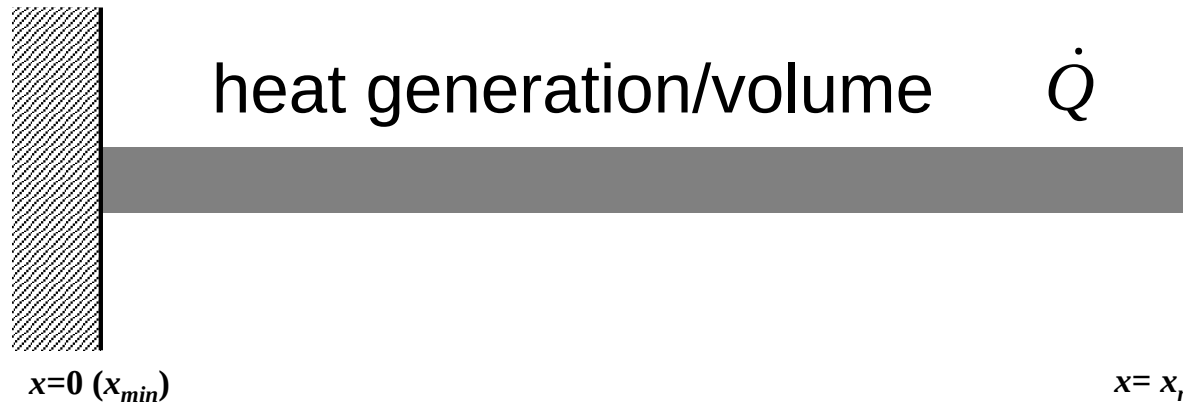
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Analytical Solution



$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\lambda \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \right) + \dot{Q} = 0$$

$$T = 0 @ x = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial x} = 0 @ x = x_{max}$$

$$\lambda T'' = -\dot{Q}$$

$$\lambda T' = -\dot{Q}x + C_1 \Rightarrow C_1 = \dot{Q}x_{max}, \quad T' = 0 @ x = x_{max}$$

$$\lambda T = -\frac{1}{2}\dot{Q}x^2 + C_1x + C_2 \Rightarrow C_2 = 0, \quad T = 0 @ x = 0$$

$$\therefore T = -\frac{1}{2\lambda}\dot{Q}x^2 + \frac{\dot{Q}x_{max}}{\lambda}x$$

Report S2 (1/2)

- Parallelize 1D code (1d.f) using MPI
- Read entire element number, and decompose into sub-domains in your program
- Validate the results
 - Answer of Original Code = Answer of Parallel Code
 - Explain why number of iterations does not change, as number of MPI processes changes.
- Measure parallel performance

Report S2 (2/2)

- ~~• Deadline: January 25th (Wed), 2023, 17:00@ITC-LMS~~
- Problem
 - Apply “Generalized Communication Table”
 - Read entire elem. #, decompose into sub-domains in your program
 - Evaluate parallel performance
 - You need huge number of elements, to get excellent performance.
 - Fix number of iterations (e.g. 100), if computations cannot be completed.
- ~~• Report~~
 - ~~– Cover Page: Name, ID, and Problem ID (S2) must be written.~~
 - ~~– Less than eight pages including figures and tables (A4).~~
 - ~~• Strategy, Structure of the Program, Remarks~~
 - ~~– Source list of the program (if you have bugs)~~
 - ~~– Output list (as small as possible)~~

Copy and Compile

Fortran

```
>$ cd /work/gt36/t36XXX/pFEM
>$ moule load fj
>$ cp /work/gt00/z30088/pFEM/F/s2r-f.tar .
>$ tar xvf s2r-f.tar
```

C

```
>$ cd /work/gt36/t36XXX/pFEM
>$ module load fj
>$ cp /work/gt00/z30088/pFEM/C/s2r-c.tar .
>$ tar xvf s2r-c.tar
```

Confirm/Compile

```
>$ cd mpi/S2-ref
>$ mpifrtpx -Kfast 1d.f -o 1d
>$ mpifrtpx -Kfast 1d2.f -o 1d2

>$ mpifccpx -Nclang -Kfast 1d.c -o 1d
>$ mpifccpx -Nclang -Kfast 1d2.c -o 1d2
```

```
<$0-S2r> = <$0-TOP>/mpi/S2-ref
```


Control File: input.dat

Control Data input.dat

10000000

1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0

100

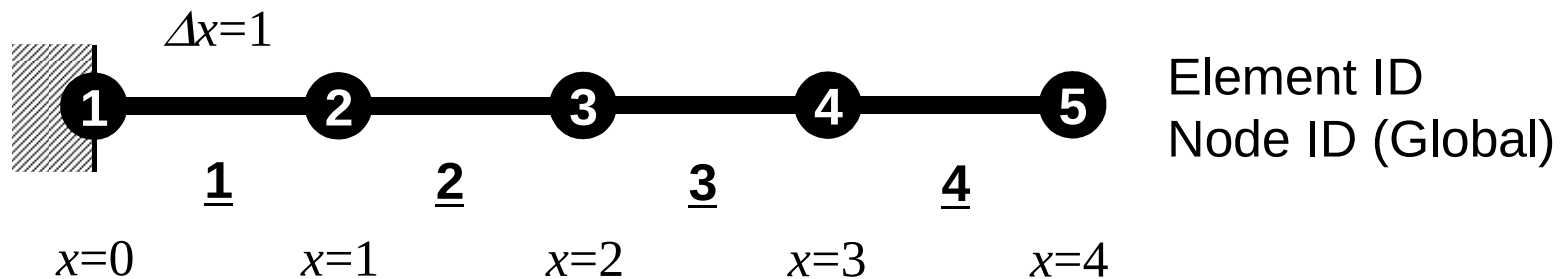
1.e-8

NE (Number of Elements)

Δx (Length of Each Elem.: L) , Q, A, λ

Number of MAX. Iterations for CG Solver

Convergence Criteria for CG Solver



a384.sh: 8-nodes, 384-cores

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "m384"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture6-o
#PJM -L node=8
#PJM --mpi proc=384
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt36
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o z384.lst
```

```
module load fj
module load fjmpi
```

```
mpiexec ./1d
mpiexec ./1d
mpiexec ./1d
mpiexec ./1d
mpiexec ./1d
```

a012.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "test"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture6-o
#PJM -L node=1
#PJM --mpi proc=12
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt36
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o test.lst
```

```
module load fj
module load fjmpi
mpiexec ./a.out
mpiexec numactl -l ./a.out
```

a048.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "test"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture6-o
#PJM -L node=1
#PJM --mpi proc=48
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt36
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o test.lst
```

```
module load fj
module load fjmpi
mpiexec ./a.out
mpiexec numactl -l ./a.out
```

a384.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "test"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture6-o
#PJM -L node=8
#PJM --mpi proc=384
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt36
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o test.lst
```

```
module load fj
module load fjmpi
mpiexec ./a.out
mpiexec numactl -l ./a.out
```

a576.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "test"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture6-o
#PJM -L node=12
#PJM --mpi proc=576
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt36
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o test.lst
```

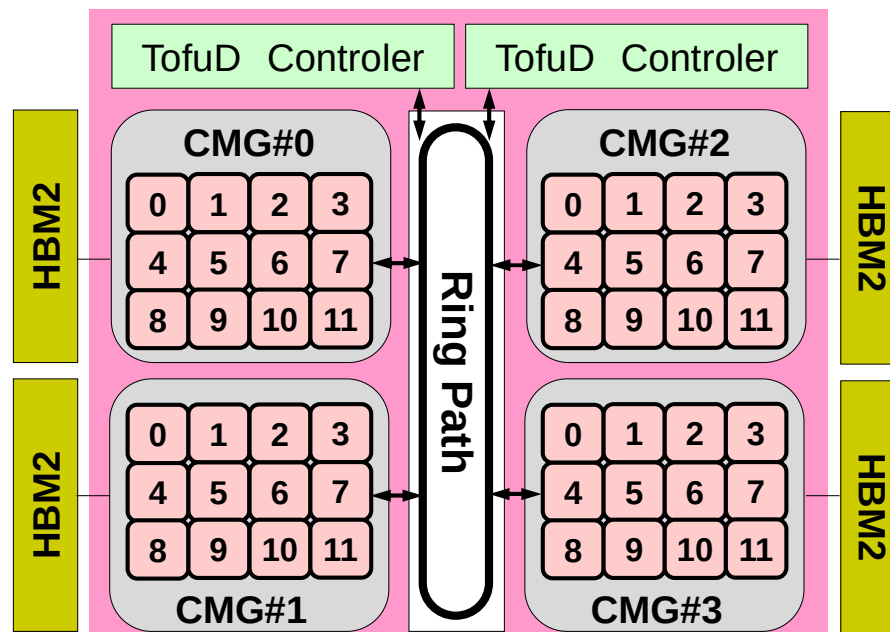
```
module load fj
module load fjmpi
mpiexec ./a.out
mpiexec numactl -l ./a.out
```

numactl -l/--localalloc for utilizing local memory (no effects)

Number of Processes

#PJM	-L	node=1;	#PJM	--mpi	proc= 1	1-node, 1-proc, 1-proc/n
#PJM	-L	node=1;	#PJM	--mpi	proc= 4	1-node, 4-proc, 4-proc/n
#PJM	-L	node=1;	#PJM	--mpi	proc=12	1-node, 12-proc, 12-proc/n
#PJM	-L	node=1;	#PJM	--mpi	proc=24	1-node, 24-proc, 24-proc/n
#PJM	-L	node=1;	#PJM	--mpi	proc=48	1-node, 48-proc, 48-proc/n

#PJM	-L	node= 4;	#PJM	--mpi	proc=192	4-node, 192-proc, 48-proc/n
#PJM	-L	node= 8;	#PJM	--mpi	proc=384	8-node, 384-proc, 48-proc/n
#PJM	-L	node=12;	#PJM	--mpi	proc=576	12-node, 576-proc, 48-proc/n



Example (1/2)

```
>$ cd /work/gt36/t36XYZ/pFEM/mpi/S2-ref
(modify input.dat, go1.sh)
```

```
>$ pjsub go1.sh
```

```
(see go1.lst)
```

go1.sh: a single process (1 core)

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "go1"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture6-o
#PJM -L node=1
#PJM --mpi proc=1
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt36
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o go1.lst
```

```
module load fj
module load fjmpi
```

```
mpiexec ./1d
```

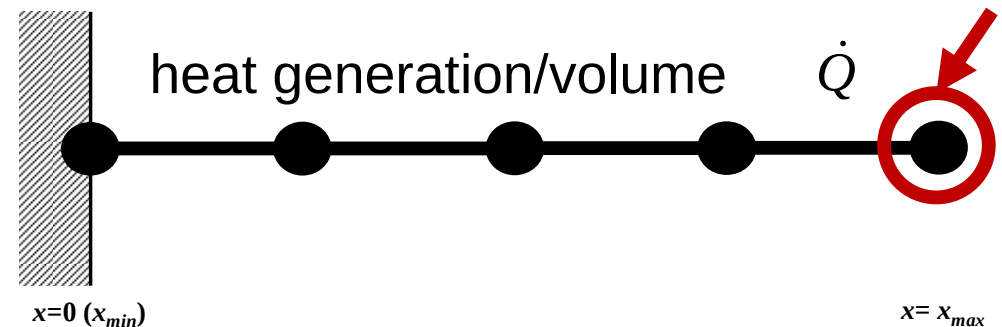
input.dat (10⁴ elements, 1,000 iterations)

```
10000
1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
1000
```

go1.lst

```
10000
1000 9.000337E+01 (=|b-Ax|)
1001 9.000337E+01
1.397971E-04 4.453332E-02sec.
```

```
### TEMPERATURE
0 10001 9.50000000000000E+06
```



Example (2/2)

```
>$ cd /work/gt36/t36XYZ/pFEM/mpi/S2-ref
(modify input.dat, go2.sh)
```

```
>$ pjsub go2.sh
```

```
(see go2.lst)
```

go2.sh: 384 process (384 cores)

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "go2"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture6-o
#PJM -L node=8
#PJM --mpi proc=384
#PJM -L elapsed=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt36
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o go2.lst
```

```
module load fj
module load fjmpi
```

```
mpiexec ./1d
```

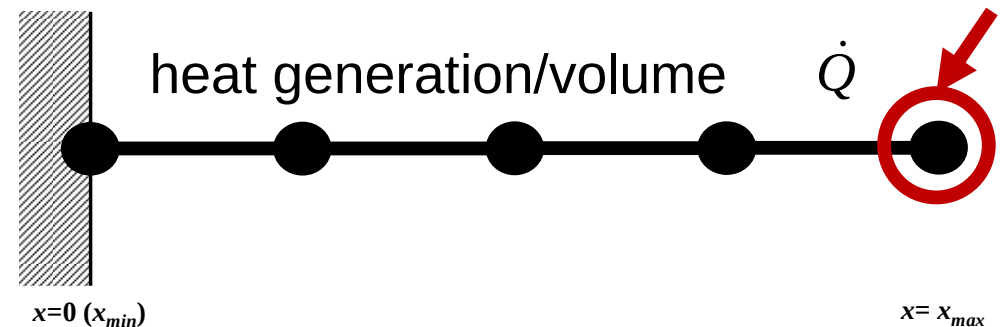
input.dat (10⁴ elements, 1,000 iterations)

```
10000
1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
1000
```

go2.lst

```
10000
1000 9.000337E+01(=|b-Ax|)
1001 9.000337E+01
4.786998E-07 5.098703E-02sec.
```

```
### TEMPERATURE
383 26 9.50000000000000E+06
```



1D Code on PC

input.dat (10⁴ elements, 10,000 iterations)

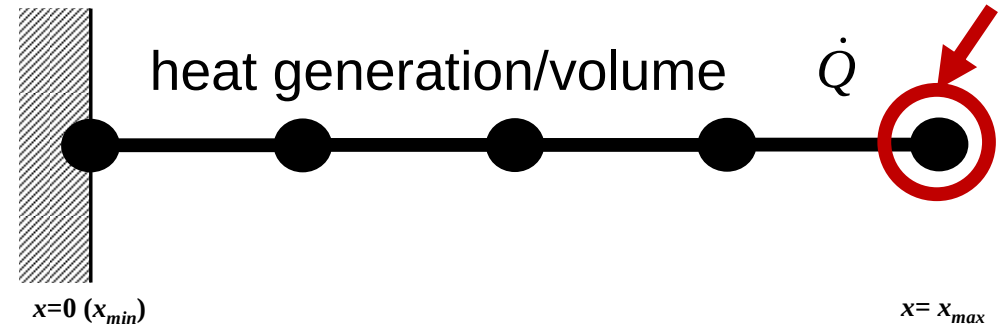
```
10000
1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0
10000
```

```
10001      5.000E+07      5.000E+07
```

input.dat (10⁴ elements, 1,000 iterations)

