Exercise S2
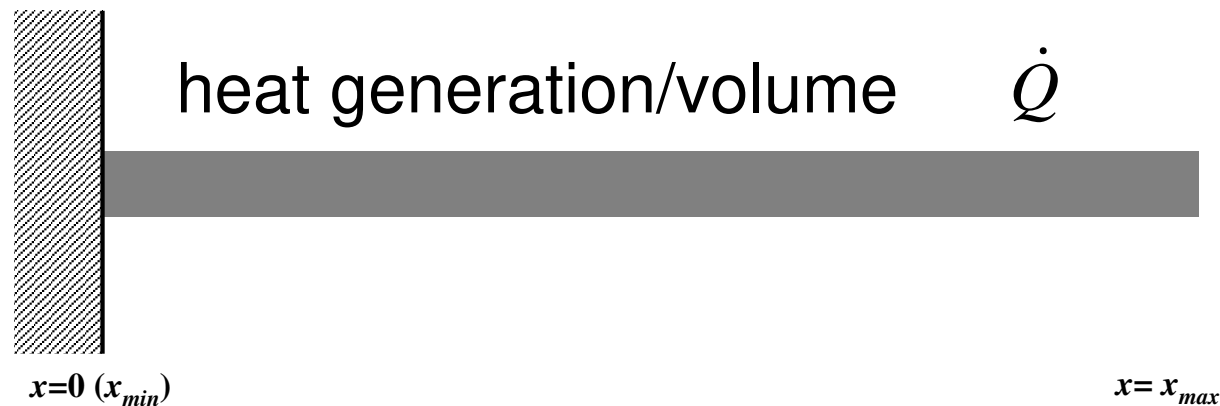# C

Kengo Nakajima

RIKEN R-CCS

- Overview
- Distributed Local Data
- Program
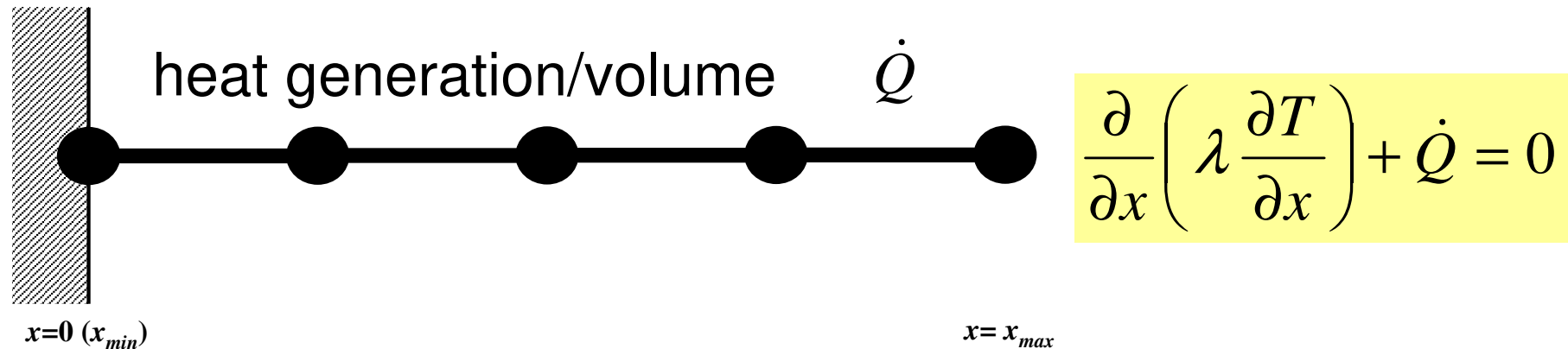- Results

1D Steady State Heat Conduction

heat generation/volume $\dot{Q}$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(\lambda \frac{\partial T}{\partial x}\right) + \dot{Q} = 0$$

$x=0$ (x_{min}) $x = x_{max}$

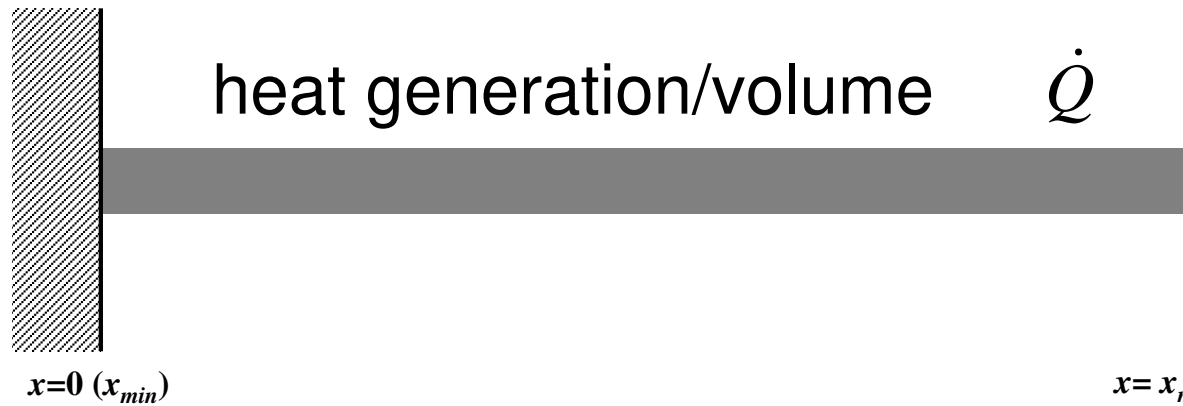- Uniform: Sectional Area: A, Thermal Conductivity: λ
- Heat Generation Rate/Volume/Time [$QL^{-3}T^{-1}$] $\dot{Q}$
- Boundary Conditions
  - $x=0$: $T = 0$ (Fixed Temperature)
  - $x = x_{max}$: $\dfrac{\partial T}{\partial x} = 0$ (Insulated)

1D Steady State Heat Conduction

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- Uniform: Sectional Area: A, Thermal Conductivity: λ
- Heat Generation Rate/Volume/Time [$QL^{-3}T^{-1}$] $\dot{Q}$
- Boundary Conditions
  - $x=0$: $T = 0$ (Fixed Temperature)
  - $x=x_{max}$: $\frac{\partial T}{\partial x} = 0$ (Insulated)

Analytical Solution

heat generation/volume $\dot{Q}$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(\lambda \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \right) + \dot{Q} = 0$$

$x=0$ (x_{min}) $x = x_{max}$

$T = 0 \ @ \ x = 0$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial x} = 0 \ @ \ x = x_{max}$$

$\lambda T'' = -\dot{Q}$

$\lambda T' = -\dot{Q}x + C_1 \Rightarrow C_1 = \dot{Q}x_{max}, \quad T' = 0 \ @ \ x = x_{max}$

$\lambda T = -\dfrac{1}{2}\dot{Q}x^2 + C_1 x + C_2 \Rightarrow C_2 = 0, \quad T = 0 \ @ \ x = 0$

$\therefore \quad T = -\dfrac{1}{2\lambda}\dot{Q}x^2 + \dfrac{\dot{Q}x_{max}}{\lambda}x$

Report S2 (1/2)

- Parallelize 1D code (1d.f) using MPI
- Read entire element number, and decompose into sub-domains in your program

- Validate the results
  - Answer of Original Code = Answer of Parallel Code
  - Explain why number of iterations does not change, as number of MPI processes changes.
- Measure parallel performance

Report S2 (2/2)

- ~~Deadline: January 25th (Wed), 2023, 17:00@ITC-LMS~~

- Problem
  - Apply "Generalized Communication Table"
  - Read entire elem. #, decompose into sub-domains in your program
  - Evaluate parallel performance
    - You need huge number of elements, to get excellent performance.
    - Fix number of iterations (e.g. 100), if computations cannot be completed.

- Report
  - Cover Page: Name, ID, and Problem ID (S2) must be written.
  - Less than <u>eight</u> pages including figures and tables (A4).
    - Strategy, Structure of the Program, Remarks
  - Source list of the program (if you have bugs)
  - Output list (as small as possible)

Copy and Compile

<u>**Fortran**</u>
```
>$ cd /work/gt18/t18XXX/pFEM
>$ moule load fj
>$ cp /work/gt00/z30088/pFEM/F/s2r-f.tar .
>$ tar xvf s2r-f.tar
```
<u>C</u>
```
>$ cd /work/gt18/t18XXX/pFEM
>$ module load fj
>$ cp /work/gt00/z30088/pFEM/C/s2r-c.tar .
>$ tar xvf s2r-c.tar
```

<u>**Confirm/Compile**</u>
```
>$ cd mpi/S2-ref
 >$ mpifrtpx -Kfast 1d.f -o 1d
>$ mpifrtpx -Kfast 1d2.f -o 1d2

>$ mpifccpx -Nclang -Kfast 1d.c -o 1d
>$ mpifccpx -Nclang -Kfast 1d2.c -o 1d2
```

`<$O-S2r> = <$O-TOP>/mpi/S2-ref`

Control File: input.dat

Control Data   `input.dat`

```
1000000                          NE  (Number of Elements)
1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0            Δx (Length of Each Elem.: L), Q, A, λ
100                              Number of MAX. Iterations for CG Solver
1.e-8                           Convergence Criteria for CG Solver
```
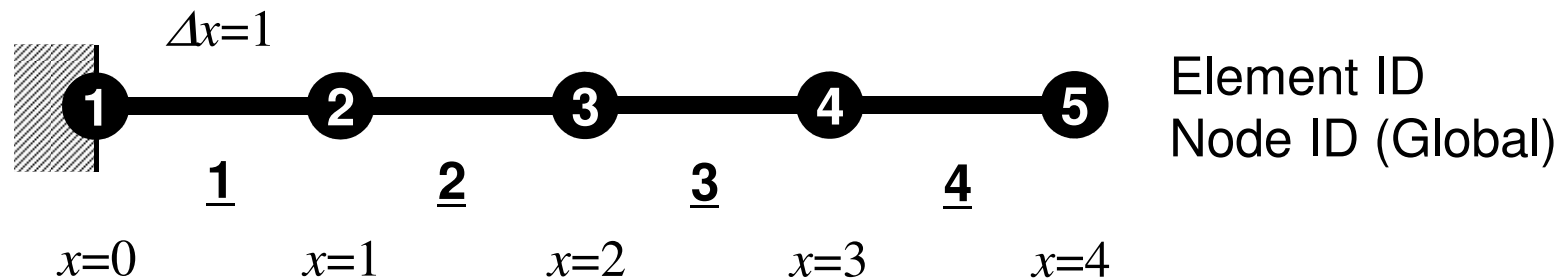