```
10000
1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0
1000
```

```
10001      9.500E+06      5.000E+07
```



Procedures for Parallel FEM

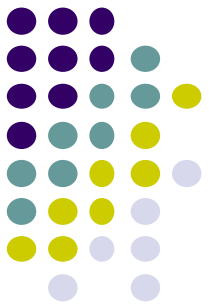
- Reading control file, entire element number etc.
- Creating “distributed local data” in the program
- Assembling local and global matrices for linear solvers
- Solving linear equations by CG
- Not so different from those of original code

- Overview
- **Distributed Local Data**
- Program
- Results

Finite Element Procedures

- Initialization
 - Control Data
 - Node, Connectivity of Elements (N: Node#, NE: Elem#)
 - Initialization of Arrays (Global/Element Matrices)
 - Element-Global Matrix Mapping (Index, Item)
- Generation of Matrix
 - Element-by-Element Operations (do icel= 1, NE)
 - Element matrices
 - Accumulation to global matrix
 - Boundary Conditions
- Linear Solver
 - Conjugate Gradient Method

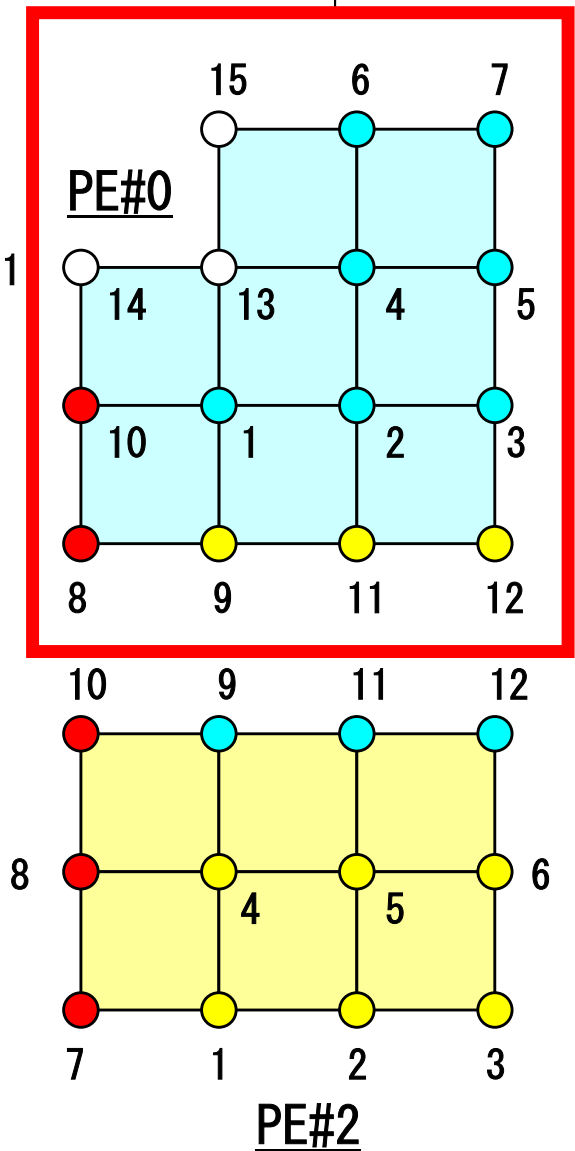
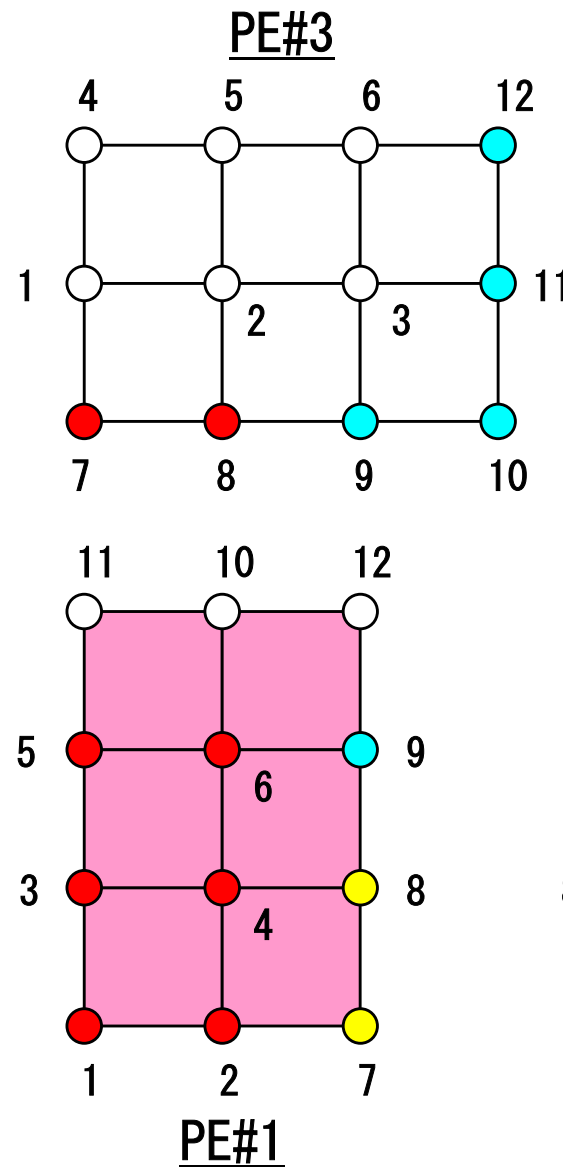
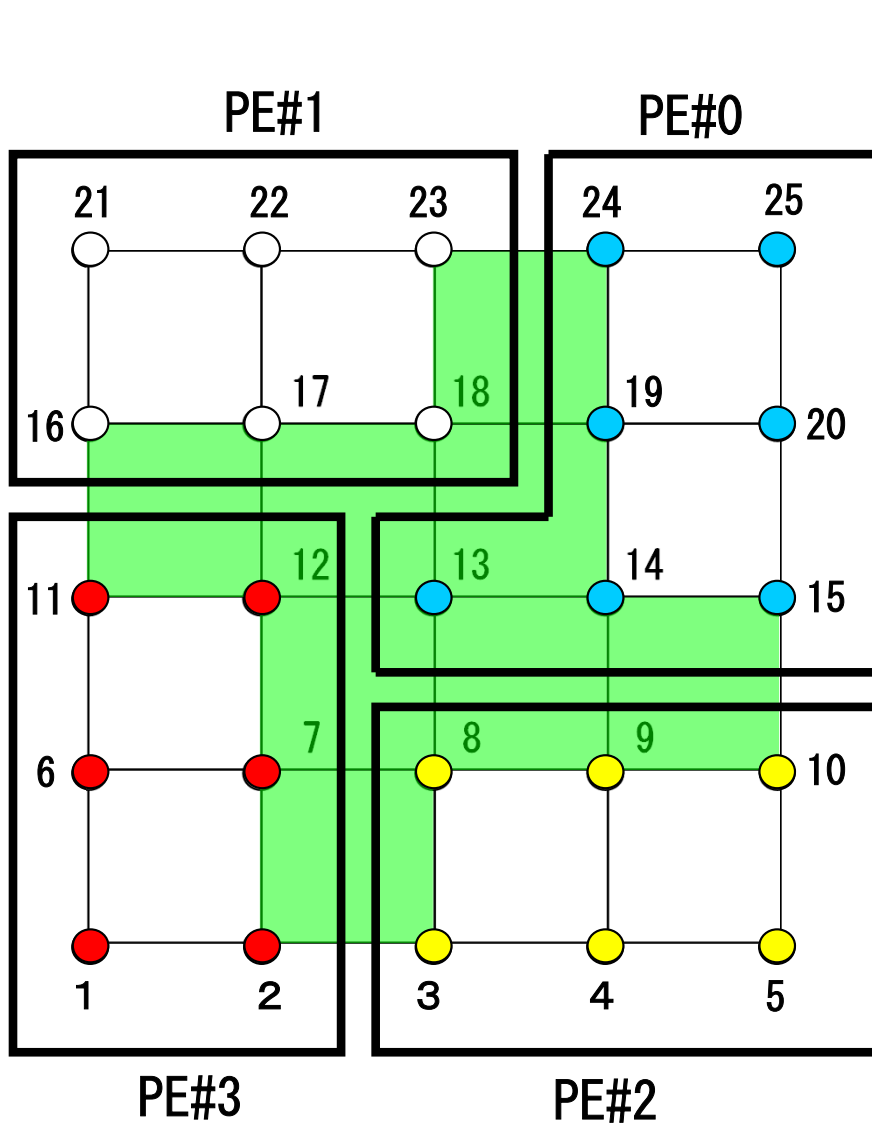
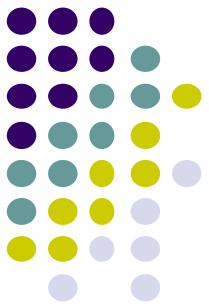
Distributed Local Data Structure for Parallel FEM



- **Node-based partitioning**
- Local data includes:
 - Nodes originally assigned to the domain/PE/partition
 - Elements which include above nodes
 - Nodes which are included above elements, and originally NOT-assigned to the domain/PE/partition
- 3 categories for nodes
 - **Internal nodes** Nodes originally assigned to the domain/PE/partition
 - **External nodes** Nodes originally NOT-assigned to the domain/PE/partition
 - **Boundary nodes** External nodes of other domains/PE's/partitions
- Communication tables
- Global info. is not needed except relationship between domains
 - Property of FEM: local element-by-element operations

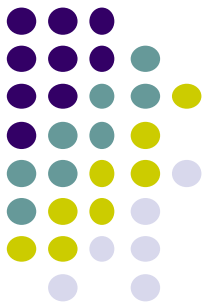
Node-based Partitioning

internal nodes - elements - external nodes

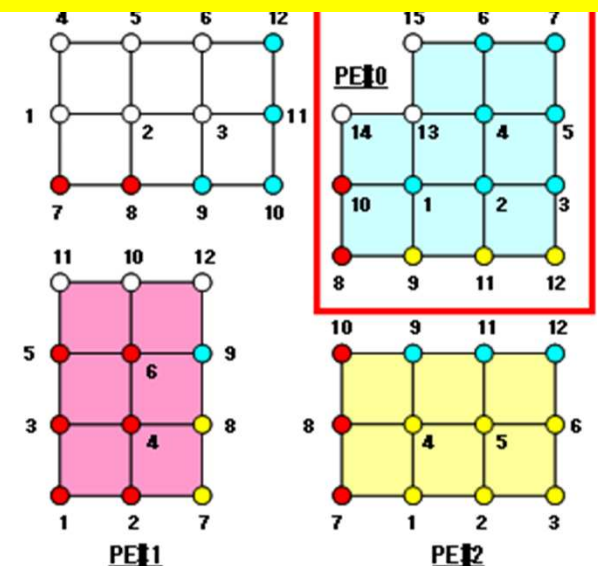
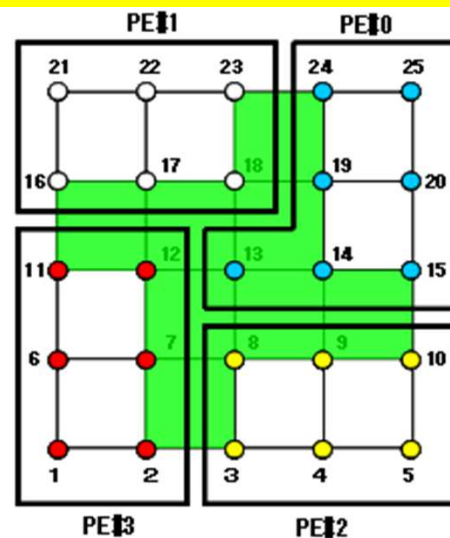
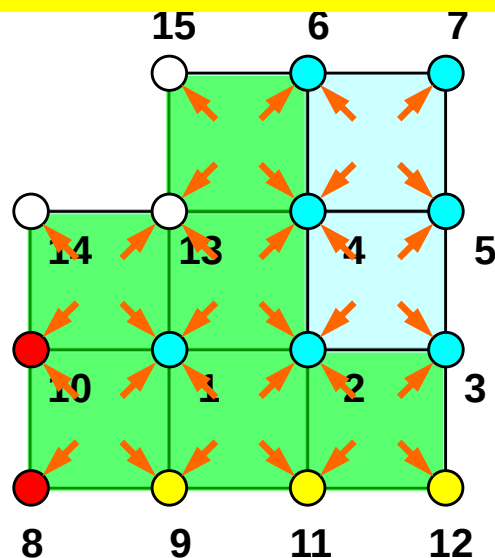


Node-based Partitioning

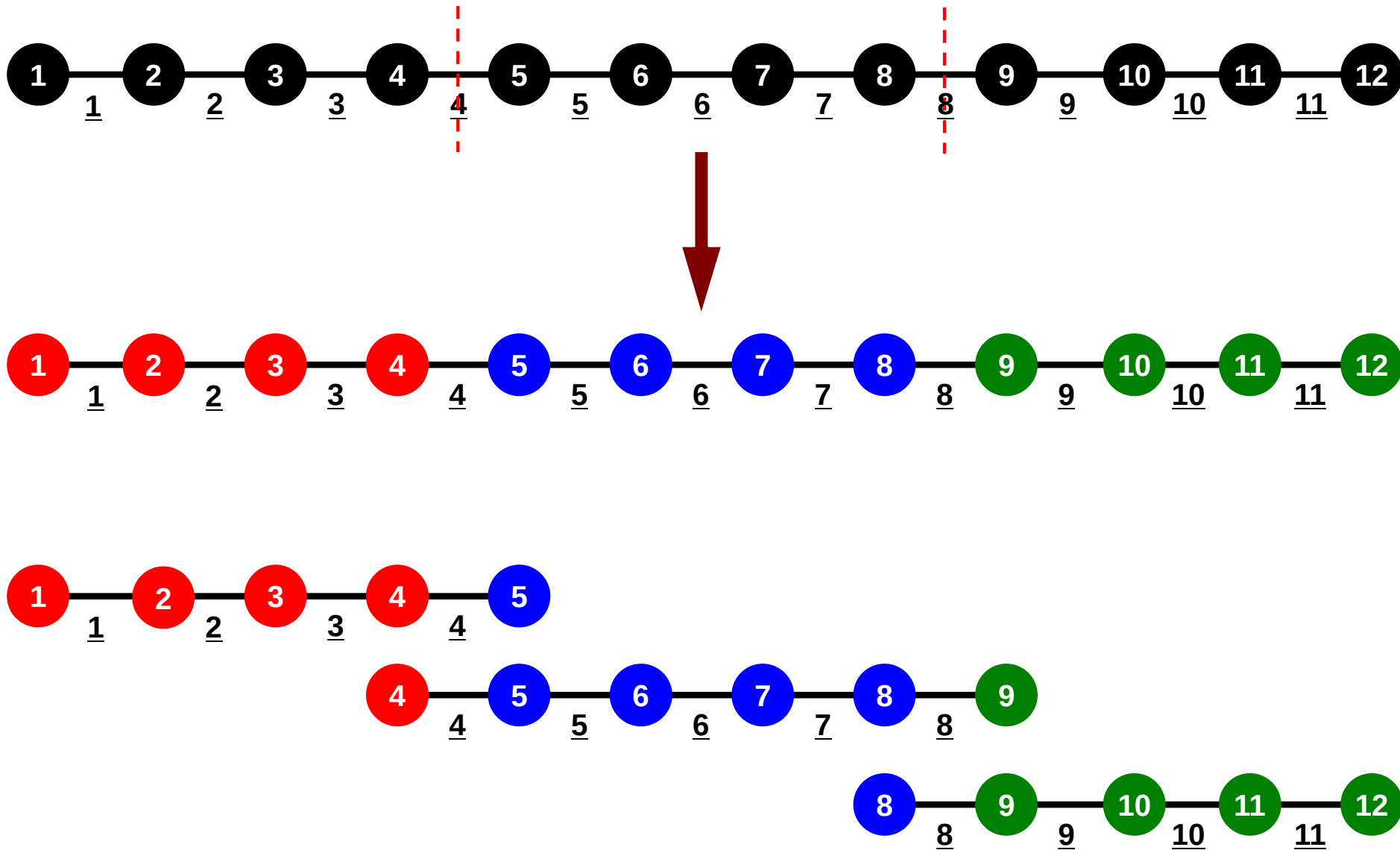
internal nodes - elements - external nodes



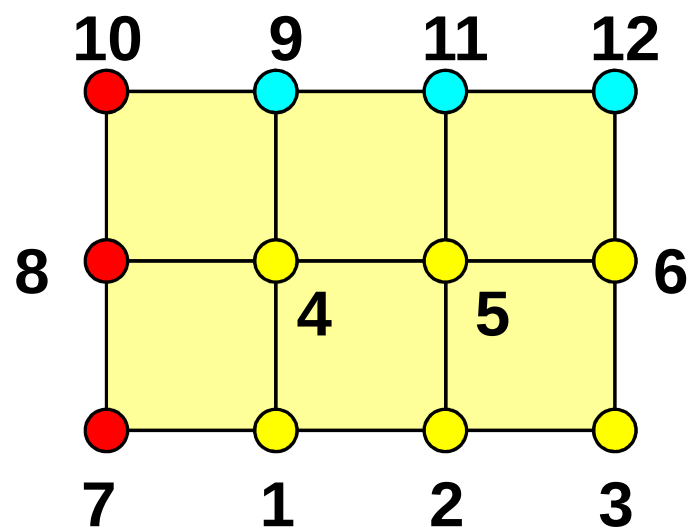
- Partitioned nodes themselves (Internal Nodes) 内点
- Elements which include Internal Nodes 内点を含む要素
- External Nodes included in the Elements 外点
in overlapped region among partitions.
- Info of External Nodes are required for completely local element-based operations on each processor.



1D FEM: 12 nodes/11 elem's/3 domains



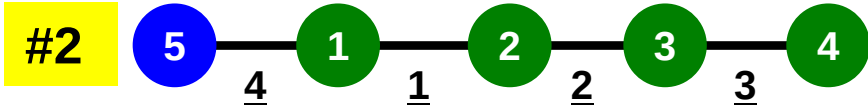
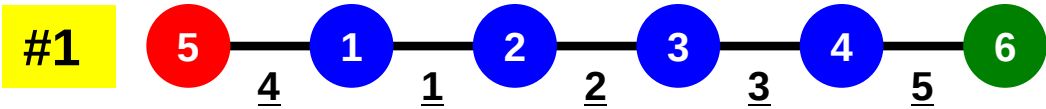
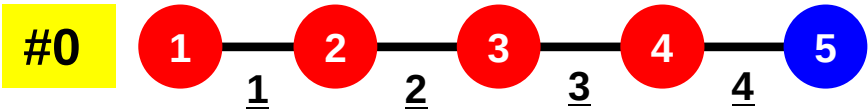
Description of Distributed Local Data



- Internal/External Points
 - Numbering: Starting from internal pts, then external pts after that
- Neighbors
 - Shares overlapped meshes
 - Number and ID of neighbors
- External Points
 - From where, how many, and which external points are received/imported ?
- Boundary Points
 - To where, how many and which boundary points are sent/exported ?

1D FEM: 12 nodes/11 elem's/3 domains

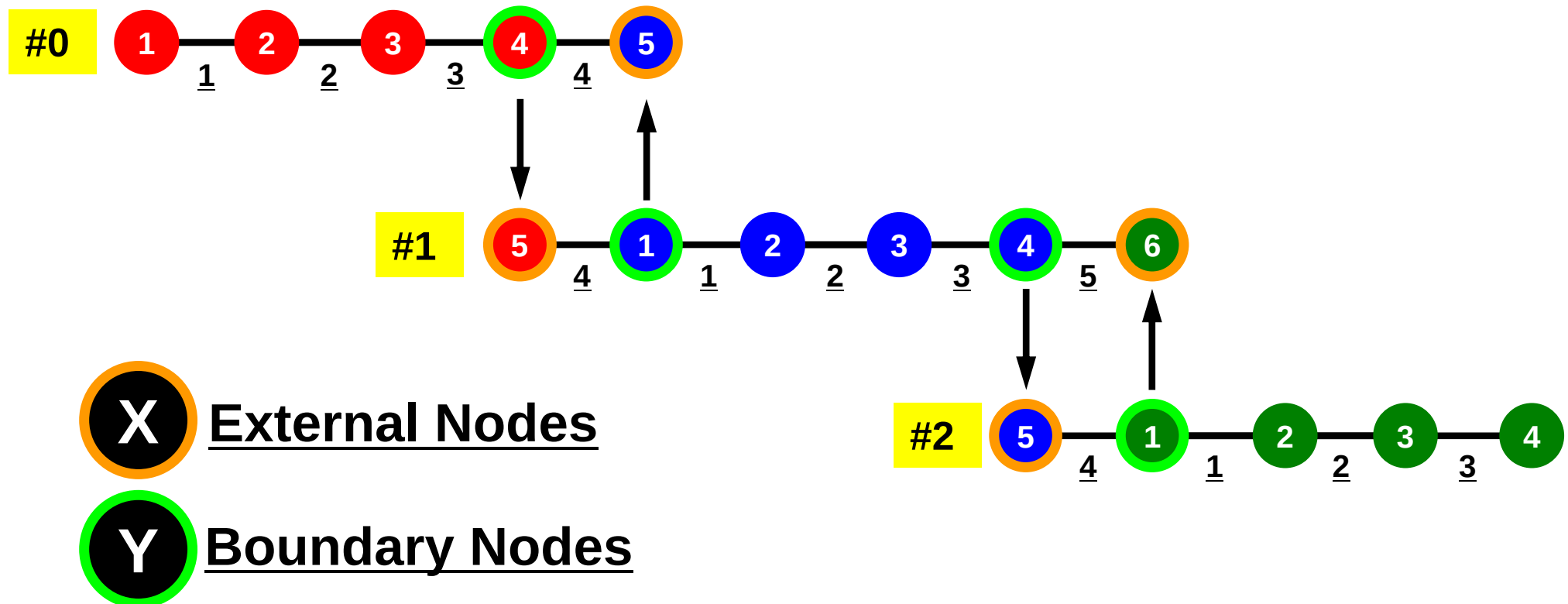
Local ID: Starting from 1 for node and elem at each domain



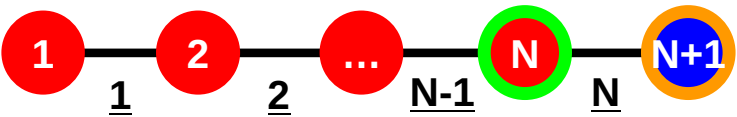
1D FEM: 12 nodes/11 elem's/3 domains

Internal/External/Boundary Nodes

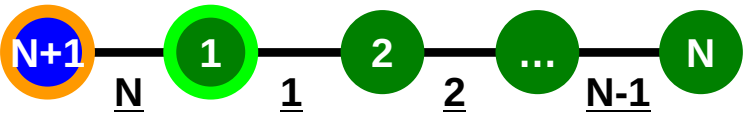
Boundary Nodes: Part of Internal Nodes, and External Nodes of Other Domains



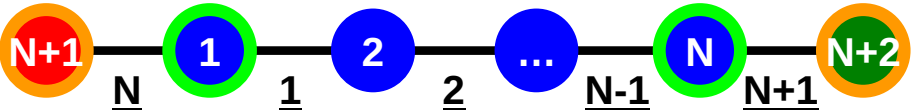
1D FEM: Numbering of Local ID



#0:
N+1 nodes
N elements



#PETot-1:
N+1 nodes
N elements

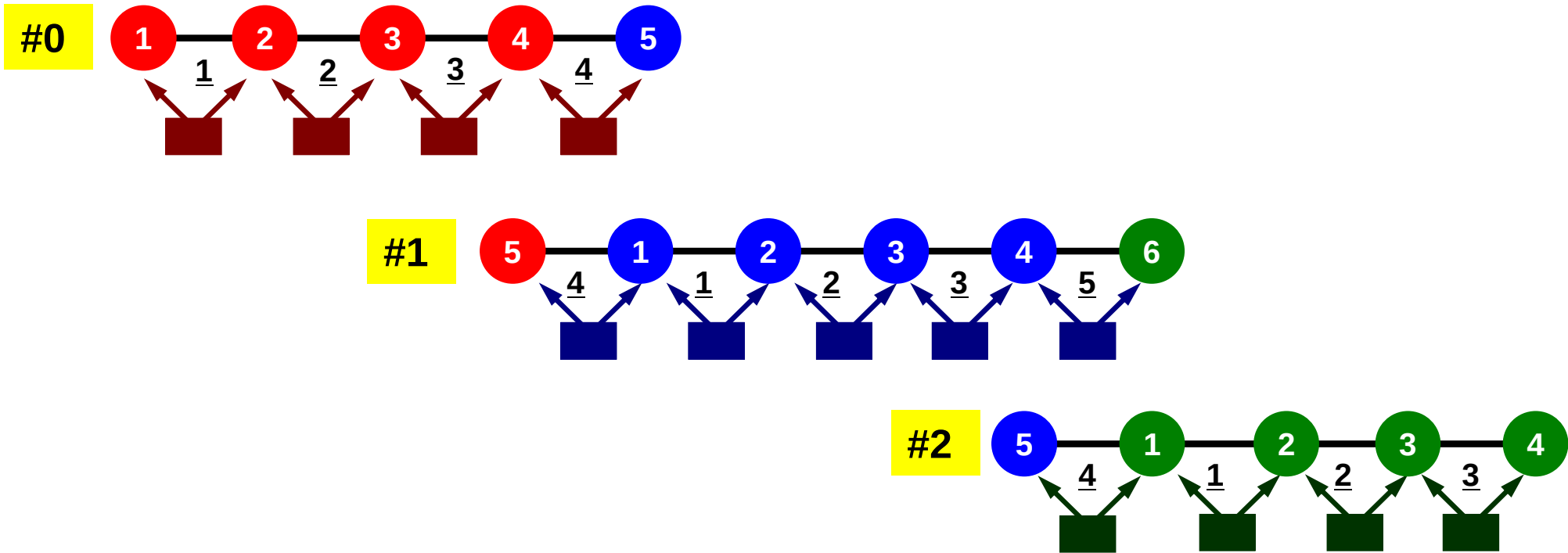


Others (General):
N+2 nodes
N+1 elements

1D FEM: 12 nodes/11 elem's/3 domains

Integration on each element, element matrix -> global matrix

Operations can be done by info. of internal/external nodes and elements which include these nodes



Preconditioned Conjugate Gradient Method (CG)

```

Compute  $\mathbf{r}^{(0)} = \mathbf{b} - [\mathbf{A}]\mathbf{x}^{(0)}$ 
for  $i = 1, 2, \dots$ 
  solve  $[\mathbf{M}]\mathbf{z}^{(i-1)} = \mathbf{r}^{(i-1)}$ 
   $\rho_{i-1} = \mathbf{r}^{(i-1)} \mathbf{z}^{(i-1)}$ 
  if  $i = 1$ 
     $\mathbf{p}^{(1)} = \mathbf{z}^{(0)}$ 
  else
     $\beta_{i-1} = \rho_{i-1} / \rho_{i-2}$ 
     $\mathbf{p}^{(i)} = \mathbf{z}^{(i-1)} + \beta_{i-1} \mathbf{p}^{(i-1)}$ 
  endif
   $\mathbf{q}^{(i)} = [\mathbf{A}]\mathbf{p}^{(i)}$ 
   $\alpha_i = \rho_{i-1} / \mathbf{p}^{(i)} \mathbf{q}^{(i)}$ 
   $\mathbf{x}^{(i)} = \mathbf{x}^{(i-1)} + \alpha_i \mathbf{p}^{(i)}$ 
   $\mathbf{r}^{(i)} = \mathbf{r}^{(i-1)} - \alpha_i \mathbf{q}^{(i)}$ 
  check convergence  $|\mathbf{r}|$ 
end

```

Preconditioning:
Diagonal Scaling
(or Point Jacobi)

Preconditioning, DAXPY

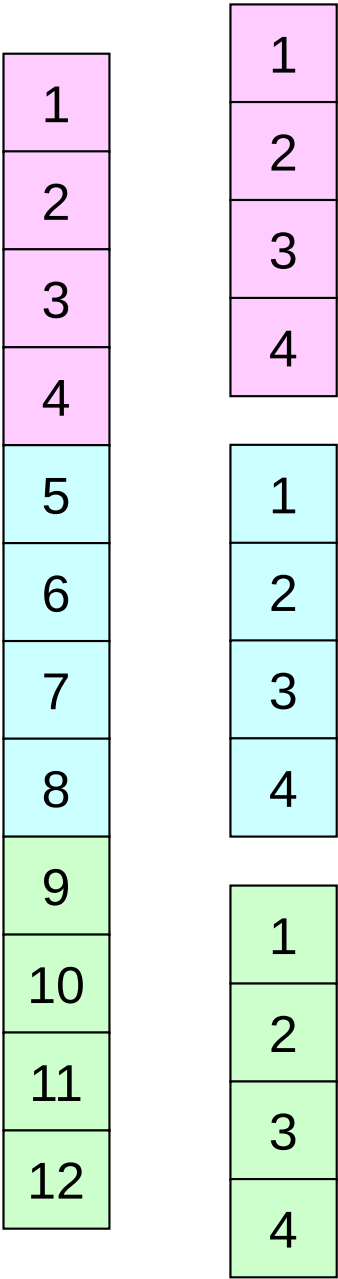
Local Operations by Only Internal Points: Parallel Processing is possible

```
!C
!C-- {z}= [Minv]{r}

do i= 1, N
  W(i,Z)= W(i,DD) * W(i,R)
enddo
```

```
!C
!C-- {x}= {x} + ALPHA*{p}
!C {r}= {r} - ALPHA*{q}

do i= 1, N
  PHI(i)= PHI(i) + ALPHA * W(i,P)
  W(i,R)= W(i,R) - ALPHA * W(i,Q)
enddo
```

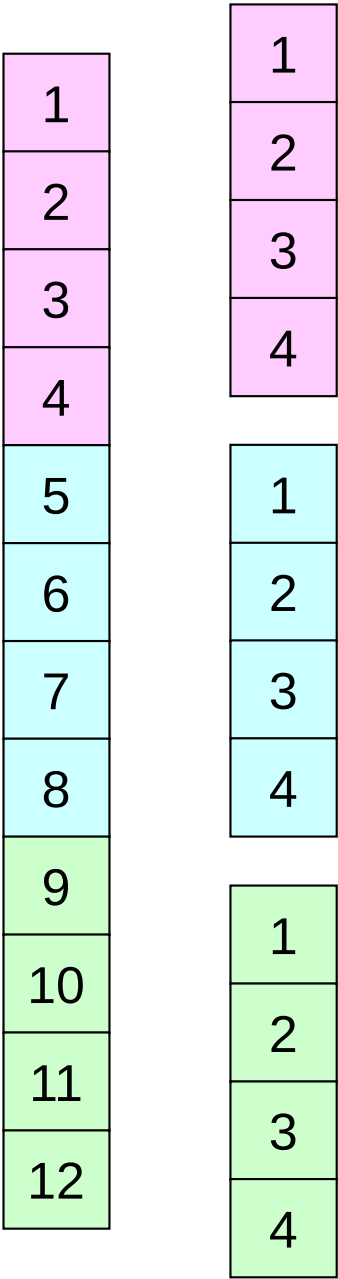


Dot Products

Global Summation needed: Communication ?

```
!C
!C-- ALPHA= RHO / {p} {q}

C1= 0. d0
do i= 1, N
  C1= C1 + W(i, P)*W(i, Q)
enddo
ALPHA= RHO / C1
```

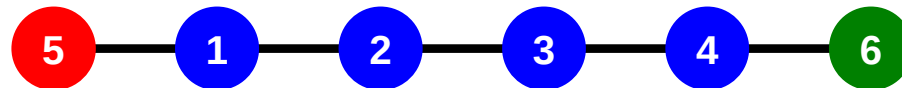


Matrix-Vector Products

Values at External Points: P-to-P Communication

```
!C
!C-- {q} = [A] {p}

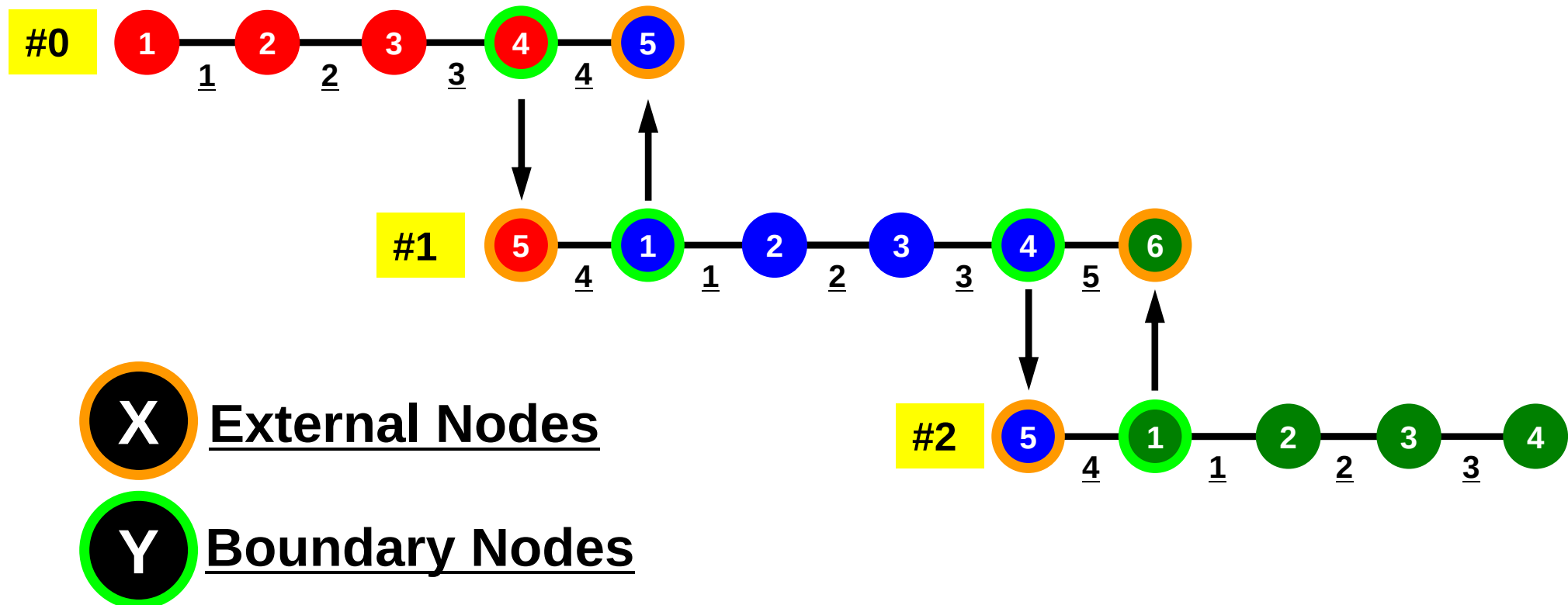
do i= 1, N
  W(i,Q) = DIAG(i)*W(i,P)
  do j= INDEX(i-1)+1, INDEX(i)
    W(i,Q) = W(i,Q) + AMAT(j)*W(ITEM(j),P)
  enddo
enddo
```



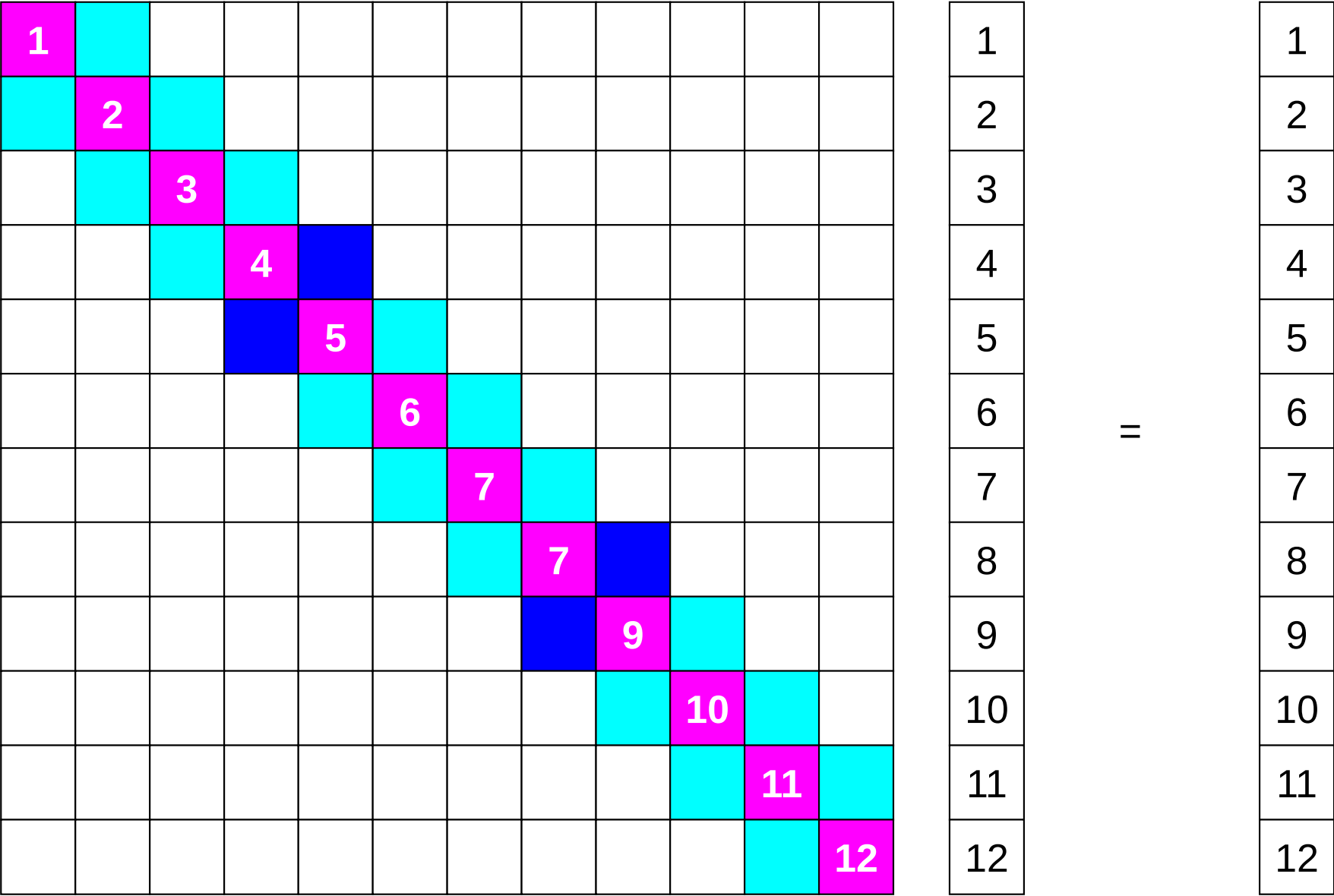
1D FEM: 12 nodes/11 elem's/3 domains

Internal/External/Boundary Nodes

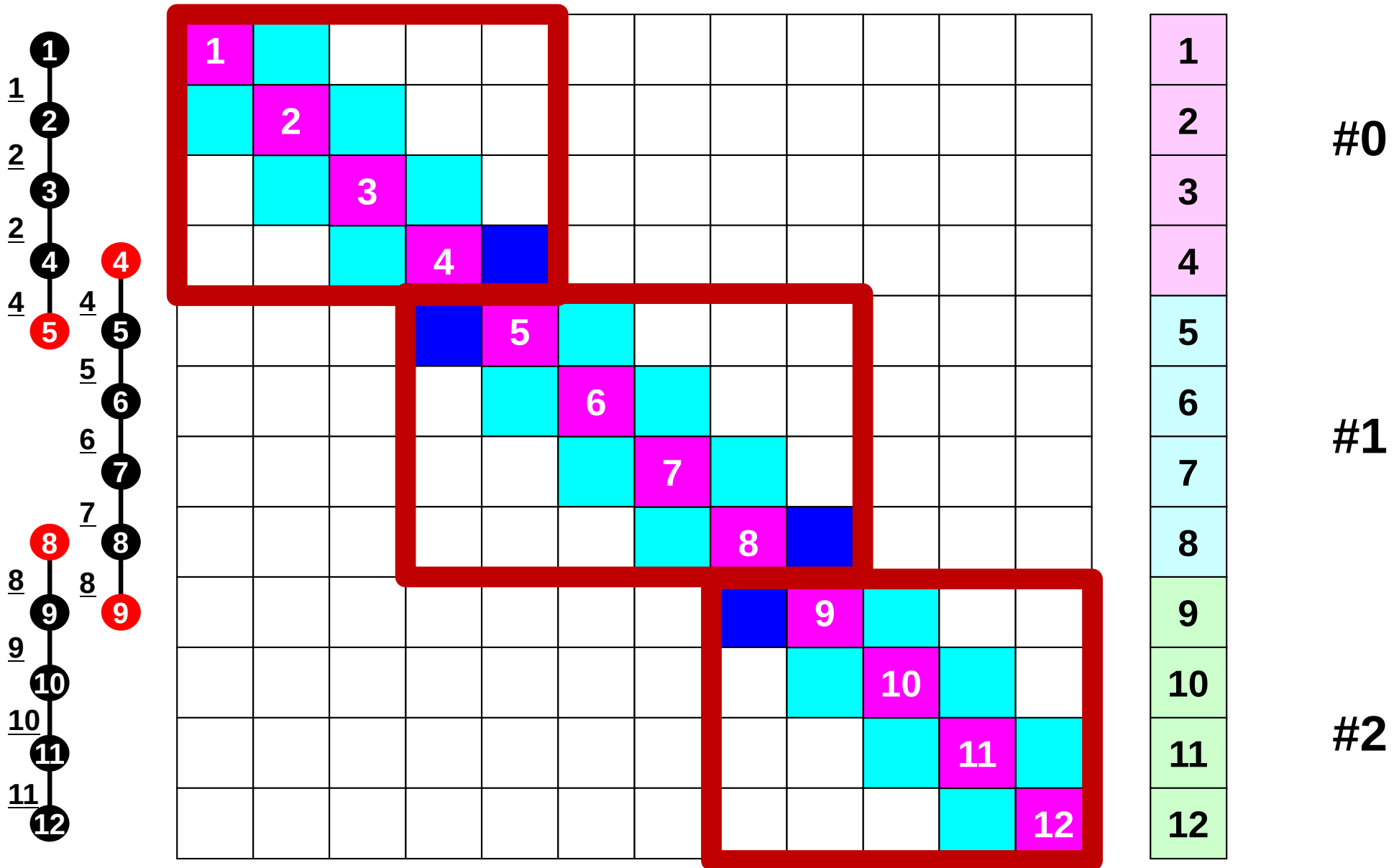
Boundary Nodes: Part of Internal Nodes, and External Nodes of Other Domains



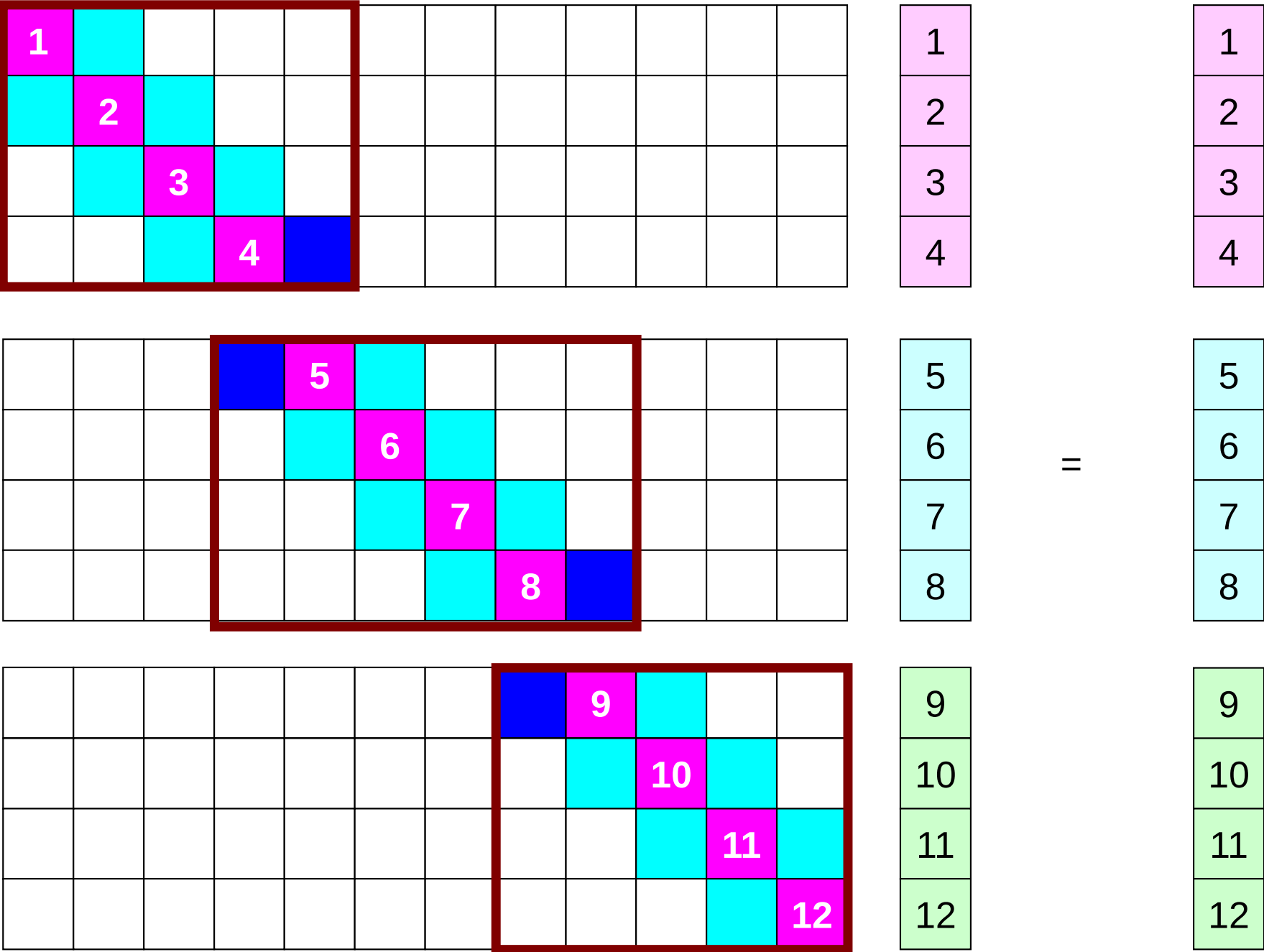
Mat-Vec Products: Local Op. Possible



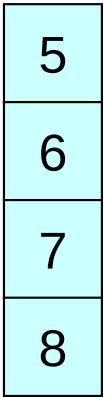
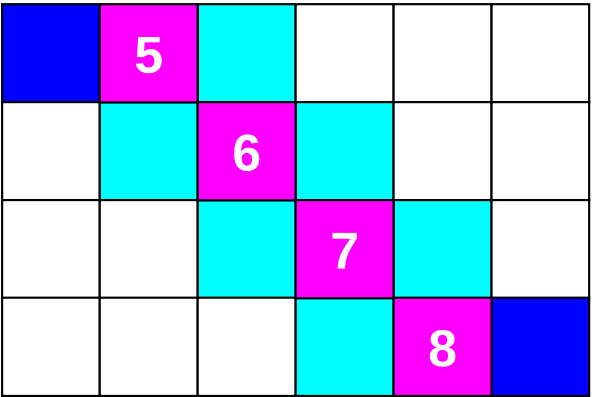
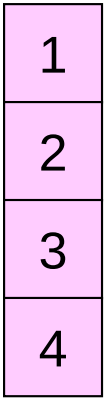
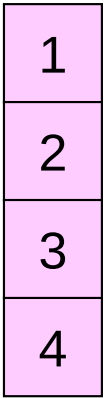
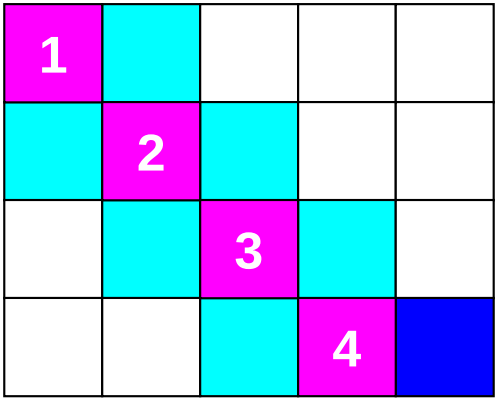
Because the matrix is sparse, the union of the local matrices forms the global matrix !



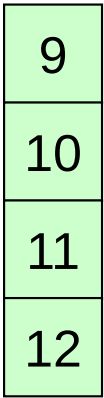
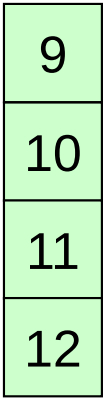
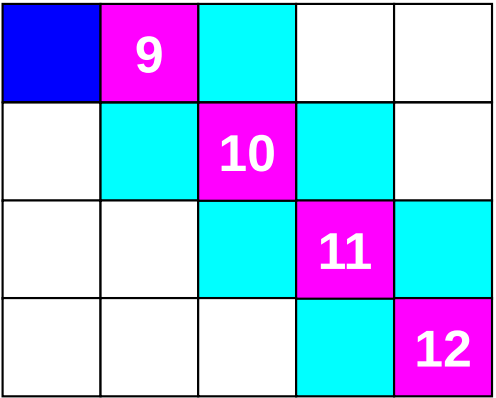
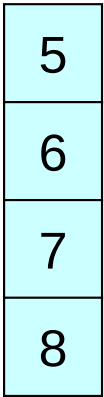
Mat-Vec Products: Local Op. Possible



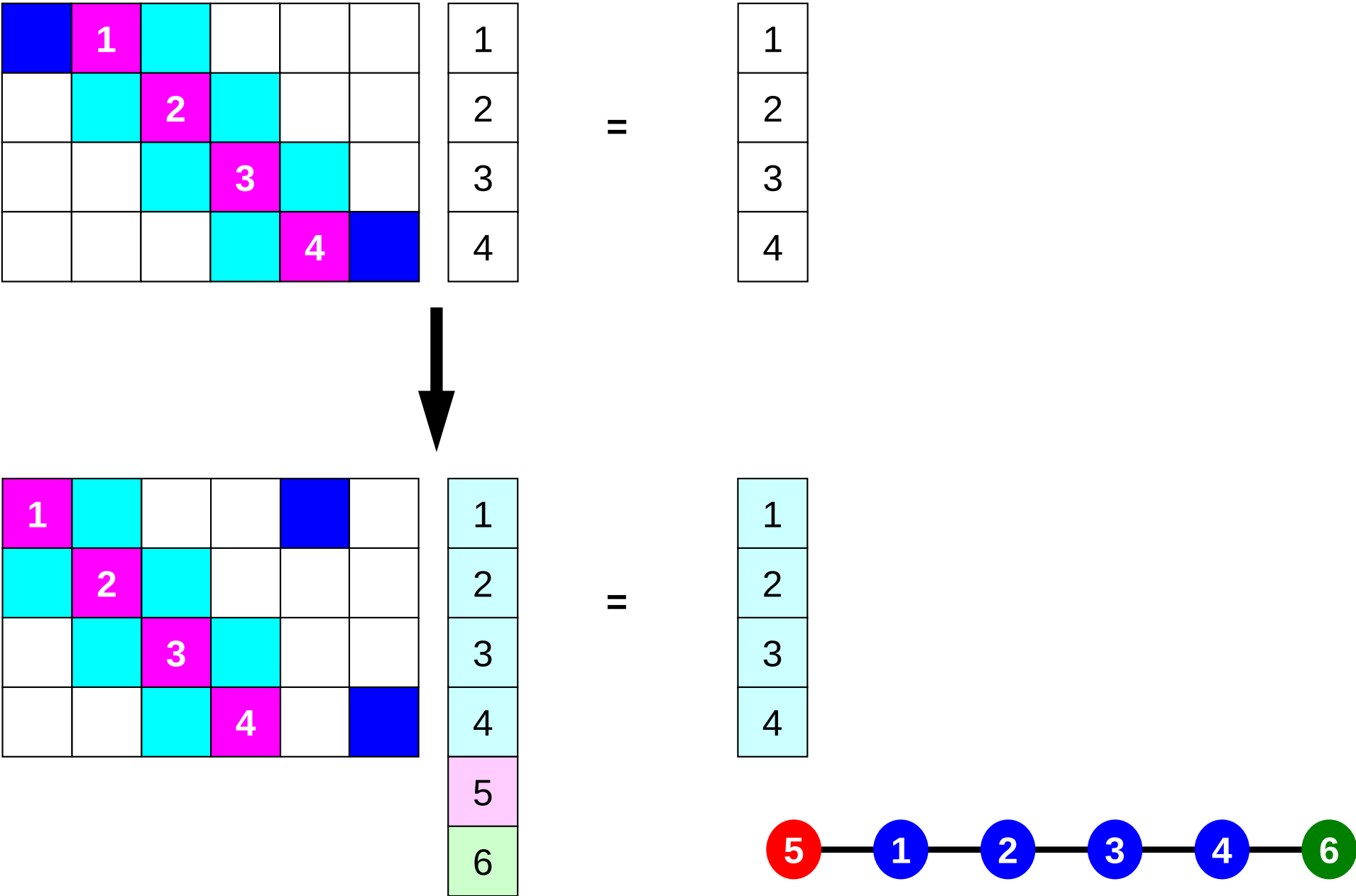
Mat-Vec Products: Local Op. Possible



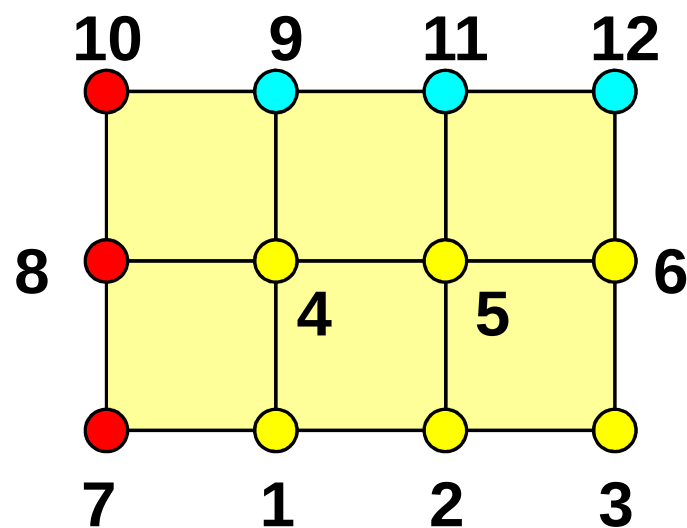
=



Mat-Vec Products: Local Op. #1



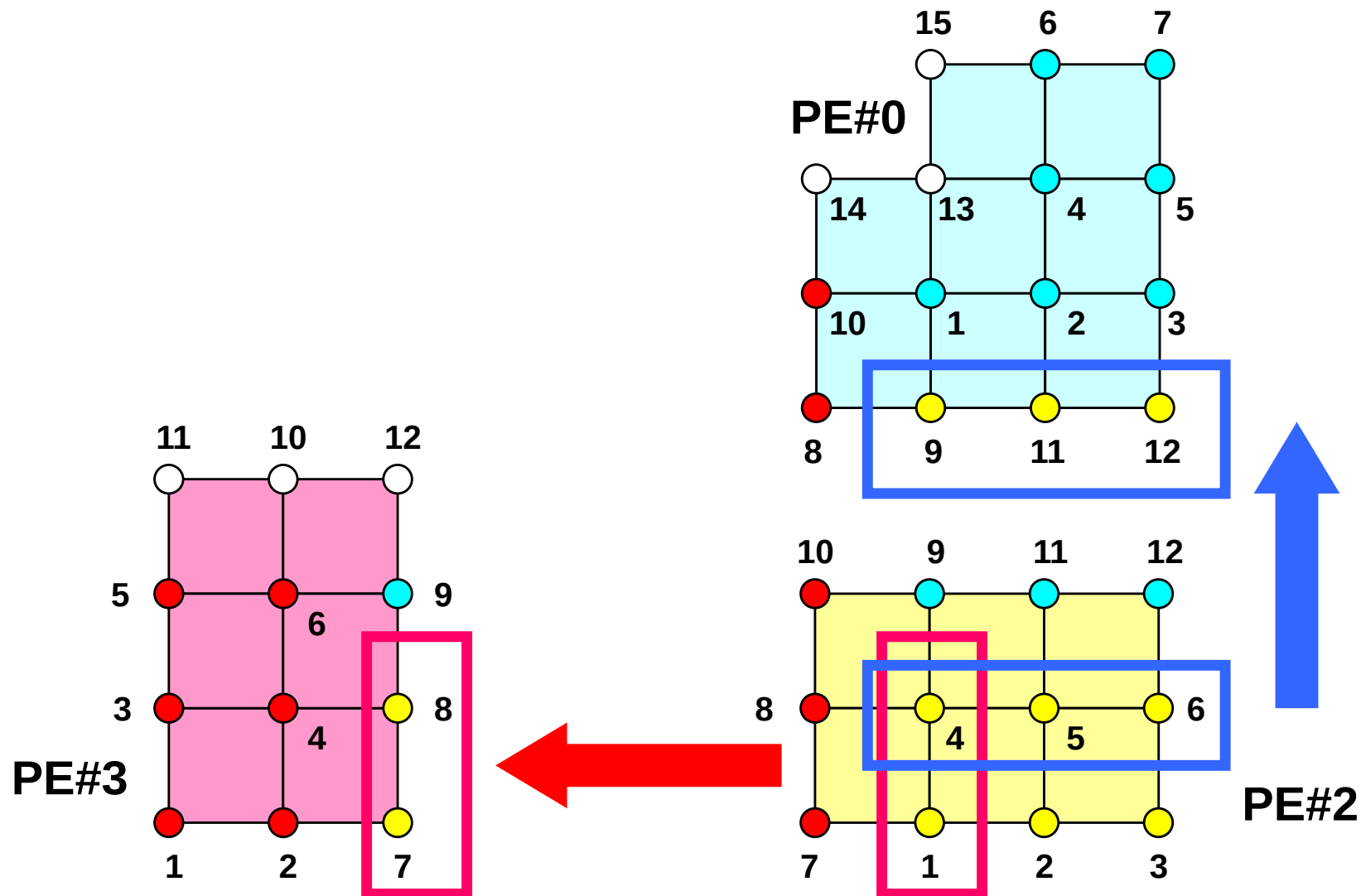
Description of Distributed Local Data



- Internal/External Points
 - Numbering: Starting from internal pts, then external pts after that
- Neighbors
 - Shares overlapped meshes
 - Number and ID of neighbors
- External Points
 - From where, how many, and which external points are received/imported ?
- Boundary Points
 - To where, how many and which boundary points are sent/exported ?

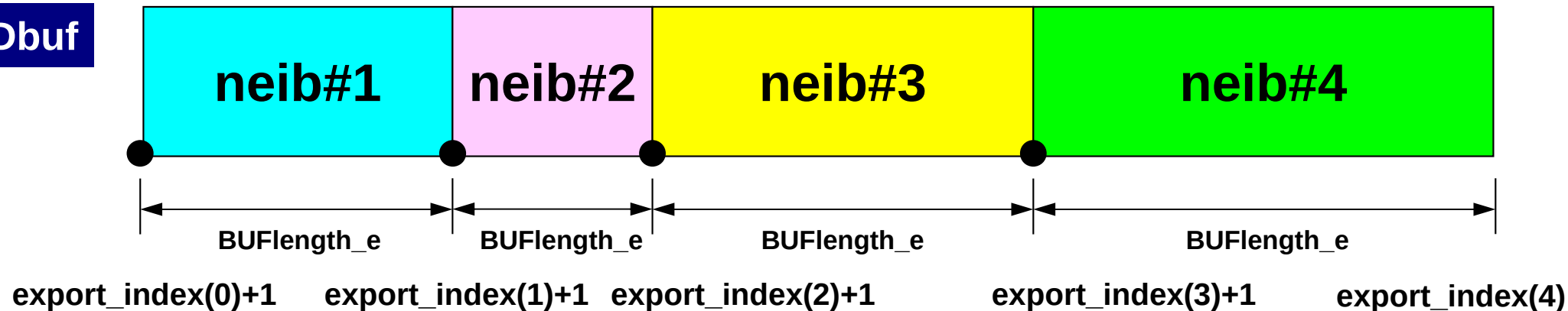
Boundary Nodes (境界点) : SEND

PE#2 : send information on “boundary nodes”



SEND: MPI_Isend/Irecv/Waitall

SENDbuf