Element ID
Node ID (Global)

a384.sh: 8-nodes, 384-cores

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "m384"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture8-o
#PJM -L node=8
#PJM --mpi proc=384
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt18
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o z384.lst

module load fj
module load fjmpi

mpiexec ./1d
mpiexec ./1d
mpiexec ./1d
mpiexec ./1d
mpiexec ./1d
```

a012.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "test"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture8-o
#PJM -L node=1
#PJM --mpi proc=12
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt18
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o test.lst

module load fj
module load fjmpi
mpiexec ./a.out
mpiexec numactl -l ./a.out
```

a048.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "test"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture8-o
#PJM -L node=1
#PJM --mpi proc=48
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt18
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o test.lst

module load fj
module load fjmpi
mpiexec ./a.out
mpiexec numactl -l ./a.out
```
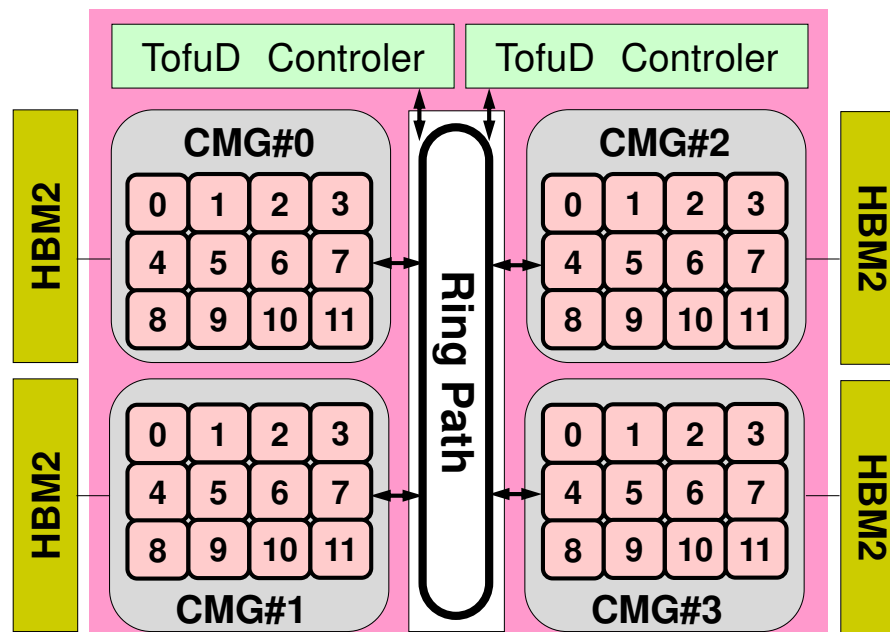
a384.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "test"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture8-o
#PJM -L node=8
#PJM --mpi proc=384
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt18
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o test.lst

module load fj
module load fjmpi
mpiexec ./a.out
mpiexec numactl -l ./a.out
```

a576.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "test"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture8-o
#PJM -L node=12
#PJM --mpi proc=576
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt18
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o test.lst

module load fj
module load fjmpi
mpiexec ./a.out
mpiexec numactl -l ./a.out
```
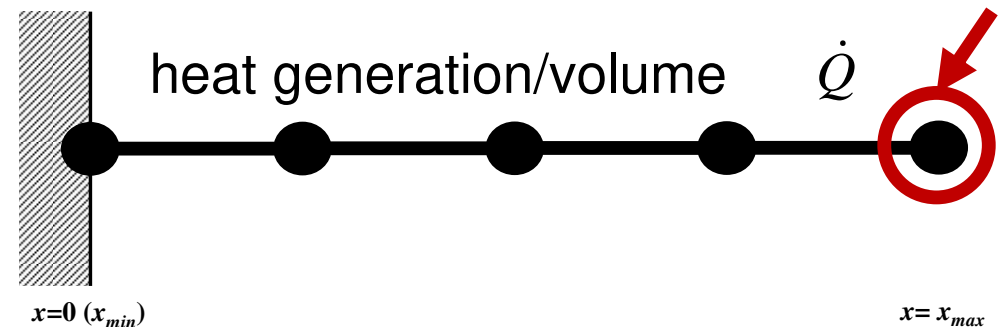
`numactl -l/--localalloc` for utilizing local memory (no effects)

Number of Processes

```
#PJM -L node=1;#PJM --mpi proc= 1    1-node, 1-proc, 1-proc/n
#PJM -L node=1;#PJM --mpi proc= 4    1-node, 4-proc, 4-proc/n
#PJM -L node=1;#PJM --mpi proc=12    1-node,12-proc,12-proc/n
#PJM -L node=1;#PJM --mpi proc=24    1-node,24-proc,24-proc/n
#PJM -L node=1;#PJM --mpi proc=48    1-node,48-proc,48-proc/n


#PJM -L node= 4;#PJM --mpi proc=192   4-node,192-proc,48-proc/n
#PJM -L node= 8;#PJM --mpi proc=384   8-node,384-proc,48-proc/n
#PJM -L node=12;#PJM --mpi proc=576  12-node,576-proc,48-proc/n
```

Example (1/2)

```
>$ cd /work/gt18/t18XYZ/pFEM/mpi/S2-ref
(modify input.dat,go1.sh)

>$ pjsub go1.sh

(see go1.lst)
```

go1.lst

```
    10000
  1000      9.000337E+01 (=|b-Ax|)
  1001      9.000337E+01
1.397971E-04      4.453332E-02sec.


### TEMPERATURE
      0    10001 9.500000000000E+06
```

go1.sh: a single process (1 core)

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "go1"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture8-o
#PJM -L node=1
#PJM --mpi proc=1
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt18
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o go1.lst

module load fj
module load fjmpi

mpiexec ./1d
```
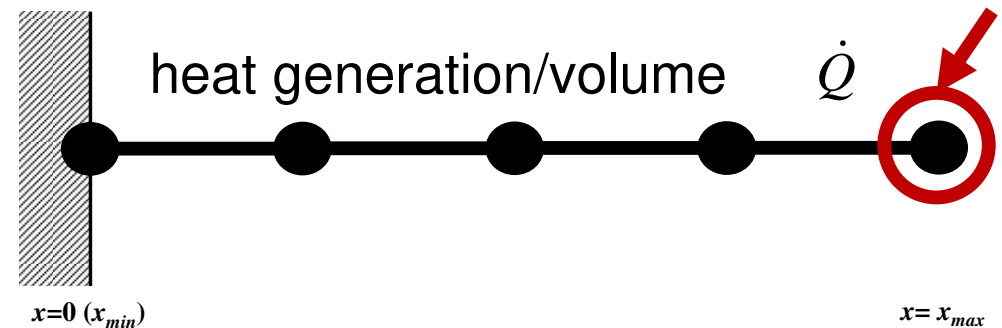
input.dat (10⁴ elements, 1,000 iterations)

input.dat (10^4 elements, 1,000 iterations)

```
10000
1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0
1000
```

heat generation/volume $\dot{Q}$

$x=0\ (x_{min})$ $x=x_{max}$

Example (2/2)

```
>$ cd /work/gt18/t18XYZ/pFEM/mpi/S2-ref
(modify input.dat,go2.sh)

>$ pjsub go2.sh

(see go2.lst)
```

go2.lst

```
    10000
1000      9.000337E+01(=|b-Ax|)
1001      9.000337E+01
4.786998E-07      5.098703E-02sec.


### TEMPERATURE
   383        26 9.500000000000E+06
```

go2.sh: 384 process (384 cores)

```
#!/bin/sh
#PJM -N "go2"
#PJM -L rscgrp=lecture8-o
#PJM -L node=8
#PJM --mpi proc=384
#PJM -L elapse=00:15:00
#PJM -g gt18
#PJM -j
#PJM -e err
#PJM -o go2.lst

module load fj
module load fjmpi

mpiexec ./1d
```

input.dat (10^4 elements, 1,000 iterations)

```
10000
1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0
1000
```


heat generation/volume $\dot{Q}$

$x=0\ (x_{min})$ $x= x_{max}$

1D Code on PC

input.dat (10^4 elements, 10,000 iterations)

```
10000
1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0
10000
```

```
 10001      5.000E+07      5.000E+07
```


heat generation/volume $\dot{Q}$

$x=0$ (x_{min}) $x= x_{max}$

input.dat (10^4 elements, 1,000 iterations)

```
10000
1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0
1000
```

```
 10001      9.500E+06      5.000E+07
```

Procedures for Parallel FEM

- Reading control file, entire element number etc.
- Creating "distributed local data" in the program
- Assembling local and global matrices for linear solvers
- Solving linear equations by CG

- Not so different from those of original code

- Overview
- **Distributed Local Data**
- Program
- Results

Finite Element Procedures

- Initialization
  - Control Data
  - Node, Connectivity of Elements (N: Node#, NE: Elem#)
  - Initialization of Arrays (Global/Element Matrices)
  - Element-Global Matrix Mapping (Index, Item)

- Generation of Matrix
  - Element-by-Element Operations (do icel= 1, NE)
    - Element matrices
    - Accumulation to global matrix
  - Boundary Conditions

- Linear Solver
  - Conjugate Gradient Method

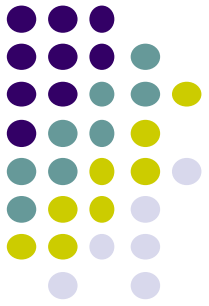# Distributed Local Data Structure for Parallel FEM

- Node-based partitioning

- Local data includes:
  - Nodes originally assigned to the domain/PE/partition
  - Elements which include above nodes
  - Nodes which are included above elements, and originally NOT-assigned to the domain/PE/partition

- 3 categories for nodes
  - Internal nodes   Nodes originally assigned to the domain/PE/partition
  - External nodes   Nodes originally NOT-assigned to the domain/PE/partition
  - Boundary nodes External nodes of other domains/PE's/partitions

- Communication tables

- Global info. is not needed except relationship between domains
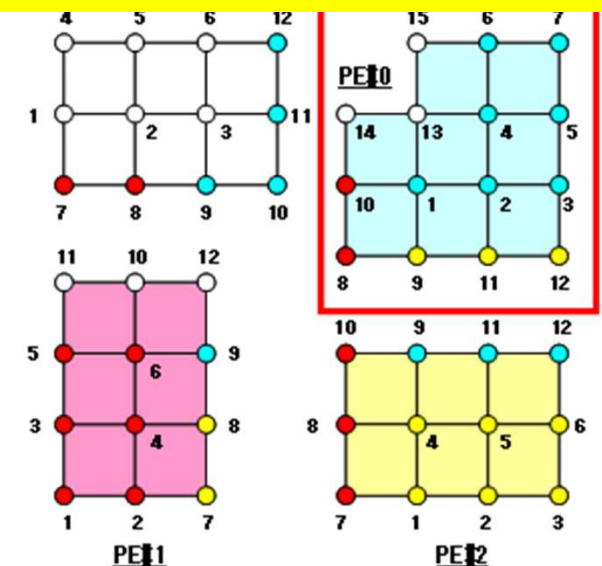 - Property of FEM: local element-by-element operations