```
do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  do k= export_index(neib-1)+1, export_index(neib)
    kk= export_item(k)
    SENDbuf(k)= VAL(kk)
  enddo
enddo
```

Copied to sending buffers

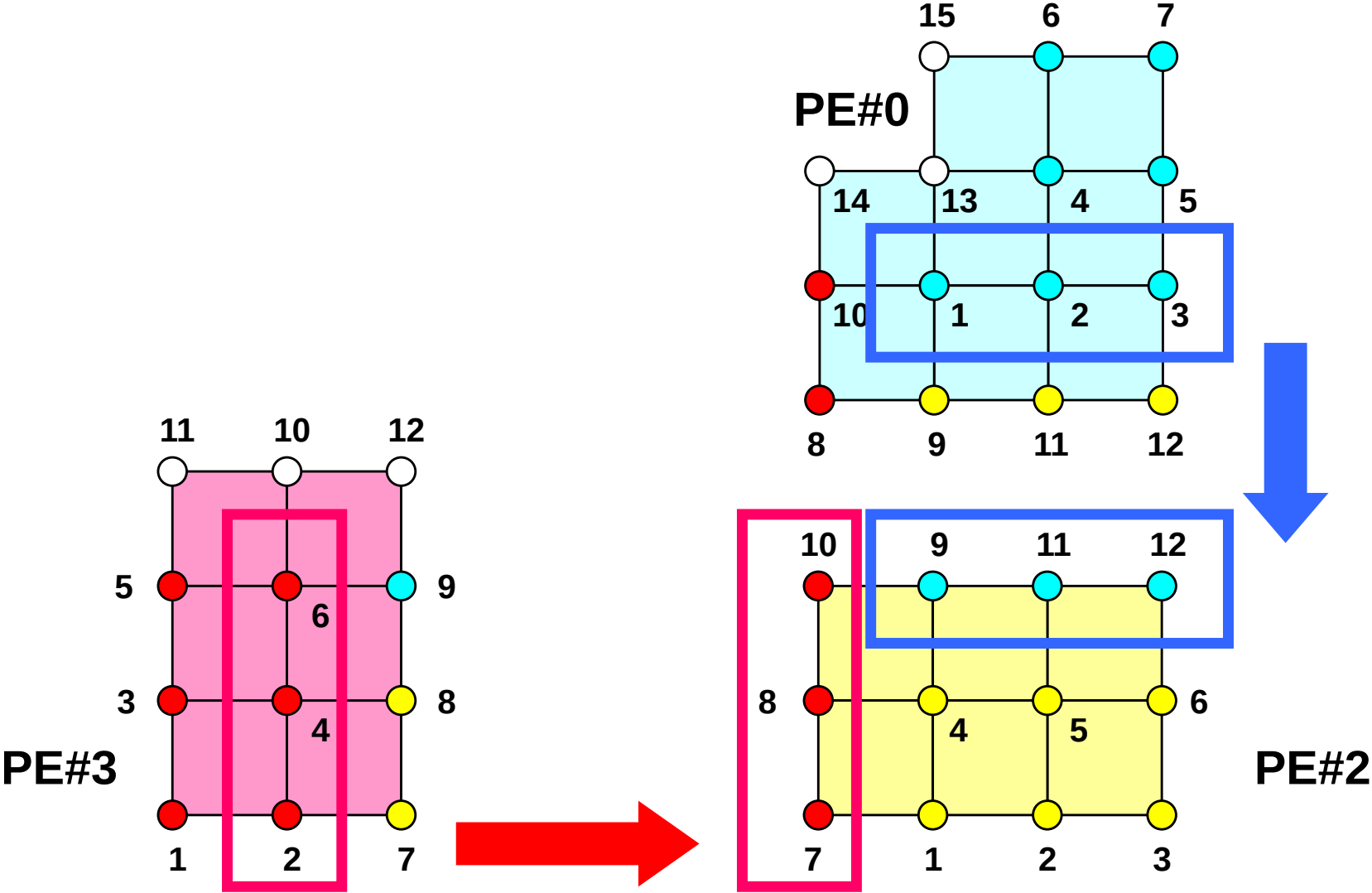
```
do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  iS_e= export_index(neib-1) + 1
  iE_e= export_index(neib )
  BUFlength_e= iE_e + 1 - iS_e

  call MPI_ISEND
&      (SENDbuf(iS_e), BUFlength_e, MPI_INTEGER, NEIBPE(neib), 0,&
&      MPI_COMM_WORLD, request_send(neib), ierr)
enddo

call MPI_WAITALL (NEIBPETOT, request_send, stat_send, ierr)
```


External Nodes (外点) : RECEIVE

PE#2 : receive information for “external nodes”



RECV: MPI_Isend/Irecv/Waitall

```

do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  iS_i= import_index(neib-1) + 1
  iE_i= import_index(neib)
  BUFlength_i= iE_i + 1 - iS_i

  call MPI_Irecv
  &      (RECVbuf(iS_i), BUFlength_i, MPI_INTEGER, NEIBPE(neib), 0,&
  &      MPI_COMM_WORLD, request_recv(neib), ierr)
enddo

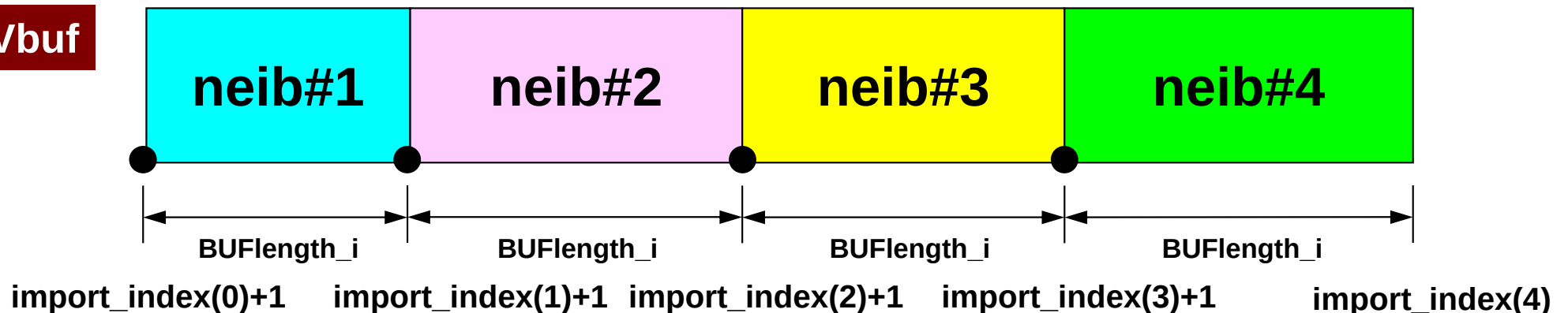
call MPI_WAITALL (NEIBPETOT, request_recv, stat_recv, ierr)

do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  do k= import_index(neib-1)+1, import_index(neib)
    kk= import_item(k)
    VAL(kk)= RECVbuf(k)
  enddo
enddo

```

Copied from receiving buffer

RECVbuf



- Overview
- Distributed Local Data
- **Program**
- Results

Program: 1d.f (1/11)

Variables

```
program heat1Dp
implicit REAL*8, (A-H, O-Z)
include 'mpif.h'

integer :: N, NPLU, ITERmax
integer :: R, Z, P, Q, DD

real(kind=8) :: dX, RESID, EPS
real(kind=8) :: AREA, QV, COND
real(kind=8), dimension(:), allocatable :: PHI, RHS
real(kind=8), dimension(:), allocatable :: DIAG, AMAT
real(kind=8), dimension(:, :), allocatable :: W

real(kind=8), dimension(2,2) :: KMAT, EMAT

integer, dimension(:), allocatable :: ICELNOD
integer, dimension(:), allocatable :: INDEX, ITEM
integer(kind=4) :: NEIBPETOT, BUFLength, PETOT
integer(kind=4), dimension(2) :: NEIBPE

integer(kind=4), dimension(0:2) :: import_index, export_index
integer(kind=4), dimension(2) :: import_item, export_item

real(kind=8), dimension(2) :: SENDbuf, RECVbuf

integer(kind=4), dimension(:, :), allocatable :: stat_send
integer(kind=4), dimension(:, :), allocatable :: stat_recv
integer(kind=4), dimension(:), allocatable :: request_send
integer(kind=4), dimension(:), allocatable :: request_recv
```

Variable/Arrays (1/3)

Name	Type	Size	Definition
NE, Neg	I		# Element (Local, Global)
N, NP	I		# Node (Internal, Internal+External)
NPLU	I		# Non-Zero Off-Diag. Components
IterMax	I		MAX Iteration Number for CG
errno	I		ERROR flag
R, Z, Q, P, DD	I		Name of Vectors in CG
dX	R		Length of Each Element
Resid	R		Residual for CG
Eps	R		Convergence Criteria for CG
Area	R		Sectional Area of Element
QV	R		Heat Generation Rate/Volume/Time
COND	R		Thermal Conductivity

$\dot{Q}$

Variable/Arrays (2/3)

Name	Type	Size	Definition
X	R	NP	Location of Each Node
PHI	R	NP	Temperature of Each Node
Rhs	R	NP	RHS Vector
Diag	R	NP	Diagonal Components
W	R	(N, 4)	Work Array for CG
Amat	R	NPLU	Off-Diagonal Components (Value)
Index	I	0 : NP	Number of Non-Zero Off-Diagonals at Each ROW
Item	I	NPLU	Off-Diagonal Components (Corresponding Column ID)
IceInod	I	2 * NE	Node ID for Each Element
Kmat	R	(2, 2)	Element Matrix [k]
Emat	R	(2, 2)	Element Matrix

Variable/Arrays (3/3)

Name	Type	Size	Definition
PETOT	I		Total Number of MPI Processes
my_rank	I		Rank ID
NEIBPETOT	I		Total Number of Neighbors
NEIBPE	I	2	ID of Neighbors
import_index export_index	I	0:2	Size of Import/Export Arrays for Communication Table
import_item	I	2	Receiving Table (External Points)
export_item	I	2	Sending Table (Boundary Points)
RECVBuf	R	2	Receiving Buffer
SENDBuf	R	2	Sending Buffer

Program: 1d.f (2/11)

Control Data

```
!C
!C +-----+
!C |  INIT.  |
!C +-----+
!C===
!C
!C-- MPI init.
```

```
call MPI_Init      (ierr)
call MPI_Comm_size (MPI_COMM_WORLD, PETOT, ierr)
call MPI_Comm_rank (MPI_COMM_WORLD, my_rank, ierr)
```

Initialization
Entire Process #: PETOT
Rank ID (0-PETot-1): my_rank

```
!C
!C-- CTRL data
  if (my_rank.eq.0) then
    open  (11, file='input.dat', status='unknown')
    read  (11,*) NEg
    read  (11,*) dX, QV, AREA, COND
    read  (11,*) ITERmax
    read  (11,*) EPS
    close (11)
  endif
```

```
call MPI_Bcast (NEg      , 1, MPI_INTEGER, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
call MPI_Bcast (ITERmax, 1, MPI_INTEGER, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
call MPI_Bcast (dX       , 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
call MPI_Bcast (QV       , 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
call MPI_Bcast (AREA     , 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
call MPI_Bcast (COND     , 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
call MPI_Bcast (EPS      , 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
```


Program: 1d.f (2/11)

Control Data

```
!C
!C +-----+
!C |  INIT.  |
!C +-----+
!C==
!C
!C-- MPI init.
```

```
call MPI_Init      (ierr)
call MPI_Comm_size (MPI_COMM_WORLD, PETOT, ierr)
call MPI_Comm_rank (MPI_COMM_WORLD, my_rank, ierr)
```

Initialization
Entire Process #: PETOT
Rank ID (0-PETot-1): my_rank

```
!C
!C-- CTRL data
```

```
if (my_rank.eq.0) then
  open  (11, file='input.dat', status='unknown')
  read  (11,*) Neg
  read  (11,*) dX, QV, AREA, COND
  read  (11,*) ITERmax
  read  (11,*) EPS
  close (11)
endif
```

Reading control file if my_rank=0

Neg: Global Number of Elements

```
call MPI_Bcast (NEg      , 1, MPI_INTEGER, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
call MPI_Bcast (ITERmax, 1, MPI_INTEGER, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
call MPI_Bcast (dX       , 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
call MPI_Bcast (QV       , 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
call MPI_Bcast (AREA     , 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
call MPI_Bcast (COND     , 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
call MPI_Bcast (EPS      , 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
```

Program: 1d.f (2/11)

Control Data

```
!C
!C +-----+
!C |  INIT.  |
!C +-----+
!C==
!C
!C-- MPI init.
```

```
call MPI_Init      (ierr)
call MPI_Comm_size (MPI_COMM_WORLD, PETOT, ierr )
call MPI_Comm_rank (MPI_COMM_WORLD, my_rank, ierr )
```

Initialization
Entire Process #: PETOT
Rank ID (0-PETot-1): my_rank

```
!C
!C-- CTRL data
```

```
if (my_rank.eq.0) then
  open  (11, file='input.dat', status='unknown')
  read  (11,*) Neg
  read  (11,*) dX, QV, AREA, COND
  read  (11,*) ITERmax
  read  (11,*) EPS
  close (11)
endif
```

Reading control file if my_rank=0

Neg: Global Number of Elements

```
call MPI_Bcast (Neg      , 1, MPI_INTEGER, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr) Parameters are sent to each proces
call MPI_Bcast (ITERmax, 1, MPI_INTEGER, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr) from Process #0.
call MPI_Bcast (dX      , 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
call MPI_Bcast (QV      , 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
call MPI_Bcast (AREA    , 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
call MPI_Bcast (COND    , 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
call MPI_Bcast (EPS     , 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
```

P#0	A0	B0	C0	D0
P#1				
P#2				
P#3				

Broadcast

P#0	A0	B0	C0	D0
P#1	A0	B0	C0	D0
P#2	A0	B0	C0	D0
P#3	A0	B0	C0	D0

- Broadcasts a message from the process with rank "root" to all other processes of the communicator
- **call MPI_BCAST (buffer, count, datatype, root, comm, ierr)**
 - **buffer** choice I/O starting address of buffer
type is defined by "datatype"
 - **count** I I number of elements in send/recv buffer
 - **datatype** I I data type of elements of send/recv buffer
 FORTRAN MPI_INTEGER, MPI_REAL, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, MPI_CHARACTER etc.
 C MPI_INT, MPI_FLOAT, MPI_DOUBLE, MPI_CHAR etc.
 - **root** I I rank of root process
 - **comm** I I communicator
 - **ierr** I 0 completion code

Program: 1d.f (3/11)

Distributed Local Mesh

```

!C
!C-- Local Mesh Size

Ng= NEg + 1
N = Ng / PETOT

nr = Ng - N*PETOT
if (my_rank.lt.nr) N= N+1

mod(Ng, PETOT) .ne. 0

NE= N - 1 + 2
NP= N + 2

if (my_rank.eq.0) NE= N - 1 + 1
if (my_rank.eq.0) NP= N + 1

if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) NE= N - 1 + 1
if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) NP= N + 1

if (PETOT.eq.1) NE= N-1
if (PETOT.eq.1) NP= N

!C
!C- ARRAYs

allocate (PHI(NP), DIAG(NP), AMAT(2*NP-2), RHS(NP))
allocate (ICELNOD(2*NE))
allocate (INDEX(0:NP), ITEM(2*NP-2), W(NP,4))
PHI= 0. d0
AMAT= 0. d0
DIAG= 0. d0
RHS= 0. d0

```

Program: 1d.f (3/11)

Distributed Local Mesh, Uniform Elements

```
!C
!C-- Local Mesh Size
```

```
Ng= NEg + 1
N = Ng / PETOT
```

Global Number of Nodes
Local Number of Nodes

```
nr = Ng - N*PETOT
if (my_rank.lt.nr) N= N+1
```

$\text{mod}(Ng, PETOT) \neq 0$

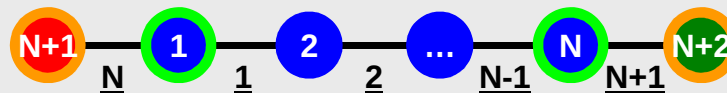
```
NE= N - 1 + 2
NP= N + 2
```

Number of Elements (Local)
Total Number of Nodes (Local) (Internal + External Nodes)

```
if (my_rank.eq.0) NE= N - 1 + 1
if (my_rank.eq.0) NP= N + 1
```

```
if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) NE= N - 1 + 1
if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) NP= N + 1
```

```
if (PETOT.eq.1) NE= N-1
if (PETOT.eq.1) NP= N
```



Others (General):
N+2 nodes
N+1 elements

```
!C
!C- ARRAYs
```

```
allocate (PHI(NP), DIAG(NP), AMAT(2*NP-2), RHS(NP))
allocate (ICELNOD(2*NE))
allocate (INDEX(0:NP), ITEM(2*NP-2), W(NP,4))
PHI= 0. d0
AMAT= 0. d0
DIAG= 0. d0
RHS= 0. d0
```

Program: 1d.f (3/11)

Distributed Local Mesh, Uniform Elements

```

!C
!C-- Local Mesh Size

Ng= NEg + 1
N = Ng / PETOT

nr = Ng - N*PETOT
if (my_rank.lt.nr) N= N+1

NE= N - 1 + 2
NP= N + 2

if (my_rank.eq.0) NE= N - 1 + 1
if (my_rank.eq.0) NP= N + 1

if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) NE= N - 1 + 1
if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) NP= N + 1

if (PETOT.eq.1) NE= N-1
if (PETOT.eq.1) NP= N

!C
!C- ARRAYs

allocate (PHI(NP), DIAG(NP), AMAT(2*NP-2), RHS(NP))
allocate (ICELNOD(2*NE))
allocate (INDEX(0:NP), ITEM(2*NP-2), W(NP,4))
PHI= 0. d0
AMAT= 0. d0
DIAG= 0. d0
RHS= 0. d0

```

Global Number of Nodes
Local Number of Nodes
 $\text{mod}(Ng, PETOT) \neq 0$
Number of Elements (Local)
Total Number of Nodes (Local) (Internal + External Nodes)



#0:
N+1 nodes
N elements

Program: 1d.f (3/11)

Distributed Local Mesh, Uniform Elem

```
!C
!C-- Local Mesh Size
```

```
Ng= NEg + 1
N = Ng / PETOT
```

Global Number of Nodes
Local Number of Nodes

```
nr = Ng - N*PETOT
if (my_rank.lt.nr) N= N+1
```

$\text{mod}(Ng, PETOT) \neq 0$

```
NE= N - 1 + 2
NP= N + 2
```

Number of Elements (Local)
Total Number of Nodes (Local) (Internal + External Nodes)

```
if (my_rank.eq.0) NE= N - 1 + 1
if (my_rank.eq.0) NP= N + 1
```

```
if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) NE= N - 1 + 1
if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) NP= N + 1
```

```
if (PETOT.eq.1) NE= N-1
if (PETOT.eq.1) NP= N
```



#PETot-1:
N+1 nodes
N elements

```
!C
!C- ARRAYs
```

```
allocate (PHI(NP), DIAG(NP), AMAT(2*NP-2), RHS(NP))
allocate (ICELNOD(2*NE))
allocate (INDEX(0:NP), ITEM(2*NP-2), W(NP,4))
PHI= 0. d0
AMAT= 0. d0
DIAG= 0. d0
RHS= 0. d0
```

Program: 1d.f (3/11)

Distributed Local Mesh, Uniform Elements

```

!C
!C-- Local Mesh Size

Ng= NEg + 1
N = Ng / PETOT

nr = Ng - N*PETOT
if (my_rank.lt.nr) N= N+1

NE= N - 1 + 2
NP= N + 2

if (my_rank.eq.0) NE= N - 1 + 1
if (my_rank.eq.0) NP= N + 1

if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) NE= N - 1 + 1
if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) NP= N + 1

if (PETOT.eq.1) NE= N-1
if (PETOT.eq.1) NP= N

!C
!C- ARRAYs

allocate (PHI(NP), DIAG(NP), AMAT(2*NP-2), RHS(NP))
allocate (ICELNOD(2*NE))
allocate (INDEX(0:NP), ITEM(2*NP-2), W(NP,4))
PHI= 0. d0
AMAT= 0. d0
DIAG= 0. d0
RHS= 0. d0

```

Global Number of Nodes
Local Number of Nodes
mod(Ng, PETOT) .ne. 0
Number of Elements (Local)
Total Number of Nodes (Local) (Internal + External Nodes)

Size of arrays is "NP", not "N"

Program: 1d.f (4/11)

Initialization of Arrays, Elements-Nodes

```
do icel= 1, NE
  ICELNOD(2*icel-1)= icel
  ICELNOD(2*icel )= icel + 1
enddo
```

```
if (PETOT.gt.1) then
```

```
if (my_rank.eq.0) then
```

```
  icel= NE
```

```
  ICELNOD(2*icel-1)= N
```

```
  ICELNOD(2*icel )= N + 1
```

```
else if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) then
```

```
  icel= NE
```

```
  ICELNOD(2*icel-1)= N + 1
```

```
  ICELNOD(2*icel )= 1
```

```
else
```

```
  icel= NE - 1
```

```
  ICELNOD(2*icel-1)= N + 1
```

```
  ICELNOD(2*icel )= 1
```

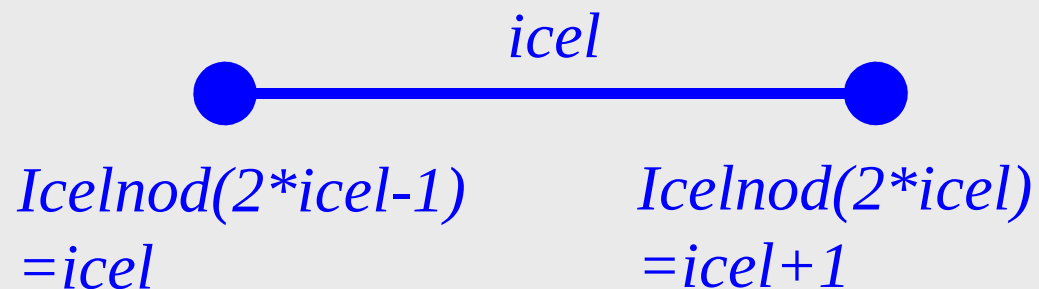
```
  icel= NE
```

```
  ICELNOD(2*icel-1)= N
```

```
  ICELNOD(2*icel )= N + 2
```

```
endif
```

```
endif
```



Program: 1d.f (4/11)

Initialization of Arrays, Elements-Nodes

```
do icel= 1, NE
  ICELNOD(2*icel-1)= icel
  ICELNOD(2*icel )= icel + 1
enddo
```

```
if (PETOT.gt.1) then
```

e.g. Element-1 includes node-1 and node-2

```
if (my_rank.eq.0) then
  icel= NE
  ICELNOD(2*icel-1)= N
  ICELNOD(2*icel )= N + 1
```



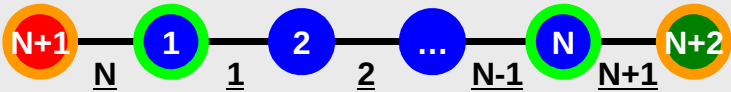
#0:
N+1 nodes
N elements

```
else if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) then
  icel= NE
  ICELNOD(2*icel-1)= N + 1
  ICELNOD(2*icel )= 1
```



#PETot-1:
N+1 nodes
N elements

```
else
  icel= NE - 1
  ICELNOD(2*icel-1)= N + 1
  ICELNOD(2*icel )= 1
  icel= NE
  ICELNOD(2*icel-1)= N
  ICELNOD(2*icel )= N + 2
```



Others (General):
N+2 nodes
N+1 elements

```
endif
endif
```

Program: 1d.f (5/11)

"Index"

```
KMAT (1, 1)= +1. d0
      KMAT (1, 2)= -1. d0
      KMAT (2, 1)= -1. d0
      KMAT (2, 2)= +1. d0
```

!C===

```
!C
!C +-----+
!C | CONNECTIVITY |
!C +-----+
!C===
```

INDEX = 2

INDEX(0)= 0

INDEX(N+1)= 1

INDEX(NP)= 1

```
if (my_rank. eq. 0) INDEX(1)= 1
if (my_rank. eq. PETOT-1) INDEX(N)= 1
```

```
do i= 1, NP
  INDEX(i)= INDEX(i) + INDEX(i-1)
enddo
```

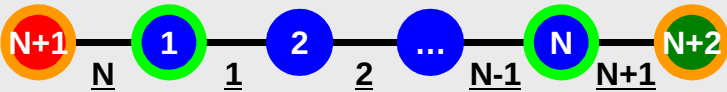
```
NPLU= INDEX(NP)
ITEM= 0
```



#0:
N+1 nodes
N elements



#PETot-1:
N+1 nodes
N elements



Others (General):
N+2 nodes
N+1 elements

Program: 1d.f (6/11)

"Item"

```
do i= 1, N
  jS= INDEX(i-1)
  if (my_rank. eq. 0. and. i. eq. 1) then
    ITEM(jS+1)= i+1
  else if (my_rank. eq. PETOT-1. and. i. eq. N) then
    ITEM(jS+1)= i-1
  else
    ITEM(jS+1)= i-1
    ITEM(jS+2)= i+1
    if (i. eq. 1) ITEM(jS+1)= N + 1
    if (i. eq. N) ITEM(jS+2)= N + 2
    if (my_rank. eq. 0. and. i. eq. N) ITEM(jS+2)= N + 1
  endif
enddo
```



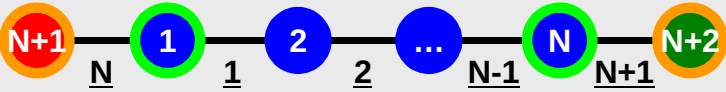
#0:
N+1 nodes
N elements

```
i = N + 1
jS= INDEX(i-1)
if (my_rank. eq. 0) then
  ITEM(jS+1)= N
else
  ITEM(jS+1)= 1
endif
```



#PETot-1:
N+1 nodes
N elements

```
i = N + 2
if (my_rank. ne. 0. and. my_rank. ne. PETOT-1) then
  jS= INDEX(i-1)
  ITEM(jS+1)= N
endif
```



Others (General):
N+2 nodes
N+1 elements

Program: 1d.f (7/11)

Communication Tables

```
!C
!C-- COMMUNICATION
NEIBPETOT= 2
if (my_rank.eq.0 ) NEIBPETOT= 1
if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) NEIBPETOT= 1
if (PETOT.eq.1) NEIBPETOT= 0
```

```
NEIBPE(1)= my_rank - 1
NEIBPE(2)= my_rank + 1
```

```
if (my_rank.eq.0 ) NEIBPE(1)= my_rank + 1
if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) NEIBPE(1)= my_rank - 1
```

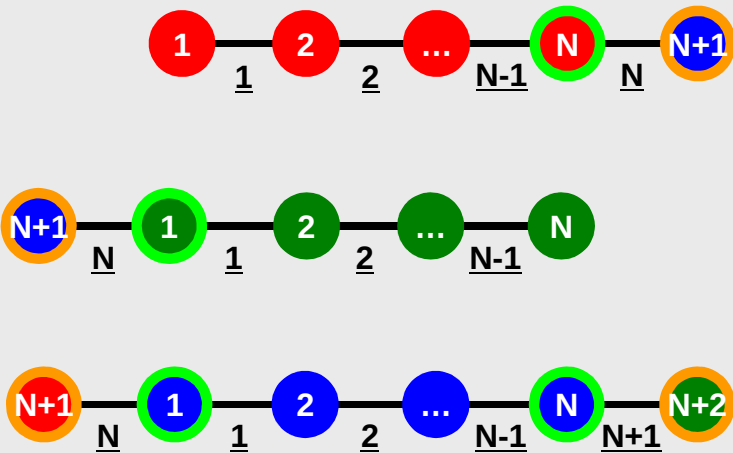
```
BUFlength= 1
```

```
import_index(1)= 1
import_index(2)= 2
import_item (1)= N+1
import_item (2)= N+2
```

```
export_index(1)= 1
export_index(2)= 2
export_item (1)= 1
export_item (2)= N
```

```
if (my_rank.eq.0) then
  import_item (1)= N+1
  export_item (1)= N
endif
```

```
!C
!C-- INIT. arrays for MPI_Waitall
allocate (stat_send(MPI_STATUS_SIZE,NEIBPETOT), stat_recv(MPI_STATUS_SIZE,NEIBPETOT))
allocate (request_send(NEIBPETOT), request_recv(NEIBPETOT))
```



#0:
N+1 nodes
N elements

#PETot-1:
N+1 nodes
N elements

Others (General):
N+2 nodes
N+1 elements

MPI_ISEND

- Begins a non-blocking send
 - Send the contents of sending buffer (starting from **sendbuf**, number of messages: **count**) to **dest** with **tag** .
 - Contents of sending buffer cannot be modified before calling corresponding **MPI_Waitall**.
- call **MPI_ISEND**
(sendbuf, count, datatype, dest, tag, comm, request, ierr)
 - **sendbuf** choice I starting address of sending buffer
 - **count** I I number of elements sent to each process
 - **datatype** I I data type of elements of sending buffer
 - **dest** I I rank of destination
 - **tag** I I message tag

This integer can be used by the application to distinguish messages. Communication occurs if tag's of MPI_Isend and MPI_Irecv are matched. Usually tag is set to be "0" (in this class),
 - **comm** I I communicator
 - **request** I 0 communication request array used in MPI_Waitall
 - **ierr** I 0 completion code

MPI_Irecv

- Begins a non-blocking receive
 - Receiving the contents of receiving buffer (starting from **recvbuf**, number of messages: **count**) from **source** with **tag** .
 - Contents of receiving buffer cannot be used before calling corresponding **MPI_Waitall**.

- **call MPI_Irecv**
(recvbuf, count, datatype, dest, tag, comm, request, ierr)

– <u>recvbuf</u>	choice	I	starting address of receiving buffer
– <u>count</u>	I	I	number of elements in receiving buffer
– <u>datatype</u>	I	I	data type of elements of receiving buffer
– <u>source</u>	I	I	rank of source
– <u>tag</u>	I	I	message tag
This integer can be used by the application to distinguish messages. Communication occurs if tag's of MPI_Isend and MPI_Irecv are matched.			
Usually tag is set to be "0" (in this class),			
– <u>comm</u>	I	I	communicator
– <u>request</u>	I	0	communication request used in MPI_Waitall
– <u>ierr</u>	I	0	completion code

MPI_WAITALL

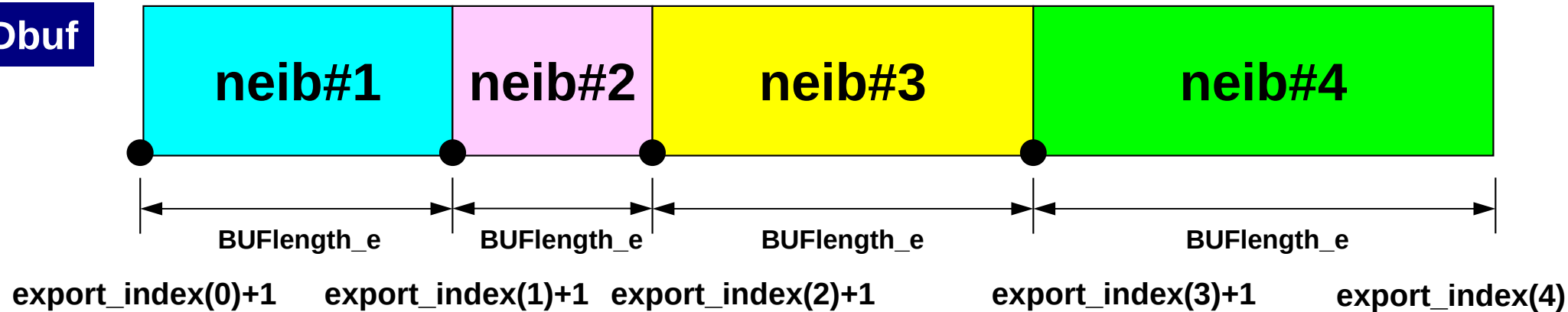
- **MPI_Waitall** blocks until all comm's, associated with request in the array, complete. It is used for synchronizing MPI_Isend and MPI_Irecv in this class.
- At sending phase, contents of sending buffer cannot be modified before calling corresponding **MPI_Waitall**. At receiving phase, contents of receiving buffer cannot be used before calling corresponding **MPI_Waitall**.
- MPI_Isend and MPI_Irecv can be synchronized simultaneously with a single **MPI_Waitall** if it is consistent.
 - Same request should be used in MPI_Isend and MPI_Irecv.
- Its operation is similar to that of **MPI_Barrier** but, **MPI_Waitall** can not be replaced by **MPI_Barrier**.
 - Possible troubles using **MPI_Barrier** instead of **MPI_Waitall**: Contents of **request** and **status** are not updated properly, very slow operations etc.
- **call MPI_WAITALL (count, request, status, ierr)**
 - count I I number of processes to be synchronized
 - request I I/O comm. request used in MPI_Waitall (array size: count)
 - status I 0 array of status objects
MPI_STATUS_SIZE: defined in 'mpif.h', 'mpi.h'
 - ierr I 0 completion code

Generalized Comm. Table: Send

- Neighbors
 - NEIBPETOT, NEIBPE(neib)
- Message size for each neighbor
 - export_index(neib), neib= 0, NEIBPETOT
- ID of **boundary** points
 - export_item(k), k= 1, export_index(NEIBPETOT)
- Messages to each neighbor
 - SENDbuf(k), k= 1, export_index(NEIBPETOT)

SEND: MPI_Isend/Irecv/Waitall

SENDbuf



```
do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  do k= export_index(neib-1)+1, export_index(neib)
    kk= export_item(k)
    SENDbuf(k)= VAL(kk)
  enddo
enddo
```

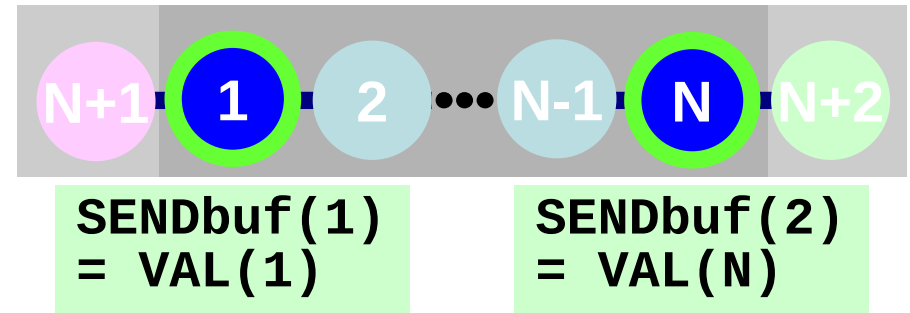
Copied to sending buffers