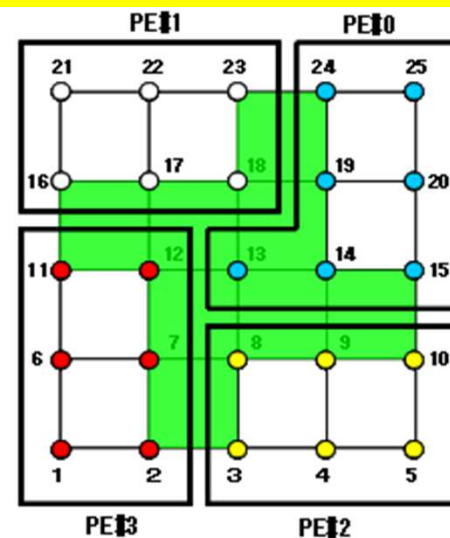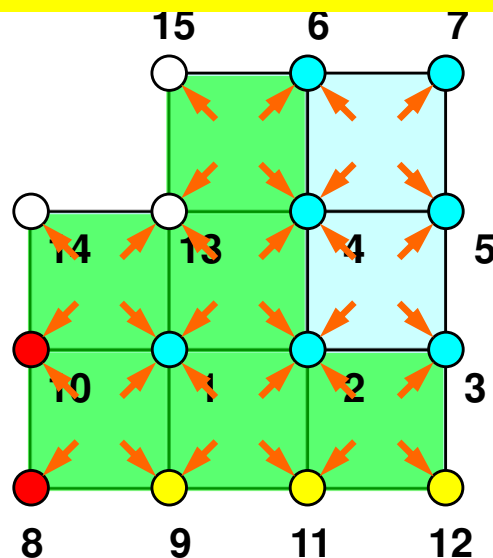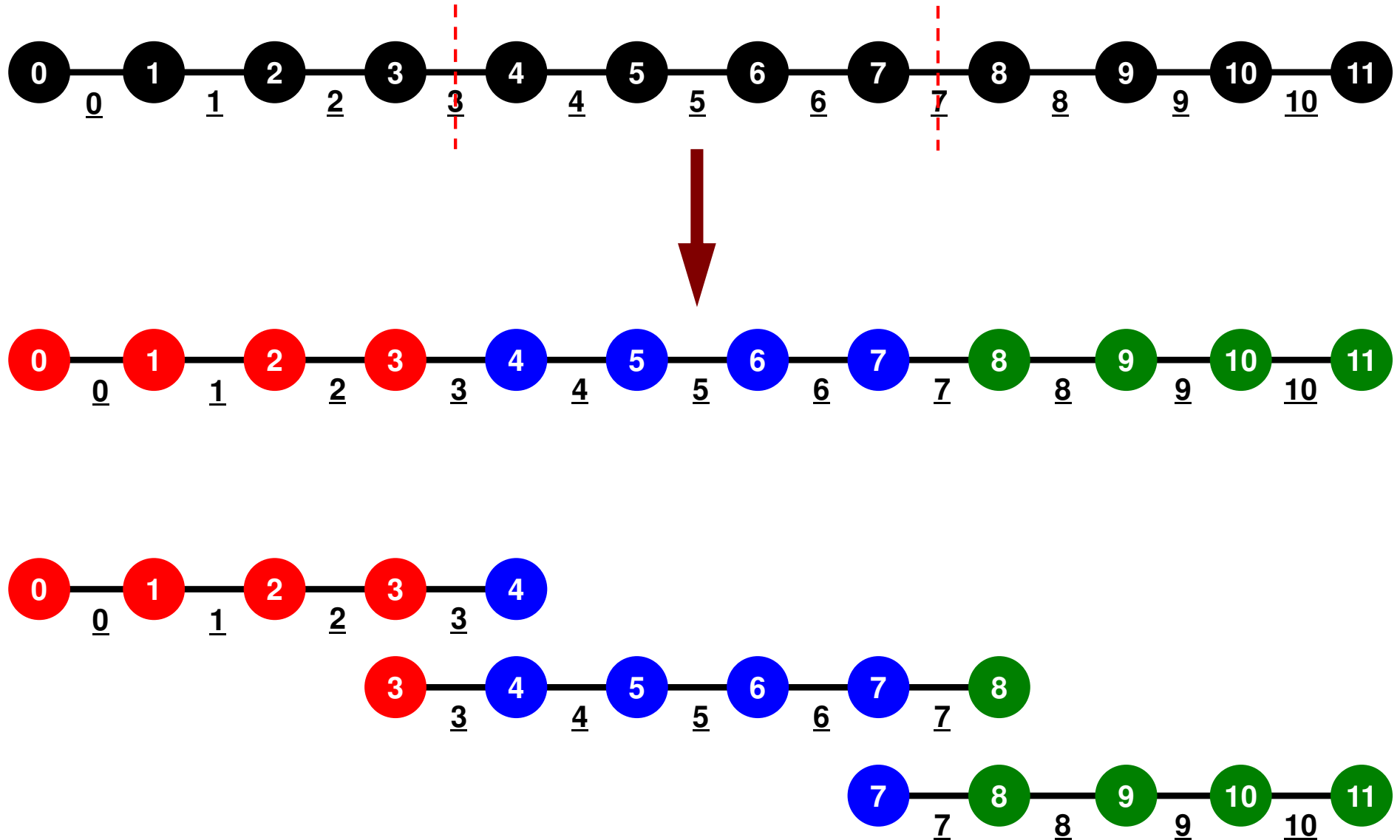# Node-based Partitioning
internal nodes - elements - external nodes

PE#3

PE#0

PE#1

PE#0

PE#1

PE#2

PE#3

PE#2

Node-based Partitioning
internal nodes - elements - external nodes
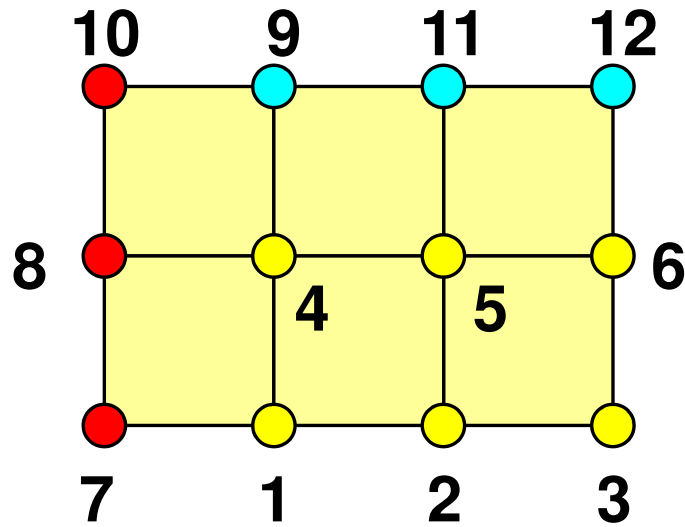
- Partitioned nodes themselves (<u>Internal Nodes</u>) 内点

- Elements which include Internal Nodes 内点を含む要素

- <u>External Nodes</u> included in the Elements 外点
  in overlapped region among partitions.

- Info of External Nodes are required for completely local element–based operations on each processor.

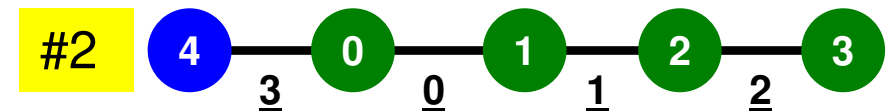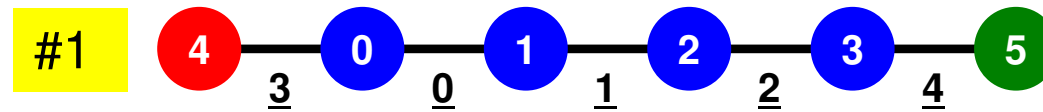# 1D FEM: 12 nodes/11 elem's/3 domains

Description of Distributed Local Data

- **Internal/External Points**
  - Numbering: Starting from <u>internal</u> pts, then <u>external</u> pts after that

- Neighbors
  - Shares overlapped meshes
  - Number and ID of neighbors

- External Points
  - From where, how many, and which external points are received/imported ?

- Boundary Points
  - To where, how many and which boundary points are sent/exported ?

1D FEM: 12 nodes/11 elem's/3 domains
Local ID: Starting from 0 for node and elem at each domain

1D FEM: 12 nodes/11 elem's/3 domains

Internal/External/Boundary Nodes

Boundary Nodes: Part of Internal Nodes, and External Nodes of Other Domains

1D FEM: Numbering of Local ID

#0:
N+1 nodes
N elements

#PETot-1:
N+1 nodes
N elements

Others (General):
N+2 nodes
N+1 elements

1D FEM: 12 nodes/11 elem's/3 domains

Integration on each element, element matrix -> global matrix
Operations can be done by info. of internal/external nodes
and elements which include these nodes

Preconditioned Conjugate Gradient Method (CG)

```
Compute  r⁽⁰⁾= b−[A]x⁽⁰⁾
for i= 1, 2, …
    solve  [M]z⁽ⁱ⁻¹⁾= r⁽ⁱ⁻¹⁾
    ρᵢ₋₁= r⁽ⁱ⁻¹⁾ z⁽ⁱ⁻¹⁾
    if i=1
      p⁽¹⁾= z⁽⁰⁾
     else
       βᵢ₋₁= ρᵢ₋₁/ρᵢ₋₂
       p⁽ⁱ⁾= z⁽ⁱ⁻¹⁾ + βᵢ₋₁ p⁽ⁱ⁻¹⁾
    endif
    q⁽ⁱ⁾= [A]p⁽ⁱ⁾
    αᵢ  = ρᵢ₋₁/p⁽ⁱ⁾q⁽ⁱ⁾
    x⁽ⁱ⁾= x⁽ⁱ⁻¹⁾ + αᵢp⁽ⁱ⁾
    r⁽ⁱ⁾= r⁽ⁱ⁻¹⁾ − αᵢq⁽ⁱ⁾
    check convergence |r|
end
```

Preconditioning:
Diagonal Scaling
(or Point Jacobi)

Preconditioning, DAXPY
Local Operations by Only Internal Points: Parallel Processing is possible

```
/*
//-- {z}= [Minv]{r}
*/
    for(i=0;i<N;i++){
        W[Z][i] = W[DD][i] * W[R][i];
    }
```

```
/*
//-- {x}= {x} + ALPHA*{p}
//   {r}= {r} - ALPHA*{q}
*/
  for(i=0;i<N;i++){
      U[i]     += Alpha * W[P][i];
      W[R][i] -= Alpha * W[Q][i];
  }
```

Dot Products
Global Summation needed: Communication ?

```
/*
//-- ALPHA= RHO / {p} {q}
*/
  C1 = 0.0;
  for(i=0;i<N;i++){
      C1 += W[P][i] * W[Q][i];
  }

  Alpha = Rho / C1;
```

Matrix-Vector Products
Values at External Points: P-to-P Communication

```
/*
//-- {q}= [A]{p}
*/
  for(i=0;i<N;i++){
      W[Q][i] = Diag[i] * W[P][i];
      for(j=Index[i];j<Index[i+1];j++){
          W[Q][i] += AMat[j]*W[P][Item[j]];
          }
      }
```

1D FEM: 12 nodes/11 elem's/3 domains

Internal/External/Boundary Nodes

Boundary Nodes: Part of Internal Nodes, and External Nodes of Other Domains

Mat-Vec Products: Local Op. Possible

Because the matrix is sparse, the union of the local matrices forms the global matrix !

Mat-Vec Products: Local Op. Possible

Mat-Vec Products: Local Op. Possible

Mat-Vec Products: Local Op. #1

Description of Distributed Local Data

- **Internal/External Points**
  - Numbering: Starting from <u>internal</u> pts, then <u>external</u> pts after that

- Neighbors
  - Shares overlapped meshes
  - Number and ID of neighbors

- External Points
  - From where, how many, and which external points are received/imported ?

- Boundary Points
  - To where, how many and which boundary points are sent/exported ?