```
do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  iS_e= export_index(neib-1) + 1
  iE_e= export_index(neib )
  BUFlength_e= iE_e + 1 - iS_e

  call MPI_ISEND
&      (SENDbuf(iS_e), BUFlength_e, MPI_INTEGER, NEIBPE(neib), 0,&
&      MPI_COMM_WORLD, request_send(neib), ierr)
enddo

call MPI_WAITALL (NEIBPETOT, request_send, stat_send, ierr)
```

SEND/Export: 1D Problem



- Neighbors
 - NEIBPETOT, NEIBPE(neib)
 - NEIBPETOT=2, NEIB(1)= my_rank-1, NEIB(2)= my_rank+1
- Message size for each neighbor
 - export_index(neib), neib= 0, NEIBPETOT
 - export_index(0)=0, export_index(1)= 1, export_index(2)= 2
- ID of boundary points
 - export_item(k), k= 1, export_index(NEIBPETOT)
 - export_item(1)= 1, export_item(2)= N
- Messages to each neighbor
 - SENDbuf(k), k= 1, export_index(NEIBPETOT)
 - SENDbuf(1)= BUF(1), SENDbuf(2)= BUF(N)

Generalized Comm. Table: Receive

- Neighbors
 - NEIBPETOT, NEIBPE(neib)
- Message size for each neighbor
 - import_index(neib), neib= 0, NEIBPETOT
- ID of external points
 - import_item(k), k= 1, import_index(NEIBPETOT)
- Messages from each neighbor
 - RECVbuf(k), k= 1, import_index(NEIBPETOT)

RECV: MPI_Isend/Irecv/Waitall

```

do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  iS_i= import_index(neib-1) + 1
  iE_i= import_index(neib )
  BUFlength_i= iE_i + 1 - iS_i

  call MPI_Irecv
&      (RECVbuf(iS_i), BUFlength_i, MPI_INTEGER, NEIBPE(neib), 0,&
&      MPI_COMM_WORLD, request_recv(neib), ierr)
enddo

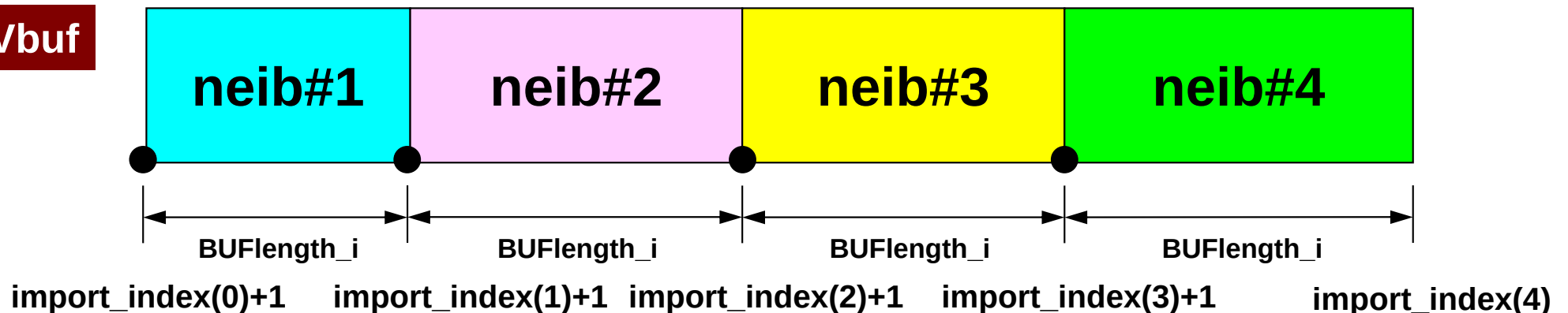
call MPI_WAITALL (NEIBPETOT, request_recv, stat_recv, ierr)

do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  do k= import_index(neib-1)+1, import_index(neib)
    kk= import_item(k)
    VAL(kk)= RECVbuf(k)
  enddo
enddo

```

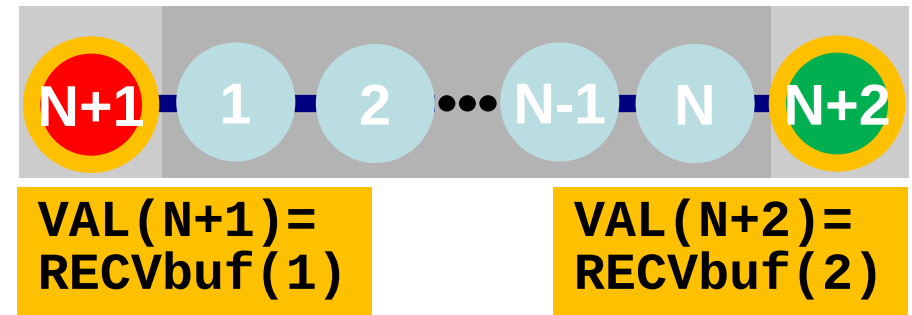
Copied from receiving buffer

RECVbuf

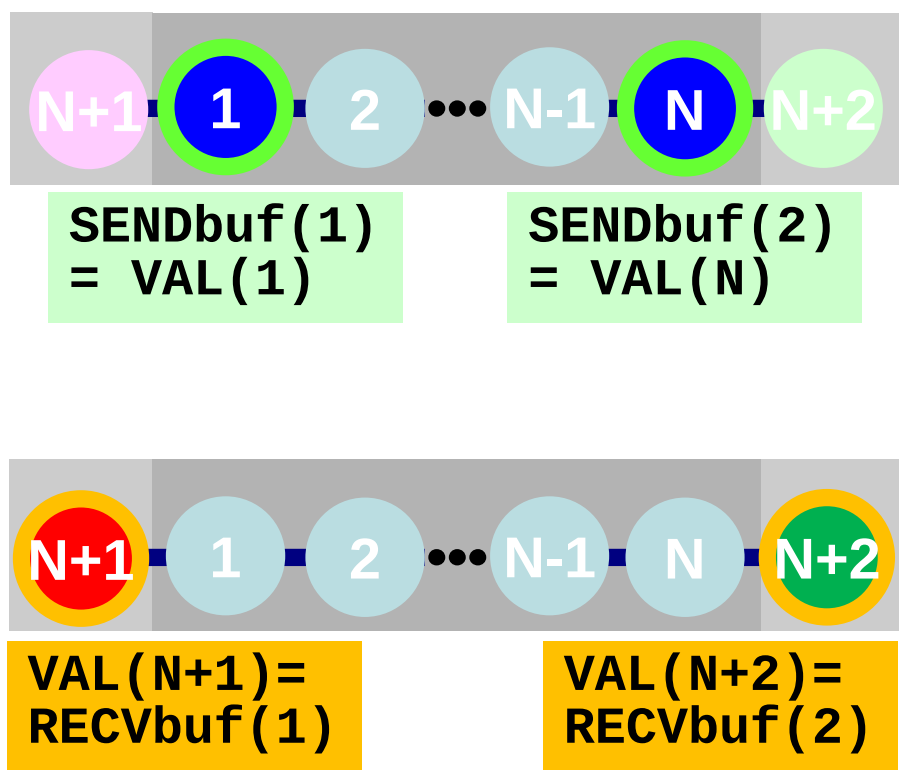


RECV/Import: 1D Problem

- Neighbors
 - NEIBPETOT, NEIBPE(neib)
 - $NEIBPETOT=2$, $NEIB(1)=my_rank-1$, $NEIB(2)=my_rank+1$
- Message size for each neighbor
 - import_index(neib), neib= 0, NEIBPETOT
 - $import_index(0)=0$, $import_index(1)=1$, $import_index(2)=2$
- ID of external points
 - import_item(k), k= 1, import_index(NEIBPETOT)
 - $import_item(1)=N+1$, $import_item(2)=N+2$
- Messages from each neighbor
 - RECVbuf(k), k= 1, import_index(NEIBPETOT)
 - $BUF(N+1)=RECVbuf(1)$, $BUF(N+2)=RECVbuf(2)$



Generalized Comm. Table: Fortran



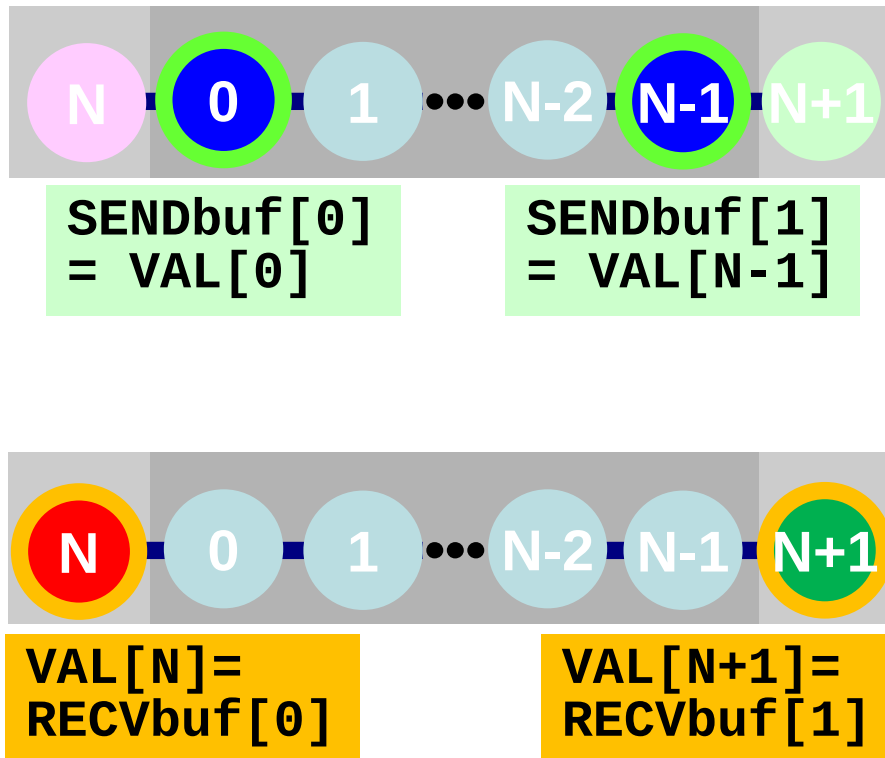
```
NEIBPETOT= 2
NEIBPE(1)= my_rank - 1
NEIBPE(2)= my_rank + 1

import_index(1)= 1
import_index(2)= 2
import_item (1)= N+1
import_item (2)= N+2

export_index(1)= 1
export_index(2)= 2
export_item (1)= 1
export_item (2)= N

if (my_rank.eq.0) then
  import_item (1)= N+1
  export_item (1)= N
  NEIBPE(1)= my_rank+1
endif
```

Generalized Comm. Table: C



```
NEIBPETOT= 2
NEIBPE[0]= my_rank - 1
NEIBPE[1]= my_rank + 1
```

```
import_index[1]= 1
import_index[2]= 2
import_item [0]= N
import_item [1]= N+1
```

```
export_index[1]= 1
export_index[2]= 2
export_item [0]= 0
export_item [1]= N-1
```

```
if (my_rank.eq.0) then
  import_item [0]= N
  export_item [0]= N-1
  NEIBPE[0]= my_rank+1
endif
```


Program: 1d.f (8/11)

Matrix Assembling, NO changes from 1-CPU co

```
!C
!C +-----+
!C | MATRIX ASSEMBLE |
!C +-----+
!C===
```

```
do icel= 1, NE
  in1= ICELNOD(2*icel-1)
  in2= ICELNOD(2*icel )
  DL = dX
  cK= AREA*COND/DL
  EMAT(1, 1)= Ck*KMAT(1, 1)
  EMAT(1, 2)= Ck*KMAT(1, 2)
  EMAT(2, 1)= Ck*KMAT(2, 1)
  EMAT(2, 2)= Ck*KMAT(2, 2)

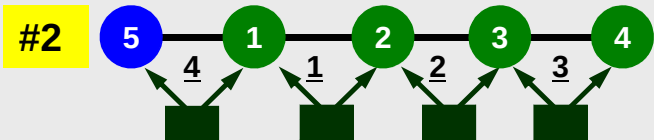
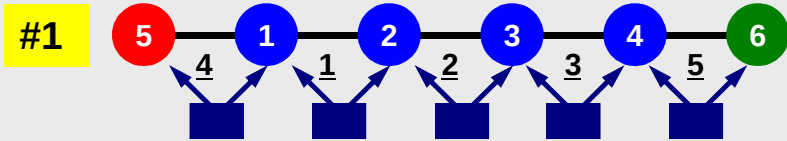
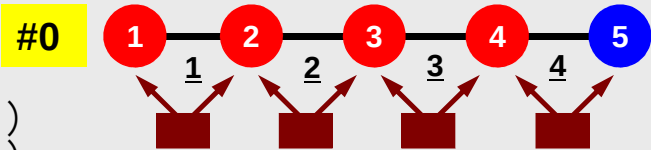
  DIAG(in1)= DIAG(in1) + EMAT(1, 1)
  DIAG(in2)= DIAG(in2) + EMAT(2, 2)

  if (my_rank.eq.0.and.icel.eq.1) then
    k1= INDEX(in1-1) + 1
  else
    k1= INDEX(in1-1) + 2
  endif
  k2= INDEX(in2-1) + 1

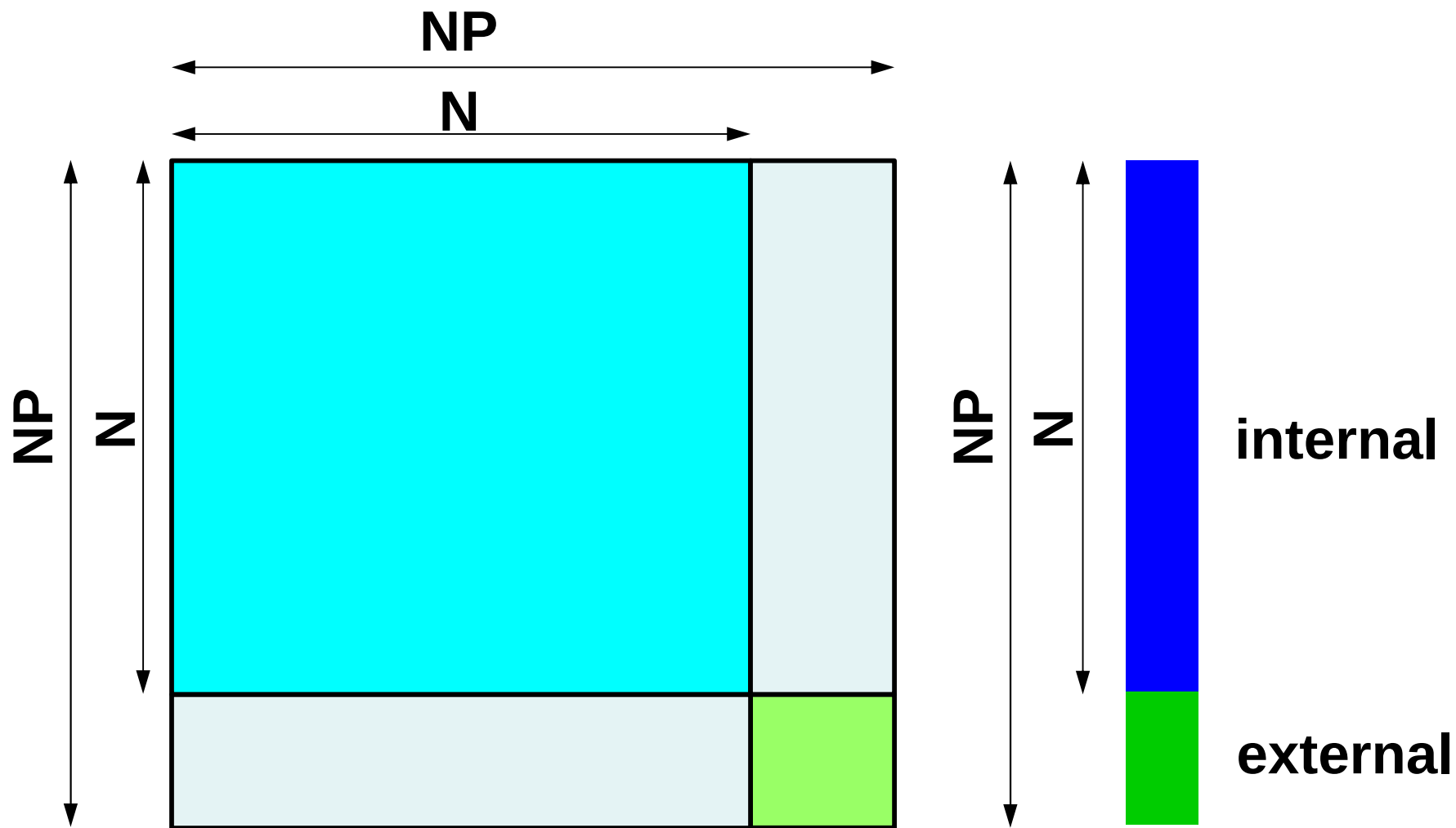
  AMAT(k1)= AMAT(k1) + EMAT(1, 2)
  AMAT(k2)= AMAT(k2) + EMAT(2, 1)

  QN= 0.50d0*QV*AREA*DL
  RHS(in1)= RHS(in1) + QN
  RHS(in2)= RHS(in2) + QN
enddo
```

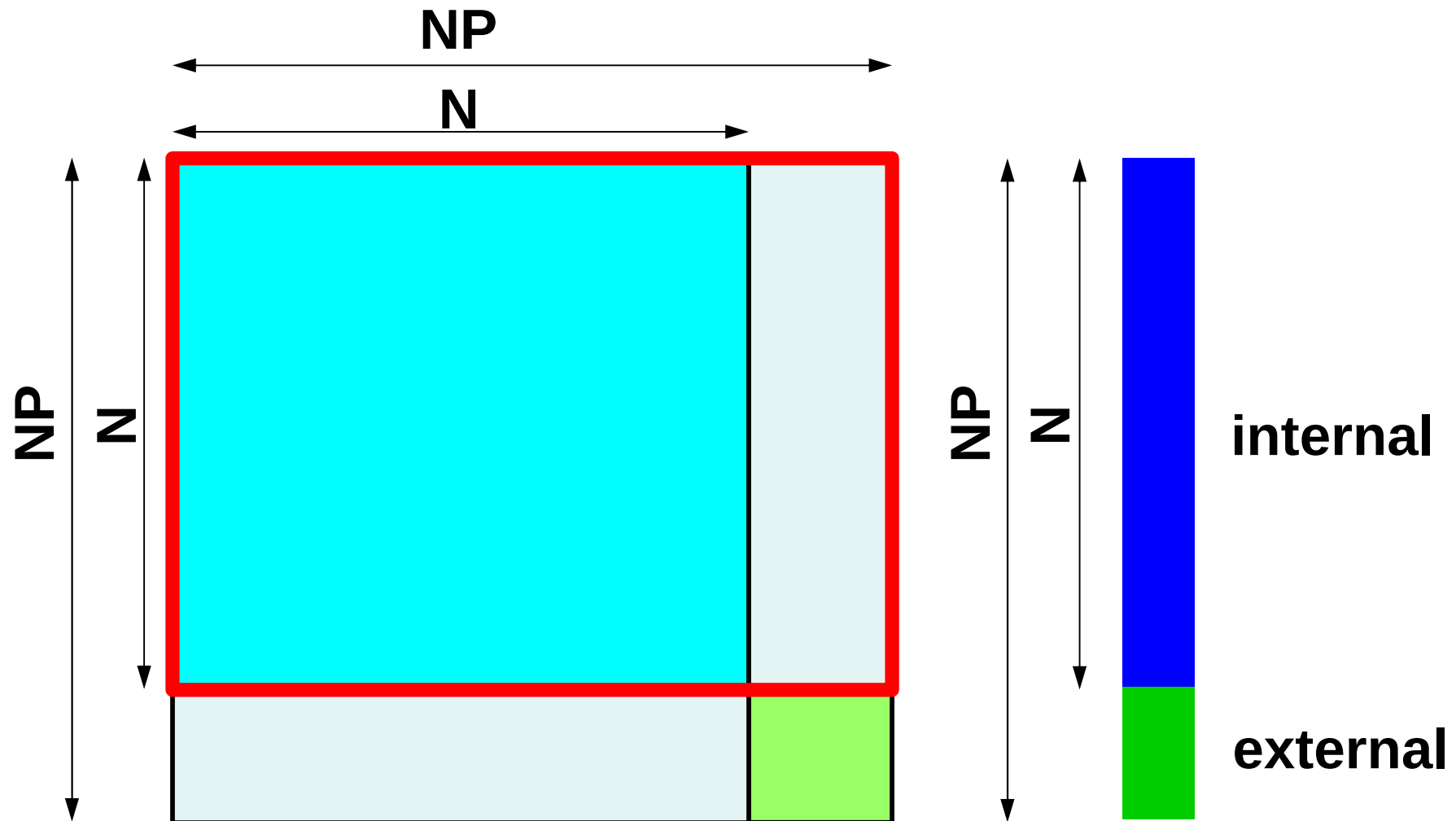
```
!C===
```



Local Matrix

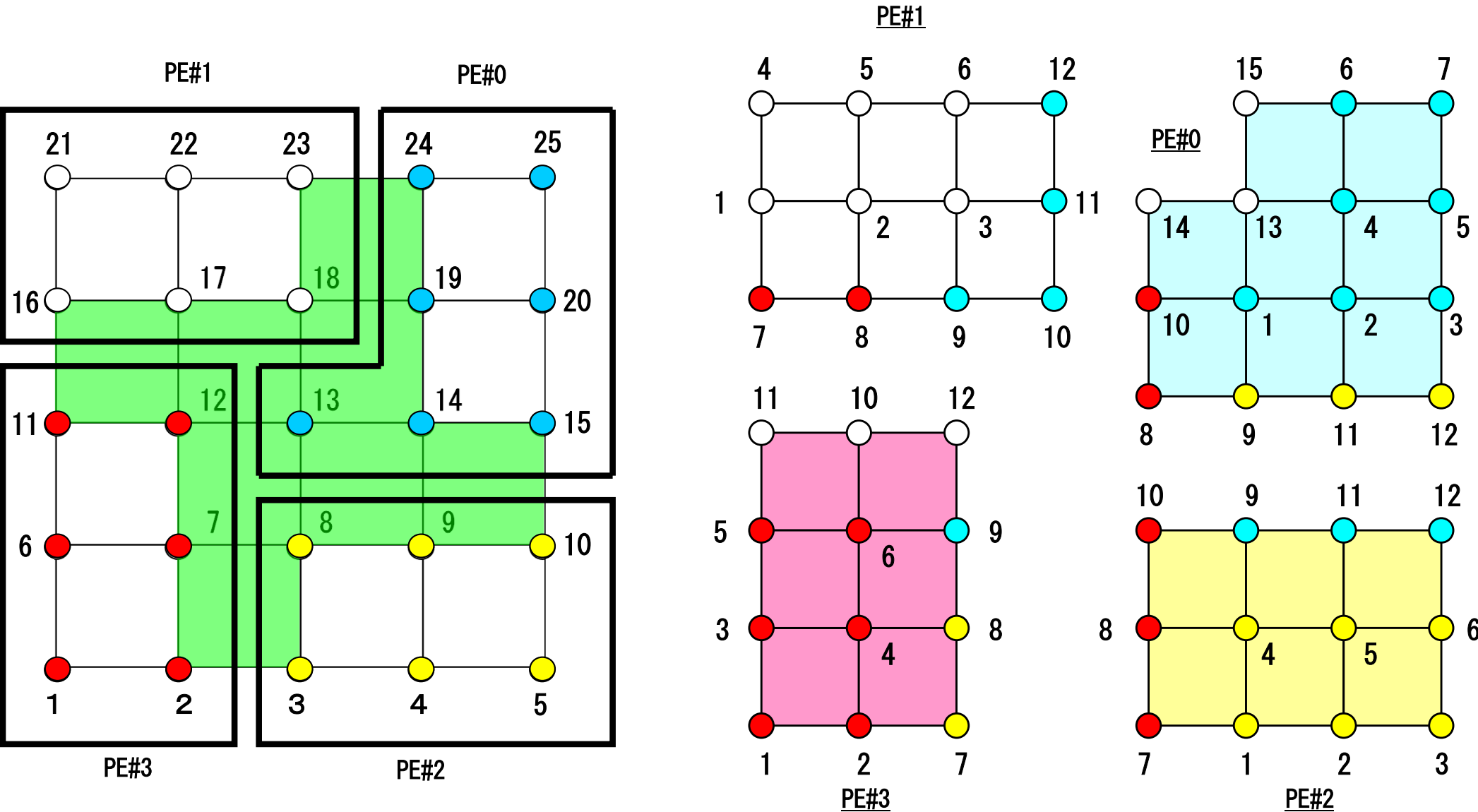


We really need these parts:

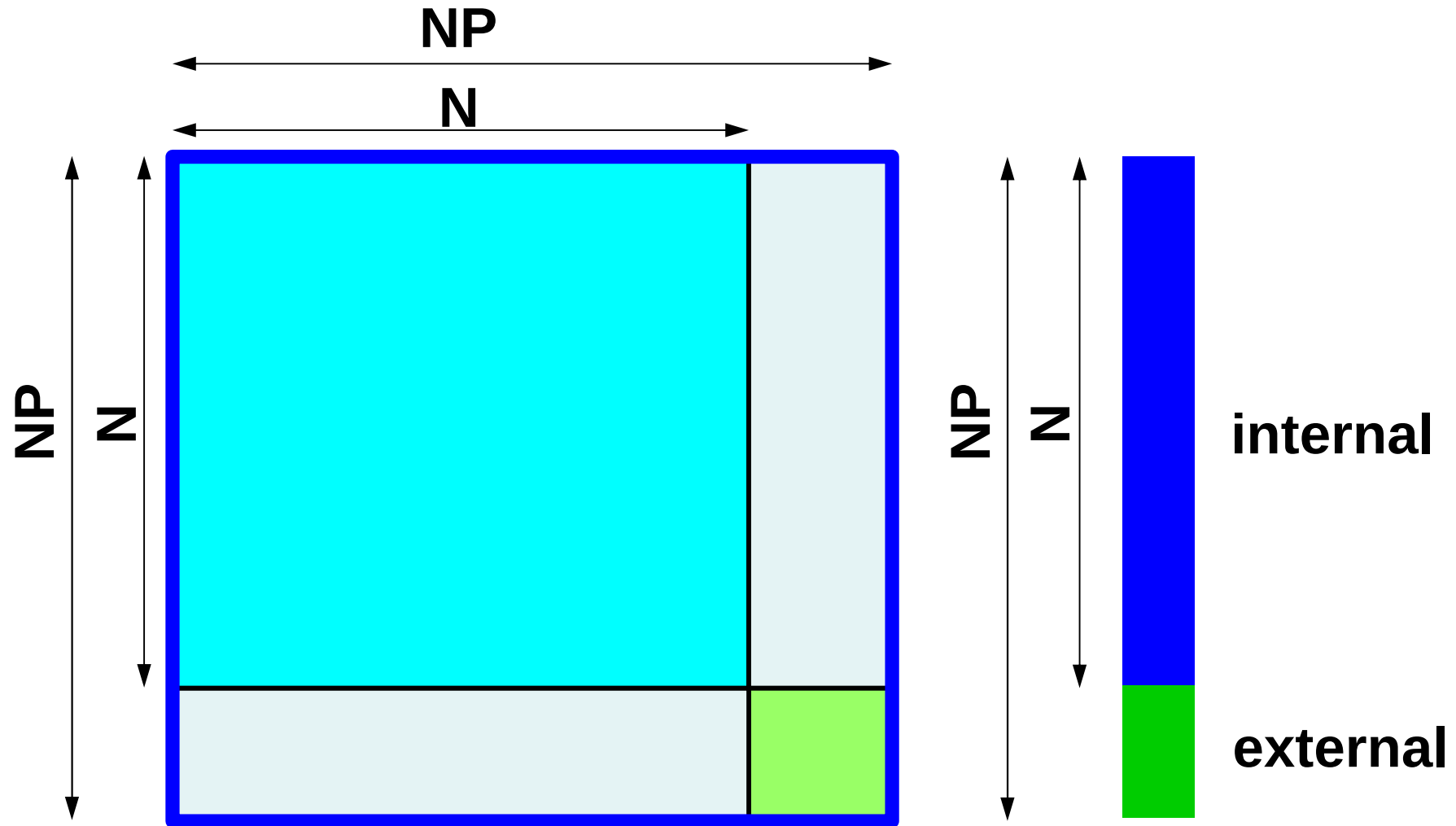


MAT_ASS_MAIN visits all elements

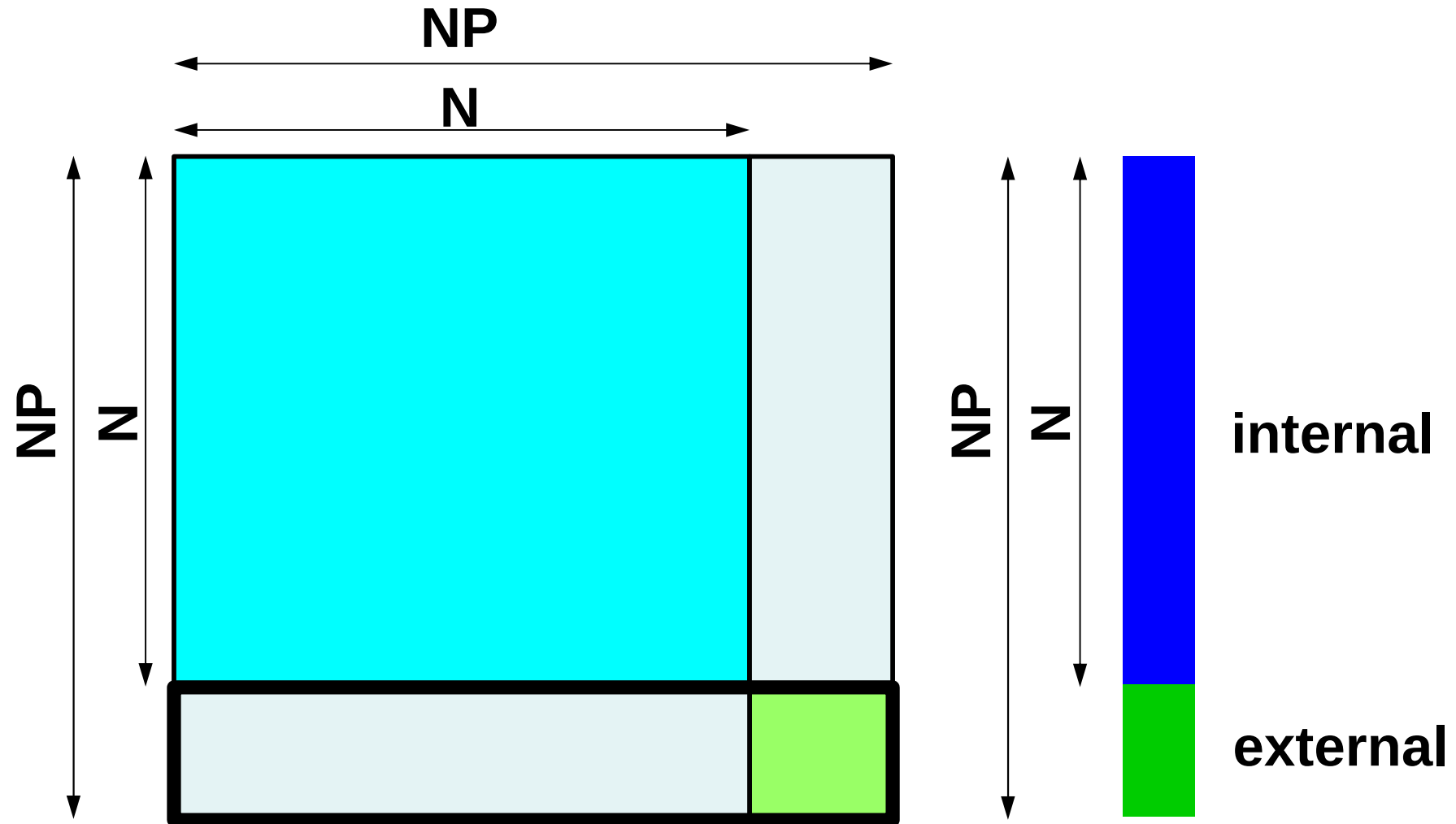
including overlapped elements with external nodes



Therefore, we have this matrix



But components of this part are not complete, and not used in computation



Program: 1d.f (9/11)

Boundary Cond., ALMOST NO changes from 1-CPU code

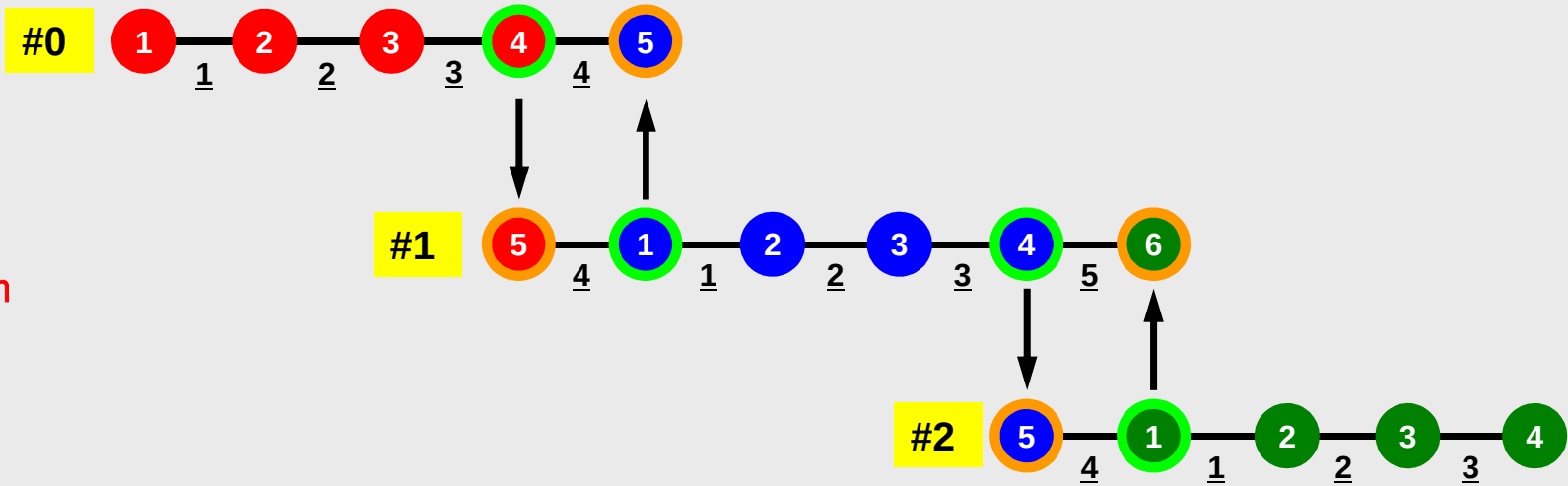
```
!C
!C +-----+
!C | BOUNDARY CONDITIONS |
!C +-----+
!C==
```

```
!C
!C-- X=Xmin

if (my_rank.eq.0) then
  i = 1
  jS= INDEX(i-1)

  AMAT(jS+1)= 0. d0
  DIAG(i)= 1. d0
  RHS (i)= 0. d0
  do k= 1, NPLU
    if (ITEM(k).eq.1) AMAT(k)= 0. d0
  enddo
endif
```

```
!C==
```



Program: 1d.c(10/11)

Conjugate Gradient Method

```

!C
!C +-----+
!C | CG iterations |
!C +-----+
!C===
      R = 1
      Z = 2
      Q = 2
      P = 3
      DD= 4

      do i= 1, N
        W(i,DD)= 1.0D0 / DIAG(i)
      enddo

!C
!C-- {r0}= {b} - [A]{xini} |
!C-  init

      do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
        do k= export_index(neib-1)+1, export_index(neib)
          kk= export_item(k)
          SENDbuf(k)= PHI(kk)
        enddo
      enddo

```

```

Compute  $r^{(0)} = b - [A]x^{(0)}$ 
for  $i = 1, 2, \dots$ 
  solve  $[M]z^{(i-1)} = r^{(i-1)}$ 
   $\rho_{i-1} = r^{(i-1)} z^{(i-1)}$ 
  if  $i=1$ 
     $p^{(1)} = z^{(0)}$ 
  else
     $\beta_{i-1} = \rho_{i-1} / \rho_{i-2}$ 
     $p^{(i)} = z^{(i-1)} + \beta_{i-1} p^{(i-1)}$ 
  endif
   $q^{(i)} = [A]p^{(i)}$ 
   $\alpha_i = \rho_{i-1} / p^{(i)} q^{(i)}$ 
   $x^{(i)} = x^{(i-1)} + \alpha_i p^{(i)}$ 
   $r^{(i)} = r^{(i-1)} - \alpha_i q^{(i)}$ 
  check convergence  $|r|$ 
end

```

Conjugate Gradient Method (CG)

- Matrix-Vector Multiply
- Dot Product
- Preconditioning: in the same way as 1CPU code
- DAXPY: in the same way as 1CPU code

Preconditioning, DAXPY

```
!C
!C-- {z} = [Minv] {r}

    do i= 1, N
        W(i, Z) = W(i, DD) * W(i, R)
    enddo
```

```
!C
!C-- {x} = {x} + ALPHA*{p}
!C    {r} = {r} - ALPHA*{q}

    do i= 1, N
        PHI(i) = PHI(i) + ALPHA * W(i, P)
        W(i, R) = W(i, R) - ALPHA * W(i, Q)
    enddo
```

Matrix-Vector Multiply (1/2)

Using Comm. Table, {p} is updated before computation

```
!C
!C-- {q} = [A] {p}
```

```
do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  do k= export_index(neib-1)+1, export_index(neib)
    kk= export_item(k)
    SENDbuf(k) = W(kk, P)
  enddo
enddo
```

```
do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  is = export_index(neib-1) + 1
  len_s= export_index(neib) - export_index(neib-1)
  call MPI_Isend (SENDbuf(is), len_s, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION,
    &
    NEIBPE(neib), 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, request_send(neib), ierr)
enddo
```

```
do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  ir = import_index(neib-1) + 1
  len_r= import_index(neib) - import_index(neib-1)
  call MPI_Irecv (RECVbuf(ir), len_r, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION,
    &
    NEIBPE(neib), 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, request_recv(neib), ierr)
enddo
```

```
call MPI_Waitall (NEIBPETOT, request_recv, stat_recv, ierr)
```

```
do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  do k= import_index(neib-1)+1, import_index(neib)
    kk= import_item(k)
    W(kk, P) = RECVbuf(k)
  enddo
enddo
```

Matrix-Vector Multiply (2/2)

$$\{q\} = [A]\{p\}$$

```
call MPI_Waitall (NEIBPETOT, request_send, stat_send, ierr)
```

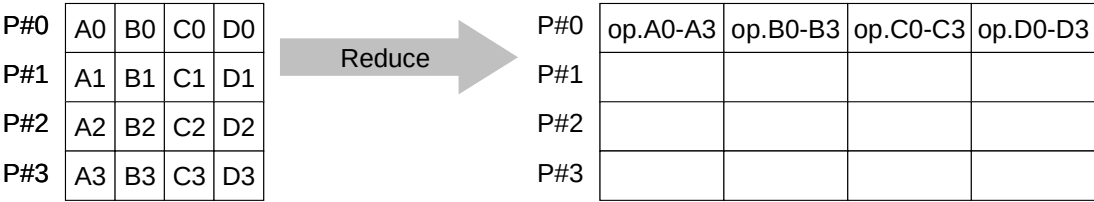
```
do i= 1, N  
  W(i,Q) = DIAG(i)*W(i,P)  
  do j= INDEX(i-1)+1, INDEX(i)  
    W(i,Q) = W(i,Q) + AMAT(j)*W(ITEM(j),P)  
  enddo  
enddo
```

Global Summation by MPI_Allreduce

```
!C
!C-- RH0= {r} {z}

      RH00= 0. d0
      do i= 1, N
        RH00= RH00 + W(i, R)*W(i, Z)
      enddo
      call MPI_Allreduce (RH00, RH0, 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION,
& MPI_SUM, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
```

MPI_REDUCE



- Reduces values on all processes to a single value
 - Summation, Product, Max, Min etc.
- call **MPI_REDUCE**
(sendbuf, recvbuf, count, datatype, op, root, comm, ierr)
 - sendbuf** choice I starting address of send buffer
 - recvbuf** choice 0 starting address receive buffer
 - type is defined by "**datatype**"
 - count** I I number of elements in send/receive buffer
 - datatype** I I data type of elements of send/recive buffer
 - FORTRAN MPI_INTEGER, MPI_REAL, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, MPI_CHARACTER etc.
 - C MPI_INT, MPI_FLOAT, MPI_DOUBLE, MPI_CHAR etc
 - op** I I reduce operation
 - MPI_MAX, MPI_MIN, MPI_SUM, MPI_PROD, MPI_LAND, MPI_BAND etc
 - Users can define operations by **MPI_OP_CREATE**
 - root** I I rank of root process
 - comm** I I communicator
 - ierr** I 0 completion code

Send/Receive Buffer (Sending/Receiving)

- Arrays of “send (sending) buffer” and “receive (receiving) buffer” often appear in MPI.
- Addresses of “send (sending) buffer” and “receive (receiving) buffer” must be different.

Example of MPI_Reduce (1/2)

```
call MPI_REDUCE  
(sendbuf, recvbuf, count, datatype, op, root, comm, ierr)
```

```
real(kind=8):: X0, X1  
  
call MPI_REDUCE  
(X0, X1, 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, MPI_MAX, 0, <comm>, ierr)
```

```
real(kind=8):: X0(4), XMAX(4)  
  
call MPI_REDUCE  
(X0, XMAX, 4, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, MPI_MAX, 0, <comm>, ierr)
```

Global Max values of X0(i) go to XMAX(i) on #0 process (i=1~4)

Example of MPI_Reduce (2/2)

```
call MPI_REDUCE  
(sendbuf, recvbuf, count, datatype, op, root, comm, ierr)
```

```
real(kind=8):: X0, XSUM  
  
call MPI_REDUCE  
(X0, XSUM, 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, MPI_SUM, 0, <comm>, ierr)
```

Global summation of X0 goes to XSUM on #0 process.