Boundary Nodes（境界点）: SEND
PE#2 : send information on "boundary nodes"

SEND: MPI_Isend/Irecv/Waitall

SendBuf

neib#0	neib#1	neib#2	neib#3

BUFlength_e   BUFlength_e   BUFlength_e   BUFlength_e

export_index[0]   export_index[1]   export_index[2]   export_index[3]   export_index[4]

export_item (export_index[neib]:export_index[neib+1]-1) are sent to neib-th neighbor

```
for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
    for (k=export_index[neib];k<export_index[neib+1];k++){
        kk= export_item[k];
        SendBuf[k]= VAL[kk];                    Copied to sending buffers
    }
}

for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot; neib++){
  tag= 0;
  iS_e= export_index[neib];
  iE_e= export_index[neib+1];
  BUFlength_e= iE_e - iS_e

  ierr= MPI_Isend
          (&SendBuf[iS_e], BUFlength_e, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib], 0,
           MPI_COMM_WORLD, &ReqSend[neib])
}

MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, ReqSend, StatSend);
```

External Nodes（外点）: RECEIVE
PE#2 : receive information for "external nodes"

RECV: MPI_Isend/Irecv/Waitall

```
for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot; neib++){
    tag= 0;
    iS_i= import_index[neib];
    iE_i= import_index[neib+1];
    BUFlength_i= iE_i - iS_i

    ierr= MPI_Irecv
            (&RecvBuf[iS_i], BUFlength_i, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib], 0,
             MPI_COMM_WORLD, &ReqRecv[neib])
}

MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, ReqRecv, StatRecv);

for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
    for (k=import_index[neib];k<import_index[neib+1];k++){
        kk= import_item[k];
        VAL[kk]= RecvBuf[k];
    }
}
```

Copied from receiving buffer

import_item (import_index[neib]:import_index[neib+1]-1) are received from neib-th neighbor

RecvBuf

| neib#0 | neib#1 | neib#2 | neib#3 |

BUFlength_i   BUFlength_i   BUFlength_i   BUFlength_i

import_index[0]   import_index[1]   import_index[2]   import_index[3]   import_index[4]

- Overview
- Distributed Local Data
- **Program**
- Results

Program: 1d.c (1/11)
Variables

```c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <assert.h>
#include <mpi.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv){

  int NE, N, NP, NPLU, IterMax, NEg, Ng, errno;
  double dX, Resid, Eps, Area, QV, COND, QN;
  double X1, X2, DL, Ck;  double *PHI, *Rhs, *X, *Diag, *AMat;
  double *R, *Z, *Q, *P, *DD;
  int *Index, *Item, *Icelnod;
  double Kmat[2][2], Emat[2][2];

  int i, j, in1, in2, k, icel, k1, k2, jS;
  int iter, nr, neib;
  FILE *fp;
  double BNorm2, Rho, Rho1=0.0, C1, Alpha, Beta, DNorm2;
  int PETot, MyRank, kk, is, ir, len_s, len_r, tag;
  int NeibPETot, BufLength, NeibPE[2];

  int import_index[3], import_item[2];
  int export_index[3], export_item[2];
  double SendBuf[2], RecvBuf[2];

  double BNorm20, Rho0, C10, DNorm20;
  double StartTime, EndTime;
  int ierr = 1;

  MPI_Status  *StatSend,    *StatRecv;
  MPI_Request *RequestSend, *RequestRecv;
```

Variable/Arrays (1/3)

Name	Type	Size	Definition
NE, NEg	I		# Element (Local, Global)
N, NP	I		# Node (Internal, Internal+External)
NPLU	I		# Non-Zero Off-Diag. Components
IterMax	I		MAX Iteration Number for CG
errno	I		ERROR flag
R, Z, Q, P, DD	I		Name of Vectors in CG
dX	R		Length of Each Element
Resid	R		Residual for CG
Eps	R		Convergence Criteria for CG
Area	R		Sectional Area of Element
QV	R		Heat Generation Rate/Volume/Time
COND	R		Thermal Conductivity

$\dot{Q}$

Variable/Arrays (2/3)

Name	Type	Size	Definition
X	R	NP	Location of Each Node
PHI	R	NP	Temperature of Each Node
Rhs	R	NP	RHS Vector
Diag	R	NP	Diagonal Components
W	R	[4][NP]	Work Array for CG
Amat	R	NPLU	Off-Diagonal Components (Value)
Index	I	NP+1	Number of Non-Zero Off-Diagonals at Each ROW
Item	I	NPLU	Off-Diagonal Components (Corresponding Column ID)
Icelnod	I	2*NE	Node ID for Each Element
Kmat	R	[2][2]	Element Matrix [k]
Emat	R	[2][2]	Element Matrix

Variable/Arrays (3/3)

Name	Type	Size	Definition
PETot	I		Total Number of MPI Processes
MyRank	I		Rank ID
NeibPETot	I		Total Number of Neighbors
NeibPE	I	2	ID of Neighbors
import_index **export_index**	I	3	Size of Import/Export Arrays for Communication Table
import_item	I	2	Receiving Table (External Points)
export_item	I	2	Sending Table (Boundary Points)
RecvBuf	R	2	Receiving Buffer
SendBuf	R	2	Sending Buffer

Program: 1d.c (2/11)
Control Data

```
/*
// +-------+
// | INIT. |
// +-------+
//=== */

/*
//-- CONTROL data
*/

    ierr = MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);                           Initialization
    ierr = MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &PETot);           Entire Process #: PETot
    ierr = MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &MyRank);          Rank ID (0-PETot-1): MyRank

    if(MyRank == 0){
      fp = fopen("input.dat", "r");
      assert(fp != NULL);
      fscanf(fp, "%d", &NEg);
      fscanf(fp, "%lf %lf %lf %lf", &dX, &QV, &Area, &COND);
      fscanf(fp, "%d", &IterMax);
      fscanf(fp, "%lf", &Eps);
      fclose(fp);
    }

    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&NEg    , 1, MPI_INT,    0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&IterMax, 1, MPI_INT,    0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&dX     , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&QV     , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&Area   , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&COND   , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&Eps    , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```

Program: 1d.c (2/11)
Control Data

```
/*
// +------+
// | INIT. |
// +------+
//=== */

/*
//-- CONTROL data
*/

    ierr = MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);                      Initialization
    ierr = MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &PETot);       Entire Process #: PETot
    ierr = MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &MyRank);      Rank ID (0-PETot-1): MyRank

    if(MyRank == 0){                                    Reading control file if MyRank=0
      fp = fopen("input.dat", "r");
      assert(fp != NULL);
      fscanf(fp, "%d", &NEg);                           Neg: Global Number of Elements
      fscanf(fp, "%lf %lf %lf %lf", &dX, &QV, &Area, &COND);
      fscanf(fp, "%d", &IterMax);
      fscanf(fp, "%lf", &Eps);
      fclose(fp);
    }

    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&NEg     , 1, MPI_INT,    0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&IterMax, 1, MPI_INT,    0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&dX      , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&QV      , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&Area    , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&COND    , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&Eps     , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```

Program: 1d.c (2/11)
Control Data

```
/*
// +-------+
// | INIT. |
// +-------+
//=== */

/*
//-- CONTROL data
*/

  ierr = MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);                             Initialization
      ierr = MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &PETot);          Entire Process #: PETot
      ierr = MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &MyRank);         Rank ID (0-PETot-1): MyRank

    if(MyRank == 0){                                         Reading control file if MyRank=0
      fp = fopen("input.dat", "r");
      assert(fp != NULL);
      fscanf(fp, "%d", &NEg);                                Neg: Global Number of Elements
      fscanf(fp, "%lf %lf %lf %lf", &dX, &QV, &Area, &COND);
      fscanf(fp, "%d", &IterMax);
      fscanf(fp, "%lf", &Eps);
      fclose(fp);
    }

    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&NEg    , 1, MPI_INT, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);   Parameters are sent to each process
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&IterMax, 1, MPI_INT, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);    from Process #0.
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&dX     , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&QV     , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&Area   , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&COND   , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    ierr = MPI_Bcast(&Eps    , 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```

MPI_Bcast

P#0	A0	B0	C0	D0
P#1				
P#2				
P#3				

Broadcast →

P#0	A0	B0	C0	D0
P#1	A0	B0	C0	D0
P#2	A0	B0	C0	D0
P#3	A0	B0	C0	D0

- Broadcasts a message from the process with rank "root" to all other processes of the communicator

- **MPI_Bcast (buffer,count,datatype,root,comm)**
  - **buffer**   choice   I/O   starting address of buffer
    type is defined by **"datatype"**

  - **count**   int   I   number of elements in send/receive buffer
  - **datatype** MPI_Datatype I   data type of elements of send/recive buffer
    FORTRAN   MPI_INTEGER, MPI_REAL, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, MPI_CHARACTER etc.
    C   MPI_INT, MPI_FLOAT, MPI_DOUBLE, MPI_CHAR etc.

  - **root**   int   I   rank of root process
  - **comm**   MPI_Comm I   communicator

Program: 1d.c (3/11)
Distributed Local Mesh

```
/*
//-- LOCAL MESH size
*/
    Ng= NEg + 1;              Ng: Number of Nodes (Global)
    N = Ng / PETot;           N : Number of Nodes (Local)

    nr = Ng - N*PETot;        mod(Ng,PETot) .ne. 0
    if(MyRank < nr) N++;

    NE= N - 1 + 2;
    NP= N + 2;
    if(MyRank == 0)  NE= N - 1 + 1;
    if(MyRank == 0)  NP= N + 1;
    if(MyRank == PETot-1) NE= N - 1 + 1;
    if(MyRank == PETot-1) NP= N + 1;

    if(PETot==1) {NE=N-1;}
    if(PETot==1) {NP=N  ;}

/*
/-- Arrays
*/
    PHI   = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    Diag  = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    AMat  = calloc(2*NP-2, sizeof(double));
    Rhs   = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    Index = calloc(NP+1, sizeof(int));
    Item  = calloc(2*NP-2, sizeof(int));
    Icelnod= calloc(2*NE, sizeof(int));
```

Program: 1d.c (3/11)
Distributed Local Mesh, Uniform Elements

```
/*
//-- LOCAL MESH size
*/
    Ng= NEg + 1;                    Ng: Number of Nodes (Global)
    N = Ng / PETot;                 N : Number of Nodes (Local)

    nr = Ng - N*PETot;              mod(Ng,PETot) .ne. 0
    if(MyRank < nr) N++;

    NE= N - 1 + 2;                  Number of Elements (Local)
    NP= N + 2;                      Total Number of Nodes (Local) (Internal + External Nodes)
    if(MyRank == 0) NE= N - 1 + 1;
    if(MyRank == 0) NP= N + 1;
    if(MyRank == PETot-1) NE= N - 1 + 1;
    if(MyRank == PETot-1) NP= N + 1;

    if(PETot==1) {NE=N-1;}
    if(PETot==1) {NP=N  ;}
/*
/-- Arrays
*/
    PHI  = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    Diag = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    AMat = calloc(2*NP-2, sizeof(double));
    Rhs  = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    Index= calloc(NP+1, sizeof(int));
    Item = calloc(2*NP-2, sizeof(int));
    Icelnod= calloc(2*NE, sizeof(int));
```

Others (General):
N+2 nodes
N+1 elements

Program: 1d.c (3/11)
Distributed Local Mesh, Uniform Elements

```
/*
//-- LOCAL MESH size
*/
    Ng= NEg + 1;                Ng: Number of Nodes (Global)
    N = Ng / PETot;             N : Number of Nodes (Local)

    nr = Ng - N*PETot;          mod(Ng,PETot) .ne. 0
    if(MyRank < nr) N++;

    NE= N - 1 + 2;
    NP= N + 2;
    if(MyRank == 0) NE= N - 1 + 1;
    if(MyRank == 0) NP= N + 1;
    if(MyRank == PETot-1) NE= N - 1 + 1;
    if(MyRank == PETot-1) NP= N + 1;

    if(PETot==1) {NE=N-1;}
    if(PETot==1) {NP=N  ;}

/*
/-- Arrays
*/

    PHI  = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    Diag = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    AMat = calloc(2*NP-2, sizeof(double));
    Rhs  = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    Index= calloc(NP+1, sizeof(int));
    Item = calloc(2*NP-2, sizeof(int));
    Icelnod= calloc(2*NE, sizeof(int));
```


#0:
N+1 nodes
N elements

Program: 1d.c (3/11)
Distributed Local Mesh, Uniform Elements

```
/*
//-- LOCAL MESH size
*/
    Ng= NEg + 1;                     Ng: Number of Nodes (Global)
    N = Ng / PETot;                  N : Number of Nodes (Local)

    nr = Ng - N*PETot;               mod(Ng,PETot) .ne. 0
    if(MyRank < nr) N++;
    NE= N - 1 + 2;
    NP= N + 2;
    if(MyRank == 0) NE= N - 1 + 1;
    if(MyRank == 0) NP= N + 1;
    if(MyRank == PETot-1) NE= N - 1 + 1;
    if(MyRank == PETot-1) NP= N + 1;

    if(PETot==1) {NE=N-1;}
    if(PETot==1) {NP=N  ;}
/*
/-- Arrays
*/

    PHI  = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    Diag = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    AMat = calloc(2*NP-2, sizeof(double));
    Rhs  = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    Index= calloc(NP+1, sizeof(int));
    Item = calloc(2*NP-2, sizeof(int));
    Icelnod= calloc(2*NE, sizeof(int));
```

#PETot-1:
N+1 nodes
N elements

Program: 1d.c (3/11)
Distributed Local Mesh, Uniform Elements