```
real(kind=8):: X0(4)  
  
call MPI_REDUCE  
(X0(1), X0(3), 2, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, MPI_SUM, 0, <comm>, ierr)
```

- Global summation of X0(1) goes to X0(3) on #0 process.
- Global summation of X0(2) goes to X0(4) on #0 process.

P#0	A0	B0	C0	D0	All reduce →	P#0	op.A0-A3	op.B0-B3	op.C0-C3	op.D0-D3
P#1	A1	B1	C1	D1		P#1	op.A0-A3	op.B0-B3	op.C0-C3	op.D0-D3
P#2	A2	B2	C2	D2		P#2	op.A0-A3	op.B0-B3	op.C0-C3	op.D0-D3
P#3	A3	B3	C3	D3		P#3	op.A0-A3	op.B0-B3	op.C0-C3	op.D0-D3

- MPI_Reduce + MPI_Bcast
 - Summation (of dot products) and MAX/MIN values are likely to utilized in each process
-
- call MPI_ALLREDUCE**
(sendbuf, recvbuf, count, datatype, op, comm, ierr)
 - sendbuf choice I starting address of send buffer
 - recvbuf choice 0 starting address receive buffer
type is defined by "datatype"
 - count I I number of elements in send/recv buffer
 - datatype I I data type of elements in send/recv buffer
 - op I I reduce operation
 - comm I I commuinicator
 - ierr I 0 completion code

CG method (1/5)

```

!C
!C-- {r0} = {b} - [A]{xini}
do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  do k= export_index(neib-1)+1, export_index(neib)
    kk= export_item(k)
    SENDbuf(k)= PHI(kk)
  enddo
enddo

do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  is = export_index(neib-1) + 1
  len_s= export_index(neib) - export_index(neib-1)
  call MPI_Isend (SENDbuf(is), len_s,
&                MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION,
&                NEIBPE(neib), 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
&                request_send(neib), ierr)
enddo

do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  ir = import_index(neib-1) + 1
  len_r= import_index(neib) - import_index(neib-1)
  call MPI_Irecv (RECVbuf(ir), len_r,
&                MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION,
&                NEIBPE(neib), 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
&                request_recv(neib), ierr)
enddo
call MPI_Waitall (NEIBPETOT, request_recv, stat_recv, ierr)

do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  do k= import_index(neib-1)+1, import_index(neib)
    kk= import_item(k)
    PHI(kk)= RECVbuf(k)
  enddo
enddo
call MPI_Waitall (NEIBPETOT, request_send, stat_send, ierr)

```

Compute $r^{(0)} = b - [A]x^{(0)}$

for $i = 1, 2, \dots$

 solve $[M]z^{(i-1)} = r^{(i-1)}$

$\rho_{i-1} = r^{(i-1)} z^{(i-1)}$

if $i=1$

$p^{(1)} = z^{(0)}$

else

$\beta_{i-1} = \rho_{i-1} / \rho_{i-2}$

$p^{(i)} = z^{(i-1)} + \beta_{i-1} p^{(i-1)}$

endif

$q^{(i)} = [A]p^{(i)}$

$\alpha_i = \rho_{i-1} / p^{(i)} q^{(i)}$

$x^{(i)} = x^{(i-1)} + \alpha_i p^{(i)}$

$r^{(i)} = r^{(i-1)} - \alpha_i q^{(i)}$

 check convergence $|r|$

end

CG method (2/5)

```

do i= 1, N
  W(i,R) = DIAG(i)*PHI(i)
  do j= INDEX(i-1)+1, INDEX(i)
    W(i,R) = W(i,R) + AMAT(j)*PHI(ITEM(j))
  enddo
enddo

BNRM20= 0.0D0
do i= 1, N
  BNRM20 = BNRM20 + RHS(i) **2
  W(i,R) = RHS(i) - W(i,R)
enddo
call MPI_Allreduce (BNRM20, BNRM2, 1,
& MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION,
& MPI_SUM, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)

!C*****
do iter= 1, ITERmax

!C
!C-- {z}= [Minv]{r}

  do i= 1, N
    W(i,Z)= W(i,DD) * W(i,R)
  enddo

!C
!C-- RHO= {r}{z}

  RH00= 0.d0
  do i= 1, N
    RH00= RH00 + W(i,R)*W(i,Z)
  enddo
  call MPI_Allreduce (RH00, RHO, 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION,
& MPI_SUM, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)

```

```

Compute  $r^{(0)} = b - [A]x^{(0)}$ 
for i= 1, 2, ...
  solve  $[M]z^{(i-1)} = r^{(i-1)}$ 
   $\rho_{i-1} = r^{(i-1)} z^{(i-1)}$ 
  if i=1
     $p^{(1)} = z^{(0)}$ 
  else
     $\beta_{i-1} = \rho_{i-1} / \rho_{i-2}$ 
     $p^{(i)} = z^{(i-1)} + \beta_{i-1} p^{(i-1)}$ 
  endif
   $q^{(i)} = [A]p^{(i)}$ 
   $\alpha_i = \rho_{i-1} / p^{(i)} q^{(i)}$ 
   $x^{(i)} = x^{(i-1)} + \alpha_i p^{(i)}$ 
   $r^{(i)} = r^{(i-1)} - \alpha_i q^{(i)}$ 
  check convergence |r|

end

```

CG method (3/5)

```
!C
!C-- {p} = {z} if      ITER=1
!C  BETA= RHO / RH01  otherwise
```

```
  if ( iter.eq.1 ) then
    do i= 1, N
      W(i,P)= W(i,Z)
    enddo
  else
    BETA= RHO / RH01
    do i= 1, N
      W(i,P)= W(i,Z) + BETA*W(i,P)
    enddo
  endif
```

```
!C
!C-- {q}= [A] {p}
```

```
  do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
    do k= export_index(neib-1)+1, export_index(neib)
      kk= export_item(k)
      SENDbuf(k)= W(kk,P)
    enddo
  enddo
```

```
  do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
    is = export_index(neib-1) + 1
    len_s= export_index(neib) - export_index(neib-1)
    call MPI_Isend (SENDbuf(is), len_s, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION,
&
&                  NEIBPE(neib), 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
&                  request_send(neib), ierr)
  enddo
```

Compute $r^{(0)} = b - [A]x^{(0)}$

for $i = 1, 2, \dots$

solve $[M]z^{(i-1)} = r^{(i-1)}$

$\rho_{i-1} = r^{(i-1)} z^{(i-1)}$

if $i=1$

$p^{(1)} = z^{(0)}$

else

$\beta_{i-1} = \rho_{i-1} / \rho_{i-2}$

$p^{(i)} = z^{(i-1)} + \beta_{i-1} p^{(i-1)}$

endif

$q^{(i)} = [A]p^{(i)}$

$\alpha_i = \rho_{i-1} / p^{(i)} q^{(i)}$

$x^{(i)} = x^{(i-1)} + \alpha_i p^{(i)}$

$r^{(i)} = r^{(i-1)} - \alpha_i q^{(i)}$

check convergence $|r|$

end

CG method (4/5)

```

do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  ir   = import_index(neib-1) + 1
  len_r= import_index(neib) - import_index(neib-1)
  call MPI_Irecv (RECVbuf(ir), len_r,
&                MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION,
&                NEIBPE(neib), 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
&                request_recv(neib), ierr)
enddo
call MPI_Waitall (NEIBPETOT, request_recv, stat_recv, ierr)

do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  do k= import_index(neib-1)+1, import_index(neib)
    kk= import_item(k)
    W(kk,P)= RECVbuf(k)
  enddo
enddo
call MPI_Waitall (NEIBPETOT, request_send, stat_send, ierr)

do i= 1, N
  W(i,Q) = DIAG(i)*W(i,P)
  do j= INDEX(i-1)+1, INDEX(i)
    W(i,Q) = W(i,Q) + AMAT(j)*W(ITEM(j),P)
  enddo
enddo

!C
!C-- ALPHA= RHO / {p} {q}

C10= 0.d0
do i= 1, N
  C10= C10 + W(i,P)*W(i,Q)
enddo
call MPI_Allreduce (C10, C1, 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, MPI_SUM, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)
ALPHA= RHO / C1

```

Compute $r^{(0)} = b - [A]x^{(0)}$

for $i = 1, 2, \dots$

 solve $[M]z^{(i-1)} = r^{(i-1)}$

$\rho_{i-1} = r^{(i-1)} z^{(i-1)}$

if $i=1$

$p^{(1)} = z^{(0)}$

else

$\beta_{i-1} = \rho_{i-1} / \rho_{i-2}$

$p^{(i)} = z^{(i-1)} + \beta_{i-1} p^{(i-1)}$

endif

$q^{(i)} = [A]p^{(i)}$

$\alpha_i = \rho_{i-1} / p^{(i)} q^{(i)}$

$x^{(i)} = x^{(i-1)} + \alpha_i p^{(i)}$

$r^{(i)} = r^{(i-1)} - \alpha_i q^{(i)}$

 check convergence $|r|$

end

CG method (5/5)

```

!C
!C-- {x} = {x} + ALPHA*{p}
!C   {r} = {r} - ALPHA*{q}

do i= 1, N
  PHI(i)= PHI(i) + ALPHA * W(i,P)
  W(i,R)= W(i,R) - ALPHA * W(i,Q)
enddo

DNRM20 = 0.0
do i= 1, N
  DNRM20= DNRM20 + W(i,R)**2
enddo

call MPI_Allreduce (DNRM20, DNRM2, 1,
&                  MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION,
&                  MPI_SUM, MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierr)

RESID= dsqrt(DNRM2/BNRM2)

if (my_rank.eq.0.and.mod(iter,1000).eq.0) then
  write (*, '(i8,1pe16.6)') iter, RESID
endif

if ( RESID.le.EPS) goto 900
RH01 = RH0

enddo

```

```

Compute  $r^{(0)} = b - [A]x^{(0)}$ 
for i= 1, 2, ...
  solve  $[M]z^{(i-1)} = r^{(i-1)}$ 
   $\rho_{i-1} = r^{(i-1)} z^{(i-1)}$ 
  if i=1
     $p^{(1)} = z^{(0)}$ 
  else
     $\beta_{i-1} = \rho_{i-1} / \rho_{i-2}$ 
     $p^{(i)} = z^{(i-1)} + \beta_{i-1} p^{(i-1)}$ 
  endif
   $q^{(i)} = [A]p^{(i)}$ 
   $\alpha_i = \rho_{i-1} / p^{(i)} q^{(i)}$ 
   $x^{(i)} = x^{(i-1)} + \alpha_i p^{(i)}$ 
   $r^{(i)} = r^{(i-1)} - \alpha_i q^{(i)}$ 
  check convergence |r|
end

```



```

S1Time= MPI_Wtime ()
<Matrix Assembling>
E1Time= MPI_Wtime ()
<Linear Solver>
E2Time= MPI_Wtime ()

```

Program: 1d.f (11/11)

Output

```

if (my_rank.eq.0) then
  write (*, '(i8,1pe16.6)') iter, RESID
endif

```

```

if (my_rank.eq.0) then
  write (*, '(2(1pe16.6),a)') E1Time-S1Time, E2Time-E1Time,
&                               sec.
endif

```

```

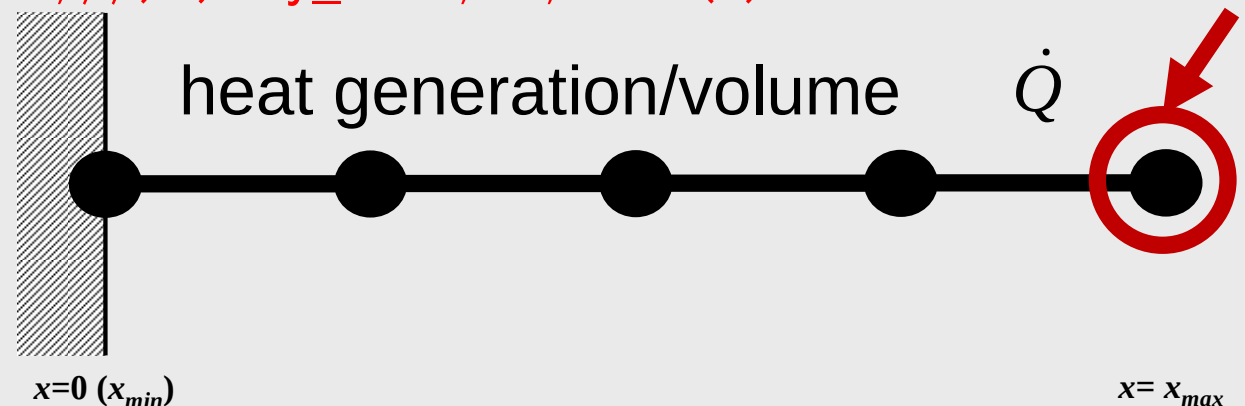
if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) then
  write (*, '(/a)') '### TEMPERATURE'
  write (*, '(2i8, 1pe27.20, //)') my_rank, N, PHI(N)
endif

```

```

call MPI_FINALIZE (ierr)
end program heat1Dp

```



- Overview
- Distributed Local Data
- Program
- **Results**

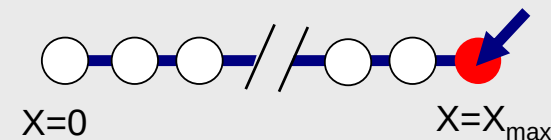
Validation (2/2)

NEg=1,000

```
!C
!C-- OUTPUT
      if (my_rank.eq.0) then
        write (*,'(2(1pe16.6))') E1Time-S1Time, E2Time-E1Time
      endif

      if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) then
        write (*,'(/a)') '### TEMPERATURE'
        write (*,'(2i8, 1pe27.20, //)') my_rank, N, PHI(N)
      endif

      call MPI_FINALIZE (ierr)
      end program heat1Dp
```



$$T = -\frac{1}{2\lambda} \dot{Q}x^2 + \frac{\dot{Q}x_{\max}}{\lambda} x$$

$$\lambda = 1, \dot{Q} = 1$$

$$x = x_{\max} = 1000 \Rightarrow T = -\frac{1}{2}(1000)^2 + (1000)^2 = 5.0 \times 10^5$$

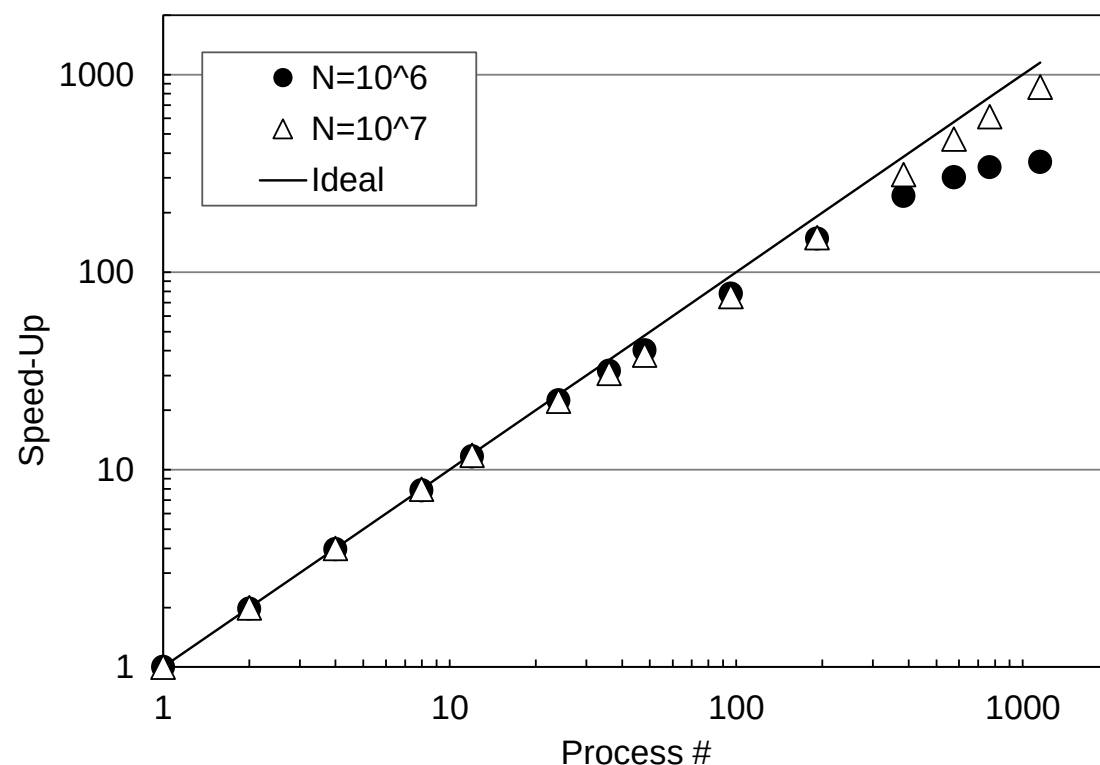
PPn	Iter's	N	PHI(N)
1	1000	1000	5.000000e5
2	1000	500	5.000000e5
4	1000	250	5.000000e5
8	1000	125	5.000000e5
16	1000	62	5.000000e5
32	1000	31	5.000000e5
48	1000	20	5.000000e5

Time for CG Computation: $N=10^6$, 10^7

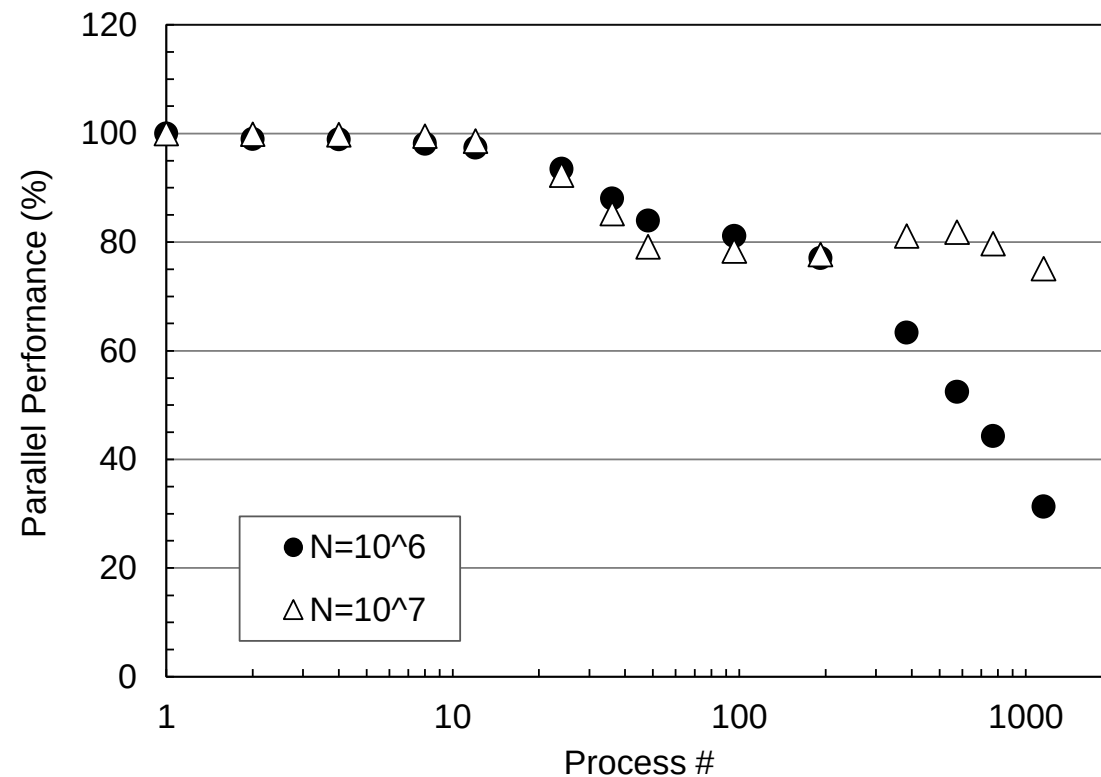
200 Iterations, Strong Scaling, C Language

Based on the performance of a single core, 48 cores/node for more than 2 nodes, Fastest for 5 measurements

Speed-Up



Parallel Performance



Performance is lower than ideal one

- Time for MPI communication
 - Time for sending data
 - Communication bandwidth between nodes
 - Time is proportional to size of sending/receiving buffers
- Time for starting MPI
 - latency
 - does not depend on size of buffers
 - depends on number of calling, increases according to process #
 - $O(10^0)$ - $O(10^1)$ μsec .
- Synchronization of MPI
 - Increases according to number of processes

Summary: Parallel FEM

- Proper design of data structure of distributed local meshes.
- Open Technical Issues
 - Parallel Mesh Generation, Parallel Visualization
 - Parallel Preconditioner for Ill-Conditioned Problems
 - Large-Scale I/O

Distributed Local Data Structure for Parallel Computation

- Distributed local data structure for domain-to-domain communications has been introduced, which is appropriate for such applications with sparse coefficient matrices (e.g. FDM, FEM, FVM etc.).
 - SPMD
 - Local Numbering: Internal pts to External pts
 - Generalized communication table
- Everything is easy, if proper data structure is defined:
 - Values at boundary pts are copied into sending buffers
 - Send/Recv
 - Values at external pts are updated through receiving buffers

If numbering of external nodes is continuous in each neighboring process ...

	84	81	85	82	83	86	88	87	
96	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	73
95	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	74
94	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	80
93	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	79
92	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	78
91	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	77
90	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	76
89	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	75
	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	

[A]{p}= {q} (Original), 1d.f

```

allocate (stat_send(MPI_STATUS_SIZE, NEIBPETOT))
allocate (stat_recv(MPI_STATUS_SIZE, NEIBPETOT))
allocate (request_send(NEIBPETOT)); allocate (request_recv(NEIBPETOT))

do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  do k= export_index(neib-1)+1, export_index(neib)
    kk= export_item(k)
    SENDbuf(k)= W(kk, P)
  enddo
enddo

do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  is = export_index(neib-1) + 1
  len_s= export_index(neib) - export_index(neib-1)
  call MPI_Isend (SENDbuf(is), len_s, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION,      &
&                NEIBPE(neib), 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD,                &
&                request_send(neib), ierr)
enddo

do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  ir = import_index(neib-1) + 1
  len_r= import_index(neib) - import_index(neib-1)
  call MPI_Irecv (RECVbuf(ir), len_r, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION,      &
&                NEIBPE(neib), 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD,                &
&                request_recv(neib), ierr)
enddo
call MPI_Waitall (NEIBPETOT, request_recv, stat_recv, ierr)

do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  do k= import_index(neib-1)+1, import_index(neib)
    kk= import_item(k)
    W(kk, P)= RECVbuf(k)
  enddo
enddo
call MPI_Waitall (NEIBPETOT, request_send, stat_send, ierr)

```

[A]{p}= {q} (Mod.): No Copy for RECV

1d2.f, a little bit faster

```

allocate (stat_send(MPI_STATUS_SIZE, 2*NEIBPETOT))
allocate (request_send(2*NEIBPETOT))

do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  do k= export_index(neib-1)+1, export_index(neib)
    kk= export_item(k)
    SENDbuf(k)= W(kk, P)
  enddo
enddo

do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  is = export_index(neib-1) + 1
  len_s= export_index(neib) - export_index(neib-1)
  call MPI_Isend (SENDbuf(is), len_s, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION,      &
&                  NEIBPE(neib), 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD,              &
&                  request_send(neib), ierr)
enddo

do neib= 1, NEIBPETOT
  ir = import_index(neib-1) + 1
  len_r= import_index(neib) - import_index(neib-1)
  call MPI_Irecv (W(ir+N, P), len_r, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION,      &
&                  NEIBPE(neib), 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD,              &
&                  request_send(neib+NEIBPETOT), ierr)
enddo

call MPI_Waitall (2*NEIBPETOT, request_send, stat_send, ierr)

```