```
/*
//-- LOCAL MESH size
*/
    Ng= NEg + 1;                    Ng: Number of Nodes (Global)
    N = Ng / PETot;                 N : Number of Nodes (Local)

    nr = Ng - N*PETot;              mod(Ng,PETot) .ne. 0
    if(MyRank < nr) N++;

    NE= N - 1 + 2;
    NP= N + 2;
    if(MyRank == 0) NE= N - 1 + 1;
    if(MyRank == 0) NP= N + 1;
    if(MyRank == PETot-1) NE= N - 1 + 1;
    if(MyRank == PETot-1) NP= N + 1;

    if(PETot==1) {NE=N-1;}
    if(PETot==1) {NP=N  ;}

/*
/-- Arrays
*/
    PHI  = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));          Size of arrays is "NP", not "N"
    Diag = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    AMat = calloc(2*NP-2, sizeof(double));
    Rhs  = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    Index= calloc(NP+1, sizeof(int));
    Item = calloc(2*NP-2, sizeof(int));
    Icelnod= calloc(2*NE, sizeof(int));
```
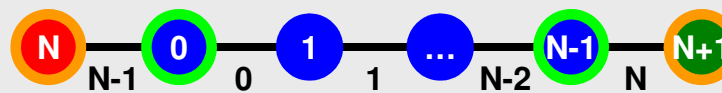
Program: 1d.c (4/11)
Initialization of Arrays, Elements-Nodes

```
for(i=0;i<NP;i++)    U[i] = 0.0;
for(i=0;i<NP;i++) Diag[i] = 0.0;
for(i=0;i<NP;i++)  Rhs[i] = 0.0;
for(k=0;k<2*NP-2;k++)  AMat[k] = 0.0;

for(i=0;i<3;i++) import_index[i]= 0;
for(i=0;i<3;i++) export_index[i]= 0;
for(i=0;i<2;i++) import_item[i]= 0;
for(i=0;i<2;i++) export_item[i]= 0;

for(icel=0;icel<NE;icel++){
  Icelnod[2*icel  ]= icel;
  Icelnod[2*icel+1]= icel+1;
}

if(PETot>1){
  if(MyRank==0){
    icel= NE-1;
    Icelnod[2*icel  ]= N-1;
    Icelnod[2*icel+1]= N;
  }else if(MyRank==PETot-1){
    icel= NE-1;
    Icelnod[2*icel  ]= N;
    Icelnod[2*icel+1]= 0;
  }else{
    icel= NE-2;
    Icelnod[2*icel  ]= N;
    Icelnod[2*icel+1]= 0;
    icel= NE-1;
    Icelnod[2*icel  ]= N-1;
    Icelnod[2*icel+1]= N+1;
  }
}
```


icel

*Icelnod[2*icel]*
=icel

*Icelnod[2*icel+1]*
=icel+1

Program: 1d.c (4/11)
Initialization of Arrays, Elements-Nodes

```
for(i=0;i<NP;i++)    U[i] = 0.0;
for(i=0;i<NP;i++) Diag[i] = 0.0;
for(i=0;i<NP;i++)  Rhs[i] = 0.0;
for(k=0;k<2*NP-2;k++)  AMat[k] = 0.0;

for(i=0;i<3;i++) import_index[i]= 0;
for(i=0;i<3;i++) export_index[i]= 0;
for(i=0;i<2;i++) import_item[i]= 0;
for(i=0;i<2;i++) export_item[i]= 0;

for(icel=0;icel<NE;icel++) {
  Icelnod[2*icel  ]= icel;
  Icelnod[2*icel+1]= icel+1;
}

if(PETot>1) {
  if(MyRank==0) {
    icel= NE-1;
    Icelnod[2*icel  ]= N-1;
    Icelnod[2*icel+1]= N;
  }else if(MyRank==PETot-1) {
    icel= NE-1;
    Icelnod[2*icel  ]= N;
    Icelnod[2*icel+1]= 0;
  }else{
    icel= NE-2;
    Icelnod[2*icel  ]= N;
    Icelnod[2*icel+1]= 0;
    icel= NE-1;
    Icelnod[2*icel  ]= N-1;
    Icelnod[2*icel+1]= N+1;
  }
}
```

e.g. Element-0 includes node-0 and node-1

#0:
N+1 nodes
N elements

#PETot-1:
N+1 nodes
N elements

Others (General):
N+2 nodes
N+1 elements

Program: 1d.c (5/11)
"Index"

```
Kmat[0][0]= +1.0;
Kmat[0][1]= -1.0;
Kmat[1][0]= -1.0;
Kmat[1][1]= +1.0;

/*
// +--------------+
// | CONNECTIVITY |
// +--------------+
*/
    for(i=0;i<N+1;i++)    Index[i] = 2;
    for(i=N+1;i<NP+1;i++) Index[i] = 1;

    Index[0] = 0;
    if(MyRank == 0)       Index[1] = 1;
    if(MyRank == PETot-1) Index[N] = 1;

    for(i=0;i<NP;i++){
        Index[i+1]= Index[i+1] + Index[i];
    }

    NPLU= Index[NP];
```


#0:
N+1 nodes
N elements

#PETot-1:
N+1 nodes
N elements

Others (General):
N+2 nodes
N+1 elements

Program: 1d.c (6/11)
"Item"

```
for(i=0;i<N;i++){
  jS = Index[i];
  if((MyRank==0)&&(i==0)){
    Item[jS] = i+1;
  }else if((MyRank==PETot-1)&&(i==N-1)){
    Item[jS] = i-1;
  }else{
    Item[jS]   = i-1;
    Item[jS+1] = i+1;
    if(i==0)   { Item[jS]   = N;}
    if(i==N-1) { Item[jS+1]= N+1;}
    if((MyRank==0)&&(i==N-1)){Item[jS+1]= N;}
  }
}

i =N;
jS= Index[i];
  if (MyRank==0) {
    Item[jS]= N-1;
  }else {
    Item[jS]= 0;
  }

i =N+1;
jS= Index[i];
  if ((MyRank!=0)&&(MyRank!=PETot-1)) {
    Item[jS]= N-1;
  }
```


#0:
N+1 nodes
N elements

#PETot-1:
N+1 nodes
N elements

Others (General):
N+2 nodes
N+1 elements

Program: 1d.c (7/11)
Communication Tables

```
/*
//-- COMMUNICATION
*/
    NeibPETot = 2;
    if(MyRank == 0)        NeibPETot = 1;
    if(MyRank == PETot-1)  NeibPETot = 1;
    if(PETot  == 1)        NeibPETot = 0;

    NeibPE[0] = MyRank - 1;
    NeibPE[1] = MyRank + 1;

    if(MyRank == 0)        NeibPE[0] = MyRank + 1;
    if(MyRank == PETot-1)  NeibPE[0] = MyRank - 1;

    import_index[1]=1;
    import_index[2]=2;
    import_item[0]=  N;
    import_item[1]=  N+1;

    export_index[1]=1;
    export_index[2]=2;
    export_item[0]= 0;
    export_item[1]= N-1;

    if(MyRank == 0) import_item[0]=N;
    if(MyRank == 0) export_item[0]=N-1;

    BufLength = 1;

    StatSend = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Status) * NeibPETot);
    StatRecv = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Status) * NeibPETot);
    RequestSend = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Request) * NeibPETot);
    RequestRecv = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Request) * NeibPETot);
```

#0:
N+1 nodes
N elements

#PETot-1:
N+1 nodes
N elements

Others (General):
N+2 nodes
N+1 elements

MPI_Isend

- Begins a non-blocking send
  - Send the contents of sending buffer (starting from **sendbuf**, number of messages: **count**) to **dest** with **tag** .
  - Contents of sending buffer cannot be modified before calling corresponding **MPI_Waitall**.

- **MPI_Isend**

  (sendbuf,count,datatype,dest,tag,comm,request)

– **sendbuf**	choice	I	starting address of sending buffer
– **count**	int	I	number of elements in sending buffer
– **datatype**	MPI_Datatype	I	datatype of each sending buffer element
– **dest**	int	I	rank of destination
– **tag**	int	I	message tag
			This integer can be used by the application to distinguish messages. Communication occurs if `tag`'s of `MPI_Isend` and `MPI_Irecv` are matched.
			Usually tag is set to be "0" (in this class),
– **comm**	MPI_Comm	I	communicator
– **request**	MPI_Request	O	communication request array used in `MPI_Waitall`

MPI_Irecv

- Begins a non-blocking receive
  - Receiving the contents of receiving buffer (starting from **`recvbuf`**, number of messages: **`count`**) from **`source`** with **`tag`** .
  - Contents of receiving buffer cannot be used before calling corresponding **`MPI_Waitall`**.

- **`MPI_Irecv`**
  `(recvbuf,count,datatype,source,tag,comm,request)`

– **recvbuf**	choice	I	starting address of receiving buffer
– **count**	int	I	number of elements in receiving buffer
– **datatype**	MPI_Datatype	I	datatype of each receiving buffer element
– **source**	int	I	rank of source
– **tag**	int	I	message tag
			This integer can be used by the application to distinguish messages. Communication occurs if `tag's` of `MPI_Isend` and `MPI_Irecv` are matched. Usually tag is set to be "0" (in this class),
– **comm**	MPI_Comm	I	communicator
– **request**	MPI_Request	O	communication request array used in `MPI_Waitall`

MPI_Waitall

- **MPI_Waitall** blocks until all comm's, associated with **request** in the array, complete. It is used for synchronizing **MPI_Isend** and **MPI_Irecv** in this class.

- At sending phase, contents of sending buffer cannot be modified before calling corresponding **MPI_Waitall**. At receiving phase, contents of receiving buffer cannot be used before calling corresponding **MPI_Waitall**.

- **MPI_Isend** and **MPI_Irecv** can be synchronized simultaneously with a single **MPI_Waitall** if it is consitent.
  - Same **request** should be used in **MPI_Isend** and **MPI_Irecv**.

- Its operation is similar to that of **MPI_Barrier** but, **MPI_Waitall** can not be replaced by **MPI_Barrier.**
  - Possible troubles using **MPI_Barrier** instead of **MPI_Waitall**: Contents of **request** and **status** are not updated properly, very slow operations etc.

- **MPI_Waitall (count,request,status)**
  - **count**   int   I   number of processes to be synchronized
  - **request**   MPI_Request I/O   comm. request used in MPI_Waitall (array size: count)
  - **status**   MPI_Status   O   array of status objects
    - MPI_STATUS_SIZE: defined in 'mpif.h', 'mpi.h'

Generalized Comm. Table: Send

- Neighbors
  - NeibPETot, NeibPE[NeibPETot]

- Message size for each neighbor
  - export_index[NeibPETot+1]

- ID of **boundary** points
  - export_item[export_index[NeibPETot]]

- Messages to each neighbor
  - SendBuf[export_index[NeibPETot]]

SEND: MPI_Isend/Irecv/Waitall

SendBuf

neib#0	neib#1	neib#2	neib#3

BUFlength_e   BUFlength_e   BUFlength_e   BUFlength_e

export_index[0]   export_index[1]   export_index[2]   export_index[3]   export_index[4]

export_item (export_index[neib]:export_index[neib+1]-1) are sent to neib-th neighbor

```
for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
    for (k=export_index[neib];k<export_index[neib+1];k++){
        kk= export_item[k];
        SendBuf[k]= VAL[kk];                    Copied to sending buffers
    }
}

for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot; neib++){
  tag= 0;
  iS_e= export_index[neib];
  iE_e= export_index[neib+1];
  BUFlength_e= iE_e - iS_e

  ierr= MPI_Isend
        (&SendBuf[iS_e], BUFlength_e, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib], 0,
         MPI_COMM_WORLD, &ReqSend[neib])
}

MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, ReqSend, StatSend);
```

SEND/Export: 1D Problem

- Neighbors
  - NeibPETot, NeibPE[neib]
    - NeibPETot=2, NeibPE[0]= my_rank-1, NeibPE[1]= my_rank+1

- Message size for each neighbor
  - export_index[neib], neib= 0, NeibPETot-1
    - export_index[0]=0, export_index[1]= 1, export_index[2]= 2

- ID of **<u>boundary</u>** points
  - export_item[k], k= 0, export_index[NeibPETot]-1
    - export_item[0]= 0, export_item[1]= N-1

- Messages to each neighbor
  - SendBuf[k], k= 0, export_index[NeibPETot]-1
    - SendBuf[0]= VAL[0], SendBuf[1]= VAL[N-1]

Generalized Comm. Table: Receive

- Neighbors
  - NeibPETot, NeibPE[NeibPETot]
- Message size for each neighbor
  - import_index [NeibPETot+1]
- ID of **external** points
  - import_item [import_index[NeibPETot]]
- Messages from each neighbor
  - import_item [import_index[NeibPETot]]

RECV: MPI_Isend/Irecv/Waitall

```
for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot; neib++){
    tag= 0;
    iS_i= import_index[neib];
    iE_i= import_index[neib+1];
    BUFlength_i= iE_i - iS_i

    ierr= MPI_Irecv
            (&RecvBuf[iS_i], BUFlength_i, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib], 0,
             MPI_COMM_WORLD, &ReqRecv[neib])
}

MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, ReqRecv, StatRecv);

for (neib=0; neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
    for (k=import_index[neib];k<import_index[neib+1];k++){
        kk= import_item[k];
        VAL[kk]= RecvBuf[k];
    }                                    Copied from receiving buffer
}
```

import_item (import_index[neib]:import_index[neib+1]-1) are received from neib-th neighbor

RecvBuf

| neib#0 | neib#1 | neib#2 | neib#3 |

BUFlength_i   BUFlength_i   BUFlength_i   BUFlength_i

import_index[0]   import_index[1]   import_index[2]   import_index[3]   import_index[4]

RECV/Import: 1D Problem

VAL[N]=
RECVbuf[0]

VAL[N+1]=
RECVbuf[1]

- Neighbors
  - NeibPETot, NeibPE[NeibPETot]
    - NeibPETot=2, NeibPE[0]= my_rank-1, NeibPE[1]= my_rank+1

- Message size for each neighbor
  - import_index [NeibPETot+1]
    - import_index[0]=0, import_index[1]= 1, import_index[2]= 2

- ID of **<u>external</u>** points
  - import_item [import_index[NeibPETot+1]]
    - import_item[0]= N, import_item[1]= N+1

- Messages from each neighbor
  - import_item [import_index[NeibPETot+1]]
    - VAL[N]=RecvBuf[0], VAL[N+1]=RecvBuf[1]

Generalized Comm. Table: Fortran

SENDbuf(1) = VAL(1)

SENDbuf(2) = VAL(N)

VAL(N+1)= RECVbuf(1)

VAL(N+2)= RECVbuf(2)

```
NEIBPETOT= 2
NEIBPE(1)= my_rank - 1
NEIBPE(2)= my_rank + 1

import_index(1)= 1
import_index(2)= 2
import_item (1)= N+1
import_item (2)= N+2

export_index(1)= 1
export_index(2)= 2
export_item (1)= 1
export_item (2)= N

if (my_rank.eq.0) then
   import_item (1)= N+1
   export_item (1)= N
   NEIBPE(1)= my_rank+1
endif
```

Generalized Comm. Table: C

SENDbuf[0]
= VAL[0]

SENDbuf[1]
= VAL[N-1]

VAL[N]=
RECVbuf[0]

VAL[N+1]=
RECVbuf[1]

```
NEIBPETOT= 2
NEIBPE[0]= my_rank - 1
NEIBPE[1]= my_rank + 1

import_index[1]= 1
import_index[2]= 2
import_item [0]= N
import_item [1]= N+1


export_index[1]= 1
export_index[2]= 2
export_item [0]= 0
export_item [1]= N-1


if (my_rank.eq.0) then
   import_item [0]= N
   export_item [0]= N-1
   NEIBPE[0]= my_rank+1
endif
```

Program: 1d.c (8/11)
Matrix Assembling, NO changes from 1-CPU code

```
/*
//  +----------------+
//  | MATRIX assemble |
//  +----------------+
*/
  for(icel=0;icel<NE;icel++){
    in1= Icelnod[2*icel];
    in2= Icelnod[2*icel+1];
    DL = dX;

    Ck= Area*COND/DL;
    Emat[0][0]= Ck*Kmat[0][0];
    Emat[0][1]= Ck*Kmat[0][1];
    Emat[1][0]= Ck*Kmat[1][0];
    Emat[1][1]= Ck*Kmat[1][1];

    Diag[in1]= Diag[in1] + Emat[0][0];
    Diag[in2]= Diag[in2] + Emat[1][1];

    if ((MyRank==0)&&(icel==0)){
      k1=Index[in1];
    }else {k1=Index[in1]+1;}

    k2=Index[in2];

    AMat[k1]= AMat[k1] + Emat[0][1];
    AMat[k2]= AMat[k2] + Emat[1][0];

    QN= 0.5*QV*Area*dX;
    Rhs[in1]= Rhs[in1] + QN;
    Rhs[in2]= Rhs[in2] + QN;
  }
```

Local Matrix

We really need these parts:

MAT_ASS_MAIN: Overview

```
do kpn= 1, 2         Gaussian Quad. points in ζ-direction
  do jpn= 1, 2       Gaussian Quad. points in η-direction
    do ipn= 1, 2     Gaussian Quad. Pointe in ξ-direction
      Define Shape Function at Gaussian Quad. Points (8-points)
      Its derivative on natural/local coordinate is also defined.
    enddo
  enddo
enddo
```

```
do icel= 1, ICELTOT    Loop for Element
   Jacobian and derivative on global coordinate of shape functions at
   Gaussian Quad. Points are defined according to coordinates of 8 nodes. (JACOBI)

   do ie= 1, 8            Local Node ID
     do je= 1, 8          Local Node ID
       Global Node ID: ip, jp
       Address of A_{ip,jp} in "item" : kk

       do kpn= 1, 2        Gaussian Quad. points in ζ-direction
         do jpn= 1, 2      Gaussian Quad. points in η-direction
           do ipn= 1, 2    Gaussian Quad. points in ξ-direction
             integration on each element
             coefficients of element matrices
             accumulation to global matrix
           enddo
         enddo
       enddo
     enddo
   enddo
enddo
```

j_e

i_e

MAT_ASS_MAIN visits all elements
including overlapped elements with external nodes

Therefore, we have this matrix

But components of this part are not complete, and not used in computation

Program: 1d.c (9/11)
Boundary Cond., ALMOST NO changes from 1-CPU code

```
/*
//  +--------------------+
//  | BOUNDARY conditions |
//  +--------------------+
*/

/* X=Xmin */
    if (MyRank==0){
     i=0;
     jS= Index[i];
     AMat[jS]= 0.0;
     Diag[i ]= 1.0;
     Rhs [i ]= 0.0;

     for(k=0;k<NPLU;k++) {
        if(Item[k]==0) {AMat[k]=0.0;}
     }
    }
```

Program: 1d.c(10/11)
Conjugate Gradient Method

```
/*
//  +---------------+
//  | CG iterations |
//  +---------------+
//=== */
    R = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    Z = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    P = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    Q = calloc(NP, sizeof(double));
    DD= calloc(NP, sizeof(double));

    for(i=0;i<N;i++) {
      DD[i]= 1.0 / Diag[i];
    }

/*
//-- {r0}= {b} - [A]{xini} |
*/
    for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++) {
      for(k=export_index[neib];k<export_index[neib+1];k++) {
        kk= export_item[k];
        SendBuf[k]= PHI[kk];
      }
    }
```

Compute $r^{(0)} = b - [A]x^{(0)}$

$\underline{\text{for}}$ i= 1, 2, …

    solve $[M]z^{(i-1)} = r^{(i-1)}$

    $\rho_{i-1} = r^{(i-1)} z^{(i-1)}$

    $\underline{\text{if}}$ i=1

      $p^{(1)} = z^{(0)}$

    $\underline{\text{else}}$

      $\beta_{i-1} = \rho_{i-1}/\rho_{i-2}$

      $p^{(i)} = z^{(i-1)} + \beta_{i-1} p^{(i-1)}$

    $\underline{\text{endif}}$

    $q^{(i)} = [A]p^{(i)}$

    $\alpha_i = \rho_{i-1}/p^{(i)}q^{(i)}$

    $x^{(i)} = x^{(i-1)} + \alpha_i p^{(i)}$

    $r^{(i)} = r^{(i-1)} - \alpha_i q^{(i)}$

    check convergence $|r|$

$\underline{\text{end}}$

Conjugate Gradient Method (CG)

- Matrix-Vector Multiply

- Dot Product

- Preconditioning: in the same way as 1CPU code

- DAXPY: in the same way as 1CPU code

Preconditioning, DAXPY

```
/*
//-- {z}= [Minv]{r}
*/
      for(i=0;i<N;i++){
         Z[i] = DD[i] * R[i];
      }
```

```
/*
//-- {x}= {x} + ALPHA*{p}
//   {r}= {r} - ALPHA*{q}
*/
      for(i=0;i<N;i++){
         U[i] += Alpha * P[i];
         R[i] -= Alpha * Q[i];
      }
```

Matrix-Vector Multiply (1/2)
Using Comm. Table, {p} is updated before computation

```
/*
//-- {q}= [A] {p}
*/
    for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++) {
        for(k=export_index[neib];k<export_index[neib+1];k++) {
          kk= export_item[k];
          SendBuf[k]= P[kk];
        }
      }

      for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++) {
             is   = export_index[neib];
             len_s= export_index[neib+1] - export_index[neib];
             MPI_Isend(&SendBuf[is], len_s, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib],
                             0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &RequestSend[neib]);
        }

      for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++) {
             ir   = import_index[neib];
             len_r= import_index[neib+1] - import_index[neib];
             MPI_Irecv(&RecvBuf[ir], len_r, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib],
                             0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &RequestRecv[neib]);
        }

      MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, RequestRecv, StatRecv);

     for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++) {
        for(k=import_index[neib];k<import_index[neib+1];k++) {
          kk= import_item[k];
          P[kk]=RecvBuf[k];
        }
      }
```

Matrix-Vector Multiply (2/2)
{q}= [A]{p}

```
MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, RequestSend, StatSend);

for(i=0;i<N;i++){
  Q[i] = Diag[i] * P[i];
  for(j=Index[i];j<Index[i+1];j++){
    Q[i] += AMat[j]*P[Item[j]];
  }
}
```

Dot Product
Global Summation by MPI_Allreduce

```
/*
//-- RHO= {r} {z}
*/
     Rho0= 0.0;
     for(i=0;i<N;i++){
       Rho0 += R[i] * Z[i];
     }

     ierr = MPI_Allreduce(&Rho0, &Rho, 1, MPI_DOUBLE,
                          MPI_SUM, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```

MPI_Reduce

P#0	A0	B0	C0	D0
P#1	A1	B1	C1	D1
P#2	A2	B2	C2	D2
P#3	A3	B3	C3	D3

→ Reduce →

P#0	op.A0-A3	op.B0-B3	op.C0-C3	op.D0-D3
P#1				
P#2				
P#3				

- Reduces values on all processes to a single value
  - Summation, Product, Max, Min etc.

- **MPI_Reduce (sendbuf,recvbuf,count,datatype,op,root,comm)**
  - **sendbuf** choice   I   starting address of send buffer
  - **recvbuf** choice   O   starting address receive buffer
                                   type is defined by "**datatype**"
  - **count**   int   I   number of elements in send/receive buffer
  - **datatype** MPI_Datatype I   data type of elements of send/recive buffer
    ```
    FORTRAN   MPI_INTEGER, MPI_REAL, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, MPI_CHARACTER etc.
    C         MPI_INT, MPI_FLOAT, MPI_DOUBLE, MPI_CHAR etc
    ```
  - **op**   MPI_Op   I   reduce operation
    ```
    MPI_MAX, MPI_MIN, MPI_SUM, MPI_PROD, MPI_LAND, MPI_BAND etc
    ```
    Users can define operations by **MPI_OP_CREATE**
  - **root**   int   I   rank of root process
  - **comm**   MPI_Comm I   communicator

Send/Receive Buffer (Sending/Receiving)

- Arrays of "send (sending) buffer" and "receive (receiving) buffer" often appear in MPI.

- Addresses of "send (sending) buffer" and "receive (receiving) buffer" must be different.

Example of MPI_Reduce (1/2)

```
call MPI_REDUCE
(sendbuf,recvbuf,count,datatype,op,root,comm,ierr)
```

```
real(kind=8):: X0, X1

call MPI_REDUCE
(X0, X1, 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, MPI_MAX, 0, <comm>, ierr)
```

```
real(kind=8):: X0(4), XMAX(4)

call MPI_REDUCE
(X0, XMAX, 4, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, MPI_MAX, 0, <comm>, ierr)
```

Global Max values of X0[i] go to XMAX[i] on #0 process （i=0~3）

Example of MPI_Reduce (2/2)

```
call MPI_REDUCE
(sendbuf,recvbuf,count,datatype,op,root,comm,ierr)
```

```
real(kind=8):: X0, XSUM

call MPI_REDUCE
(X0, XSUM, 1, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, MPI_SUM, 0, <comm>, ierr)
```

Global summation of X0 goes to XSUM on #0 process.

```
real(kind=8):: X0(4)

call MPI_REDUCE
(X0(1), X0(3), 2, MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION, MPI_SUM, 0, <comm>, ierr)
```

- Global summation of X0[0] goes to X0[2] on #0 process.
- Global summation of X0[1] goes to X0[3] on #0 process.

MPI_Allreduce

P#0 A0 B0 C0 D0
P#1 A1 B1 C1 D1   All reduce →
P#2 A2 B2 C2 D2
P#3 A3 B3 C3 D3

P#0 op.A0-A3 op.B0-B3 op.C0-C3 op.D0-D3
P#1 op.A0-A3 op.B0-B3 op.C0-C3 op.D0-D3
P#2 op.A0-A3 op.B0-B3 op.C0-C3 op.D0-D3
P#3 op.A0-A3 op.B0-B3 op.C0-C3 op.D0-D3

- MPI_Reduce + MPI_Bcast
- Summation (of dot products) and MAX/MIN values are likely to utilized in each process

- **call MPI_Allreduce**

  (sendbuf,recvbuf,count,datatype,op, comm)
  - **sendbuf**   choice   I   starting address of send buffer
  - **recvbuf**   choice   O   starting address receive buffer
    type is defined by **"datatype"**

  - **count**   int   I   number of elements in send/receive buffer
  - **datatype**   MPI_Datatype I   data type of elements of send/recive buffer

  - **op**   MPI_Op   I   reduce operation
  - **comm**   MPI_Comm I   communicator

CG method (1/5)

```
/*
//-- {r0}= {b} - [A]{xini} |
*/
    for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++) {
        for(k=export_index[neib];k<export_index[neib+1];k++) {
            kk= export_item[k];
            SendBuf[k]= PHI[kk];
        }
    }

    for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++) {
        is   = export_index[neib];
        len_s= export_index[neib+1] - export_index[neib];
        MPI_Isend(&SendBuf[is], len_s, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib]
                  0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &RequestSend[neib]);
    }

    for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++) {
        ir   = import_index[neib];
        len_r= import_index[neib+1] - import_index[neib];
        MPI_Irecv(&RecvBuf[ir], len_r, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib]
                  0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &RequestRecv[neib]);
    }

    MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, RequestRecv, StatRecv);

    for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++) {
        for(k=import_index[neib];k<import_index[neib+1];k++) {
            kk= import_item[k];
            PHI[kk]=RecvBuf[k];
        }
    }
    MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, RequestSend, StatSend);
```

Compute $r^{(0)}= b-[A]x^{(0)}$
for i= 1, 2, …
    solve $[M]z^{(i-1)}= r^{(i-1)}$
    $\rho_{i-1}= r^{(i-1)} z^{(i-1)}$
    <u>if</u> i=1
      $p^{(1)}= z^{(0)}$
    <u>else</u>
      $\beta_{i-1}= \rho_{i-1}/\rho_{i-2}$
      $p^{(i)}= z^{(i-1)} + \beta_{i-1} p^{(i-1)}$
    <u>endif</u>
    $q^{(i)}= [A]p^{(i)}$
    $\alpha_i = \rho_{i-1}/p^{(i)}q^{(i)}$
    $x^{(i)}= x^{(i-1)} + \alpha_i p^{(i)}$
    $r^{(i)}= r^{(i-1)} - \alpha_i q^{(i)}$
    check convergence $|r|$
end

CG method (2/5)

```
    for(i=0;i<N;i++) {
        R[i] = Diag[i]*PHI[i];
        for(j=Index[i];j<Index[i+1];j++) {
            R[i] += AMat[j]*PHI[Item[j]];
        }
    }

    BNorm20 = 0.0;
    for(i=0;i<N;i++) {
        BNorm20 += Rhs[i] * Rhs[i];
        R[i] = Rhs[i] - R[i];
    }
    ierr = MPI_Allreduce(&BNorm20, &BNorm2, 1, MPI_DOUBLE,
                         MPI_SUM, MPI_COMM_WORLD);

  for(iter=1;iter<=IterMax;iter++) {

/*
//-- {z}= [Minv]{r}
*/
    for(i=0;i<N;i++) {
        Z[i] = DD[i] * R[i];
    }

/*
//-- RHO= {r}{z}
*/
    Rho0= 0.0;
    for(i=0;i<N;i++) {
        Rho0 += R[i] * Z[i];
    }
    ierr = MPI_Allreduce(&Rho0, &Rho, 1, MPI_DOUBLE,
                         MPI_SUM, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```

Compute $r^{(0)} = b - [A]x^{(0)}$

for i= 1, 2, …

    solve $[M]z^{(i-1)} = r^{(i-1)}$

    $\rho_{i-1} = r^{(i-1)} z^{(i-1)}$

    <u>if</u> i=1

      $p^{(1)} = z^{(0)}$

    <u>else</u>

      $\beta_{i-1} = \rho_{i-1}/\rho_{i-2}$

      $p^{(i)} = z^{(i-1)} + \beta_{i-1} p^{(i-1)}$

    <u>endif</u>

    $q^{(i)} = [A]p^{(i)}$

    $\alpha_i = \rho_{i-1}/p^{(i)}q^{(i)}$

    $x^{(i)} = x^{(i-1)} + \alpha_i p^{(i)}$

    $r^{(i)} = r^{(i-1)} - \alpha_i q^{(i)}$

    check convergence $|r|$

end

CG method (3/5)

```
/*
//-- {p} = {z} if        ITER=1
//    BETA= RHO / RHO1   otherwise
*/
    if(iter == 1){
      for(i=0;i<N;i++){
        P[i] = Z[i];
      }
    }else{
      Beta = Rho / Rho1;
      for(i=0;i<N;i++){
        P[i] = Z[i] + Beta*P[i];
      }
    }

/*
//-- {q}= [A]{p}
*/
    for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
      for(k=export_index[neib];k<export_index[neib+1];k++){
        kk= export_item[k];
        SendBuf[k]= P[kk];
      }
    }

    for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
      is   = export_index[neib];
      len_s= export_index[neib+1] - export_index[neib];
      MPI_Isend(&SendBuf[is], len_s, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib],
                0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &RequestSend[neib]);
    }
```

$$\text{Compute } r^{(0)} = b - [A]x^{(0)}$$

for $i = 1, 2, \ldots$

    solve $[M]z^{(i-1)} = r^{(i-1)}$

    $\rho_{i-1} = r^{(i-1)} z^{(i-1)}$

    if $i = 1$

      $p^{(1)} = z^{(0)}$

    else

      $\beta_{i-1} = \rho_{i-1}/\rho_{i-2}$

      $p^{(i)} = z^{(i-1)} + \beta_{i-1} p^{(i-1)}$

    endif

    $q^{(i)} = [A]p^{(i)}$

    $\alpha_i = \rho_{i-1}/p^{(i)}q^{(i)}$

    $x^{(i)} = x^{(i-1)} + \alpha_i p^{(i)}$

    $r^{(i)} = r^{(i-1)} - \alpha_i q^{(i)}$

    check convergence $|r|$

end

CG method (4/5)

```
for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
  ir  = import_index[neib];
  len_r= import_index[neib+1] - import_index[neib];
  MPI_Irecv(&RecvBuf[ir], len_r, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib]
            0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &RequestRecv[neib]);
}

MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, RequestRecv, StatRecv);

for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
  for(k=import_index[neib];k<import_index[neib+1];k++){
    kk= import_item[k];
    P[kk]=RecvBuf[k];
  }
}

MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, RequestSend, StatSend);

for(i=0;i<N;i++){
  Q[i] = Diag[i] * P[i];
  for(j=Index[i];j<Index[i+1];j++){
    Q[i] += AMat[j]*P[Item[j]];
  }
}
/*
//-- ALPHA= RHO / {p}{q}
*/
  C10 = 0.0;
  for(i=0;i<N;i++){
    C10 += P[i] * Q[i];
  }
  ierr = MPI_Allreduce(&C10, &C1, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, MPI_SUM, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
  Alpha = Rho / C1;
```

Compute $r^{(0)} = b - [A]x^{(0)}$
for i= 1, 2, …
  solve $[M]z^{(i-1)} = r^{(i-1)}$
  $\rho_{i-1} = r^{(i-1)} z^{(i-1)}$
  if i=1
    $p^{(1)} = z^{(0)}$
  else
    $\beta_{i-1} = \rho_{i-1}/\rho_{i-2}$
    $p^{(i)} = z^{(i-1)} + \beta_{i-1} p^{(i-1)}$
  endif
  $q^{(i)} = [A]p^{(i)}$
  $\alpha_i = \rho_{i-1}/p^{(i)}q^{(i)}$
  $x^{(i)} = x^{(i-1)} + \alpha_i p^{(i)}$
  $r^{(i)} = r^{(i-1)} - \alpha_i q^{(i)}$
  check convergence $|r|$
end

CG method (5/5)

```
/*
//-- {x}= {x} + ALPHA*{p}
//   {r}= {r} - ALPHA*{q}
*/
   for(i=0;i<N;i++){
     PHI[i] += Alpha * P[i];
     R[i] -= Alpha * Q[i];
   }

   DNorm20 = 0.0;
   for(i=0;i<N;i++){
     DNorm20 += R[i] * R[i];
   }

   ierr = MPI_Allreduce(&DNorm20, &DNorm2, 1, MPI_DOUBLE,
                        MPI_SUM, MPI_COMM_WORLD);

   Resid = sqrt(DNorm2/BNorm2);
   if (MyRank==0)
     printf("%8d%s%16.6e¥n", iter, " iters, RESID=", Resid);

   if(Resid <= Eps){
     ierr = 0;
     break;
   }

   Rho1 = Rho;

}
```

Compute $r^{(0)} = b - [A]x^{(0)}$

for i= 1, 2, …

     solve $[M]z^{(i-1)} = r^{(i-1)}$

     $\rho_{i-1} = r^{(i-1)} z^{(i-1)}$

     <u>if</u> i=1

       $p^{(1)} = z^{(0)}$

     <u>else</u>

       $\beta_{i-1} = \rho_{i-1}/\rho_{i-2}$

       $p^{(i)} = z^{(i-1)} + \beta_{i-1}\ p^{(i-1)}$

     <u>endif</u>

     $q^{(i)} = [A]p^{(i)}$

     $\alpha_i = \rho_{i-1}/p^{(i)}q^{(i)}$

     $x^{(i)} = x^{(i-1)} + \alpha_i p^{(i)}$

     $r^{(i)} = r^{(i-1)} - \alpha_i q^{(i)}$

     check convergence |r|

end

Program: 1d.c (11/11)
Output

```
   S1Time= MPI_Wtime();
<Matrix Assembling>
   E1Time= MPI_Wtime();
<Linear Solver>
   E2Time= MPI_Wtime();

   if (MyRank==0)
     printf("%8d%s%16.6e¥n", iter, " iters, RESID=", Resid);

   if (MyRank==0)
     printf("%16.6e%16.6e¥n", E1Time-S1Time, E2Time-E1Time);

   if (MyRank==PETot-1) {
     printf("¥n%s¥n", "### TEMPERATURE");
     printf("%3d%8d%27.20e¥n¥n¥n", MyRank, N, PHI[N-1]);
   }

   ierr = MPI_Finalize();
   return ierr;
}
```
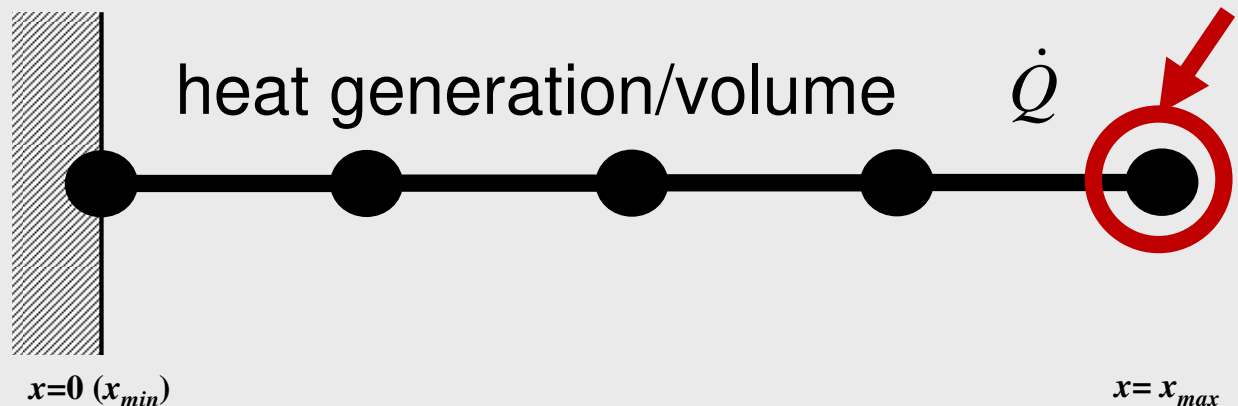
heat generation/volume $\dot{Q}$

x=0 (*x*$_{min}$)

x= *x*$_{max}$

- Overview
- Distributed Local Data
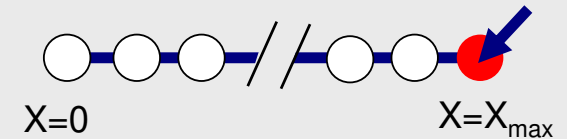- Program
- **Results**

Validation NEg=1,000

```
!C
!C-- OUTPUT
      if (my_rank.eq.0) then
        write (*,'(2(1pe16.6))') E1Time-S1Time, E2Time-E1Time
      endif

      if (my_rank.eq.PETOT-1) then
        write (*,'(/a)') '### TEMPERATURE'
        write (*,'(2i8, 1pe27.20,//)') my_rank, N, PHI(N)
      endif

      call MPI_FINALIZE (ierr)
      end program heat1Dp
```

X=0   X=X$_{max}$

$$T = -\frac{1}{2\lambda}\dot{Q}x^2 + \frac{\dot{Q}x_{max}}{\lambda}x$$

$$\lambda = 1, \dot{Q} = 1$$

$$x = x_{max} = 1000 \Rightarrow T = -\frac{1}{2}(1000)^2 + (1000)^2 = 5.0 \times 10^5$$

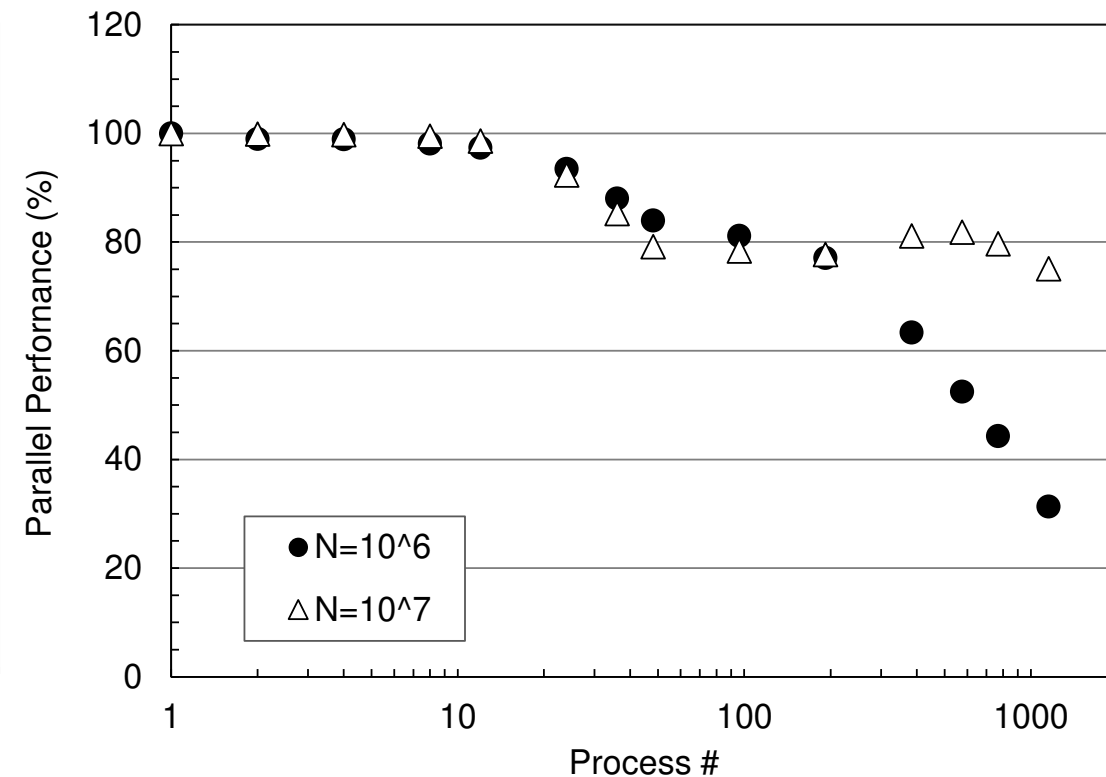| PPn	Iter's	N	PHI(N)
1	1000	1000	5.000000e5
2	1000	500	5.000000e5
4	1000	250	5.000000e5
8	1000	125	5.000000e5
16	1000	62	5.000000e5
32	1000	31	5.000000e5
48	1000	20	5.000000e5

Time for CG Computation: N=10^6, 10^7

200 Iterations, Strong Scaling, C Language
Based on the performance of a single core, 48 cores/node
for more than 2 nodes, Fastest for 5 measurements

Speed-Up

Parallel Performance

Performance is lower than ideal one

- Time for MPI communication
  - Time for sending data
  - Communication bandwidth between nodes
  - Time is proportional to size of sending/receiving buffers
- Time for starting MPI
  - latency
  - does not depend on size of buffers
    - depends on number of calling, increases according to process #
  - $O(10^0)$-$O(10^1)$ μsec.
- Synchronization of MPI
  - Increases according to number of processes

Summary: Parallel FEM

- Proper design of data structure of distributed local meshes.

- Open Technical Issues
    - Parallel Mesh Generation, Parallel Visualization
    - Parallel Preconditioner for Ill-Conditioned Problems
    - Large-Scale I/O

Distributed Local Data Structure for Parallel Computation

- Distributed local data structure for domain-to-doain communications has been introduced, which is appropriate for such applications with sparse coefficient matrices (e.g. FDM, FEM, FVM etc.).
  - SPMD
  - Local Numbering: Internal pts to External pts
  - Generalized communication table

- Everything is easy, if proper data structure is defined:
  - Values at <u>boundary</u> pts are copied into sending buffers
  - Send/Recv
  - Values at <u>external</u> pts are updated through receiving buffers

If numbering of external nodes is continuous in each neighboring process ...

	84	81	85	82	83	86	88	87	
96	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	73
95	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	74
94	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	80
93	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	79
92	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	78
91	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	77
90	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	76
89	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	75
	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	

[A]{p}= {q} (Original): 1d.c

```
StatSend = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Status) * NeibPETot);
StatRecv = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Status) * NeibPETot);
RequestSend = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Request) * NeibPETot);
RequestRecv = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Request) * NeibPETot);

for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
  for(k=export_index[neib];k<export_index[neib+1];k++){
    kk= export_item[k];
    SendBuf[k]= P[kk];
  }
}

for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
  is   = export_index[neib];
  len_s= export_index[neib+1] - export_index[neib];
  MPI_Isend(&SendBuf[is], len_s, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib],
          0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &RequestSend[neib]);
}

for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
  ir   = import_index[neib];
  len_r= import_index[neib+1] - import_index[neib];
  MPI_Irecv(&RecvBuf[ir], len_r, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib],
          0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &RequestRecv[neib]);
}
MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, RequestRecv, StatRecv);

for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
  for(k=import_index[neib];k<import_index[neib+1];k++){
    kk= import_item[k];
    P[kk]=RecvBuf[k];
  }
}
MPI_Waitall(NeibPETot, RequestSend, StatSend);
```

[A]{p}= {q} (Mod.): No Copy for RECV: 1d2.c, a little bit faster

```
StatSend = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Status) * 2 * NeibPETot);
RequestSend = malloc(sizeof(MPI_Request) * 2 * NeibPETot);

for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
    for(k=export_index[neib];k<export_index[neib+1];k++){
        kk= export_item[k];
        SendBuf[k]= P[kk];
    }
}

for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
    is  = export_index[neib];
    len_s= export_index[neib+1] - export_index[neib];
    MPI_Isend(&SendBuf[is], len_s, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib],
            0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &RequestSend[neib]);
}

for(neib=0;neib<NeibPETot;neib++){
    ir  = import_index[neib];
    len_r= import_index[neib+1] - import_index[neib];
    MPI_Irecv(&P[ir+N], len_r, MPI_DOUBLE, NeibPE[neib],
            0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &RequestSend[neib+NeibPETot]);
}

MPI_Waitall(2*NeibPETot, RequestSend, StatSend);
```